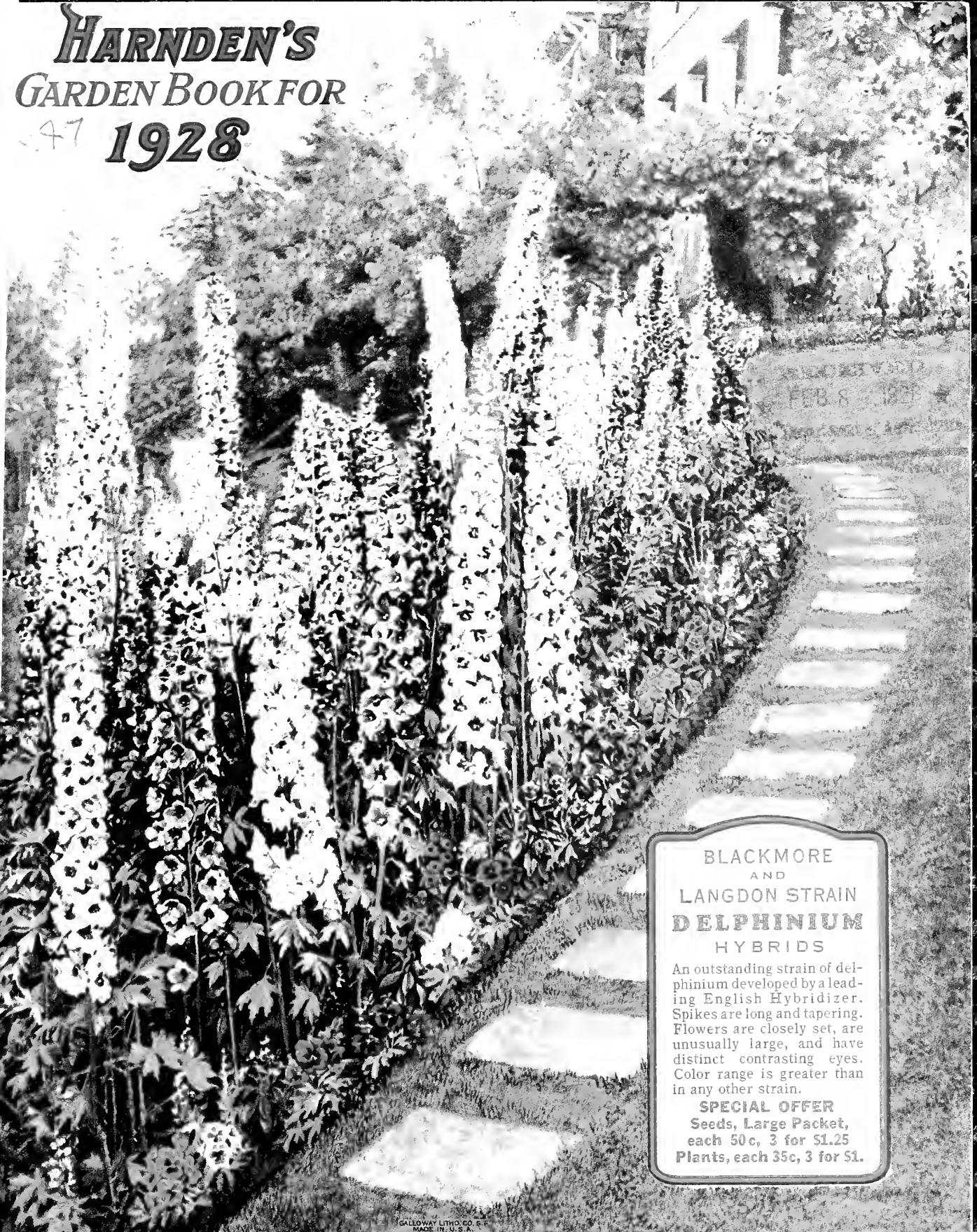


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HARNDEN'S GARDEN BOOK FOR 1928



BLACKMORE AND LANGDON STRAIN **D E L P H I N I U M** HYBRIDS

An outstanding strain of delphinium developed by a leading English Hybridizer. Spikes are long and tapering. Flowers are closely set, are unusually large, and have distinct contrasting eyes. Color range is greater than in any other strain.

SPECIAL OFFER
Seeds, Large Packet,
each 50c, 3 for \$1.25
Plants, each 35c, 3 for \$1.

GALLOWAY LITHO. CO. S.F.
MADE IN U.S.A.



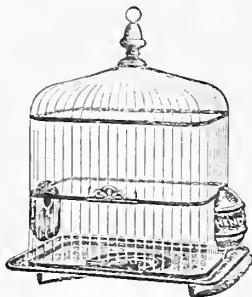
ESTABLISHED 1886

THE HARNDEN SEED Co.

505 WALNUT ST.,

KANSAS CITY, MO.

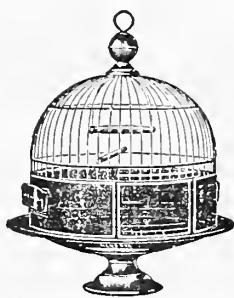
Bird Seeds and Supplies—Poultry Remedies



SQUARE	
No. 172—9 7/8 x 7-in.	Each \$1.95
No. 173—10 1/2 x 7 1/2-in.	2.20
No. 174—11 1/8 x 8 1/8-in.	2.80

ROUND	
No. 2245—10 1/4-in. diameter	Each \$3.50
No. 2247—11 3/4-in. diameter	4.00

By mail add 25c for packing and postage.



BRASS CAGES

No. 2526—A round brass cage that can be used on a stand or set on a table; a beautiful cage.

No. 2526—11-in. diameter	.....	\$3.50
No. 2545—10 1/4-in. diameter	.....	3.75
No. 2547—11 3/4-in. diameter	.....	4.50

By mail add 30c for postage.

BIRD SUPPLIES

CAGE BRACKETS AND SPRINGS

No. 227—Cage Bracket, brass, 12 inch, .35c each; postpaid, .37c.
Cage Springs. Single heavy, .25c each; postpaid, .27c.
Cage Springs. Double heavy, .25c each; postpaid, .27c.
Cage Cups. Each, .15c; postpaid, .20c.

SONG RESTORER AND CONDITION FOODS

Will improve your bird's voice, also a relief for loss of song, hoarseness, colds, asthma, shedding of feathers out of season, also a preventive against all diseases common to canaries and seed eating birds. Directions on each package.

	Per Pkg.	Per Ppd.
BIRDOLINE	.80	.25
BIRD MANNA	.15	.20
NU-TRI-CA	.25	.30
IDEAL SONG RESTORER	.25	.30
HALLER'S CANARY PIE	.15	.20

POULTRY REMEDIES

PRATT'S ROUP TABLETS—Small pkg., .25c; Large pkg., .50c.
PRATT'S POULTRY REGULATOR—1-lb. pkg., .25c.
CONKEYE'S ROUP CURE—Small pkg., .50c; large pkg., .60c.
CONKEYE'S CHICKEN POX REMEDY—Small pkg., .50c.
LEE'S GERMZONE—4-oz. bottle, .40c; 12-oz. bottle, .75c; 32-oz. bottle, \$1.50; 1 gal. bottle, \$4.50.
LEE'S POULTRY WORMER—12-oz. bottle, \$1.00.
SOUTHARD'S RED COMB REMEDY—12-oz. bottle, \$1.00.

BIRD HOUSES

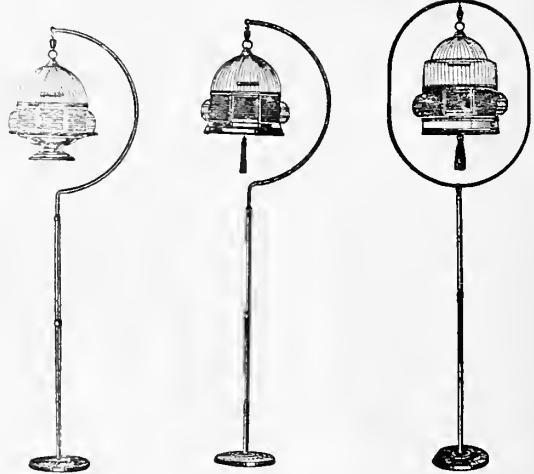
WREN HOUSE No. 1—Small size, 4 by 6, with overhanging roof; made to hang flat on building, post, or pole; painted green. Each, .60c; postpaid, .85c.

WREN HOUSE No. 2—House shaped, 6 by 8 by 10, for placing on pole or suspending from support; painted green; bark covered roof. Each, .75c; postpaid, \$1.00.

WREN HOUSE No. 3—Same as No. 2, larger and more strongly constructed, 8 by 10 by 12. Each, \$1.25; postpaid, \$1.50.

WREN HOUSE No. 4—Small oval, 4 by 6 by 4, splendidly made of timber carefully covered with Birch bark and wood trim. All our bark covered bird houses have chean-out traps at bottom. Each, \$1.25; postpaid, \$1.50.
Each, \$1.25; postpaid, \$1.50.

WREN HOUSE No. 5—Large oval, 4 by 6 by 9. Same as No. 4. Each, \$1.50; postpaid, \$1.75.



CAGE STANDS

	Each
No. 31—Polished brass, full circle, height 5 1/2 feet	\$6.75
No. 1—Black enamel, half circle, 5 1/2 feet	2.90
No. 10—Polished brass, half circle, 5 1/2 feet	3.75

HARNDEN'S FAMOUS BIRD SEEDS

(Sold in Bulk Only)

RECLEANED, FRESH and FREE FROM DUST AND WORMS, as is so often found in package seed. Ask for special prices in large quantities.

	Per Lb.	5 Lbs.
HARNDEN'S MIXED BIRD SEEDS	\$.015	\$0.65
CANARY SEED	.15	.65
HEMP SEED	.15	.65
ESSEX RAPE SEED	.15	.65
BIRD MILLET	.10	.40
POPPIY SEED	.35	1.60
FLAX SEED	.20	.85
SUNFLOWER SEED	.15	.65

If to go by mail add 5c per pound for postage and packing.

MISCELLANEOUS FOODS

SILVER BIRD GRAVEL—2-lb. pkg., .15c; postpaid, .25c.

CUTTLE BONE—Broken pieces. Per lb., .50c. Large pieces, 3 for 10c; per lb., .85c.

SPRATT'S COD LIVER OIL—Cage and nesting food. Per pkg., .20c; postpaid, .25c.

SPRATT'S MOULTING FOOD—Per pkg., .30c; postpaid, .35c.

SPRATT'S EGG FLAKE AND FRUIT CANARY MIXTURE—Per pkg., .30c; postpaid, .35c.

ORANGE COLOR FOOD—Per pkg., .25c; postpaid, .30c.

WREN HOUSE No. 6—Cylindrical shaped in Birch bark covered wood trimmed design. Can be suspended. Each, \$1.50; postpaid, \$1.75.

WREN HOUSE No. 7—Wren shanty style, 8 by 10 by 8. Birch bark covered, wood trimmed. Very attractive. Each, \$1.50; postpaid, \$1.75.

WREN HOUSE No. 8—Large size, 14 by 8 by 10, two apartment house for suspending or hanging. Very desirable in design and attractiveness. Each, \$2.50; postpaid, \$2.75.

BLUE BIRD HOUSE—Birch bark covered, 14 by 8 by 10, in very fine design. Same design as No. 8, can be suspended either one or two apartments. Each, \$2.50; postpaid, \$2.75.

MARTIN HOUSE—Two apartment house, in same design as Wren House No. 8. Each, \$2.50; postpaid, \$2.75.

ROBIN SHELTER No. 1—For one nest. Very attractively designed with overhanging shelter. Each, \$2.50; postpaid, \$2.75.

42nd Anniversary THE HARNDEN SEED CO. 42nd Anniversary

505 Walnut St., Kansas City, Mo.

Please forward the following ORDER for amount enclosed (write your name and address distinctly):

Name

Street..... P. O. Box.....

Post Office..... R. F. D. No.

County _____ State _____

Date..... 192 Forward goods by mail, express or freight.

Name of Express Office or
Station.

Amount Enclosed

P. O. Money Order.....

Check _____

Stamps _____

Total.....

If You Are a Florist, Market Gardener or Nurseryman Ask For FLORISTS WHOLESALE BOOK

(OVER)

E X T R A O R D E R S H E E T S A N D R E T U R N E N V E L O P E S F U R N I S H E D O N R E Q U E S T

Garden and Flower Seeds priced by the packet, ounce, one-fourth pound and one pound are postpaid. Onion Sets, Grass and Field Seeds and Sundry Articles are not postpaid unless so marked. In ordering one-pound lot, add ten cents per pound for postage and packing, and on larger quantities apply parcel post charges.

DOMESTIC PARCEL POST RATES On Seeds, Plants, Bulbs, Roots, Books, Tools, etc., within the U. S.	First Pound or Fraction	Each Addi- tional Pound or Fraction
First Zone, Kansas City and within 50 miles of Kansas City.....	7c	1c
Second Zone, within 50 to 150 miles	7c	1c
Third Zone, within 150 to 300 miles.....	8c	2c
Fourth Zone, within 300 to 600 miles.....	9c	4c
Fifth Zone, within 600 to 1000 miles.....	10c	6c
Sixth Zone, within 1000 to 1400 miles.....	11c	8c
Seventh Zone, 1400 to 1800 miles.....	13c	10c
Eighth Zone, all over 1800 miles.....	14c	12c

GENERAL SUGGESTIONS TO CUSTOMERS

Please do not ask questions on this Order Sheet, but kindly write them and all communications requiring an answer on a separate sheet of paper and inclose with your order. Be sure that your Full Name and Address are on both Letter and Order. If you have a neighbor who would like to have our Catalogue, write his name below.

ORDER EARLY—It will be a great convenience both to our customers and to ourselves if orders are sent us early. We aim to fill orders the same day received, but during the rush season find this not always possible—thus the advantage in ordering early.

NAME, ADDRESS, ETC.—When ordering, give name and full address. Many orders reach us every season in which the name or postoffice address is lacking. It is, of course, impossible to fill these orders until they are identified.

MARKET GARDENERS—We number among our customers many market gardeners and other users of large quantities of seeds. Those desiring to purchase greater amounts than those quoted in our catalogue will find it to their advantage to send us a complete itemized list of their requirements, and we will be pleased to name a special net price on the order.

HOW TO SEND MONEY—Money can be sent safely either by Post Office Money Order, Bank Draft, Express Order or by Registered Letter. If your orders amounts to \$1.00 or

more it is best to send by above method. We will also take postage stamps up to and including \$1.00; however, if it is more convenient and you have a banking account, WE WILL ACCEPT YOUR PERSONAL CHECK. We realize in some instances this will save considerable time and will be much more convenient to many of our customers.

DISCLAIMER—So many different conditions may arise regarding the germination or growth of seeds, hulls or plants, such as planting too shallow or too deep, destruction by insects, frosts, chemical changes, etc., that we are forced to sell our seeds under the non-guarantee rule by all seedsmen, viz.: The Harnden Seed Company, while it exercises great care in the selection of its seeds, gives no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, purity, productivity of any seeds, hulls or shrubs it sends out and will not in any way guarantee them or be responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned.

THE HABNDEN SEED CO.

FREE SEEDS

For every \$1.00 you send us for packet seed you may select 20¢ additional in packet seed.

In taking advantage of this offer, please mark FREE SEEDS on the items you choose, and do not include them in the price extension on your order blank.

This offer does not include ounces, quarter pounds, half pounds or pounds in seed, plants, roots, bulbs, shrubs, insecticide, or special collections. Premiums on these items will be given only at the discretion of the Company.



HARNDEN'S SPECIALTIES FOR 1928

GAILLARDIA GRANDIFLORA PORTOLA HYBRIDS

This superb new strain of Gaillardias bears flowers of very large size, the color ranging through shades of bronzy red with the characteristic golden tipped petalage and robust vigor of the well known Portola variety. A splendid cut flower. Pkt., 25¢; 5 pkts., \$1.00.

VERBENA HYBRIDA GRANDIFLORA ETNA

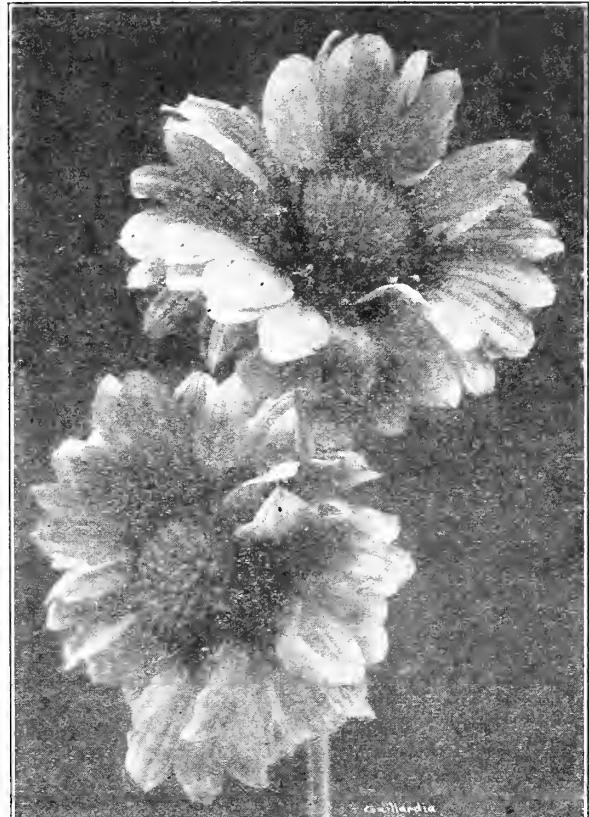
Large trusses of intense Paul Crampbell geranium red with a small creamy yellow eye.

The individual florets are over one inch in diameter. Pkt., 25¢; 5 pkts., \$1.00.

VIOLA CORNUTA, "BLUE GEM"

(JERSEY GEM)

This excellent new sort was raised by T. A. Weston of Hillsdale, New Jersey, U. S. A. and put into commerce under the name of Jersey Gem. In Great Britain, however, the name of Blue Gem has become attached to it, and we think it has the advantage of being more descriptive of the flower. Blue Gem forms a large compact plant, producing a continuous profusion of bloom for a very long period, considerably longer than other cornuta varieties. The flowers are a very pleasing shade of deep violet blue, with an occasional very slight variation in tint, and may be relied on to come about 70% true from seed. A great feature of this fine new variety is its wonderful power of resisting drought, the plants continuing to throw up flowers long after other varieties are withered up. We are confident that Blue Gem will be found of the greatest value for all purposes to which the *Viola cornuta* can be put. Pkt., 25¢; 5 pkts., \$1.00.



Portola Hybrid Gaillardia

HARNDEN'S SPECIALTIES FOR 1928—Continued

Scabiosa—Shasta

DAHLIA

PETER PAN—This splendid new class of anemone flowered Dahlias was originated by one of the leading American growers. The plants are of neat compact habit, averaging about 36 inches high and bear a full

and continued succession of bloom from July until the frosts, from seed planted in March. The well expanded flowers have either flat or slightly fluted petals and vary in size, being mostly about 3 inches in diameter. The colors are most varied, embracing light and dark scarlet, crimson, dark blood red, yellow, aurora, white, purple, mauve and brick red. Bizarre combinations, such as scarlet tipped white, yellow striped white, yellow flushed red and so forth, also occur. This extremely attractive new strain of Dahlias will prove of immense service for garden decoration. Pkt., 25c; 5 pkts., \$1.00.

NEW GIANT SCABIOSAS

SHASTA—A pure white of enormous size, the flowers measuring three and a half inches across with extremely long stems. Pkt., 20c; 3 pkts., 50c.

PEACH BLOSSOM—"Highly Commended" by the Royal Horticultural Society of Great Britain. A beautiful shade of Peach Blossom Pink, large size and long stems. An excellent cut flower. Pkt., 20c; 3 pkts., 50c.

ZINNIAS**BODGER'S GOLD MEDAL GIANT MAMMOTH TYPE
or California Giants**

The Giant Mammoth Zinnia has smaller centers and more loosely placed petals than the old Giant type, thus presenting a pleasing appearance. The size of the flower has been notably increased over the Giant Plenissima. The petals are decidedly imbricated and the flower from bud to bloom assumes a succession of graceful forms.

This is the type of Zinnia which we introduced last year. It has proven remarkably satisfactory and we are again recommending it this year. Lemon Queen, Orange King, Orange Queen, Purity, Rose Queen, Scarlet Gem, Finest Mixed.

Any of the above: Pkt., 25c; Collection of 6 pkts., one of each color, \$1.00.

"TOPEPO"***The World's Newest Vegetable***

In the Topepo we offer a new vegetable of exquisite flavor combining the delicious qualities of the pepper and the tomato, it is not an improvement on some other strain. It is a new and distinct creation.

It is the production of J. F. O'Keefe of Cupertino, California, and is the result of hybridizing the Stone Tomato and the Chinese Giant or Bell Pepper.

The new vegetable appeals to the eye in its gorgeous colorings of vivid red, deeper than the tomato, or golden yellow, striped with dark green, it makes a very handsome table decoration; at first glance it is taken for an artificial waxen tomato.

In flavor the Topepo resembles the Bell Pepper but it is sweeter, not so peppery and has some of the zest of the tomato flavor.

In size it is from four to five inches in diameter. In shape it retains the regular bulges of the Bell Pepper.

The plants grow in a spreading bushy form taking on the characteristics of the tomato, as shown by the pic-

ture on the reverse side. The foliage is a deep rich green, is smooth and shiny, like the pepper, though the leaves are larger and longer.

The Topepo is superior to the Pepper for stuffing and baking, because of its beautiful color and of its firm thick walls which do not break down when baked. It is also used for slicing in salads, for flavoring soups and gravies, or dressings, and for stuffing with shrimp, crab and lobster; it can be combined with any vegetable in making original dishes.

A very important feature of the Topepo is its keeping quality; while both parents are notoriously fragile, the Topepo has kept in ordinary room temperature for thirty days without spoiling.

You will find the Topepo not only an interesting novelty, but a fine addition to your menu if you have a home garden, and an attractive and profitable vegetable if you grow vegetables for the market. Per pkt., 25c.



HARNDEN'S K. C. BRAND LAWN GRASS SEED

All Prices for Grass Seeds are F. O. B. Kansas City, Mo. If to go by Mail, Add Postage for Transportation Charges.

Every lawn reflects the character of the Home Owner. Lawns are the show windows of the neighborhood. Yet one of the most tragic things of life is the struggle so many make to get a nice lawn—usually the struggle of an ill advised purchase of seed or poor soil conditions.

Our blends are composed of several grasses, each of which has a purpose. Pure seed such as we sell goes twice as far as the impure mixtures generally obtained at bargain prices.

In preparing our different Brands of Lawn Grasses and mixtures, we have paid particular attention to securing blends that will give the utmost satisfaction in the Missouri Valley. Over a period of years we have watched results occurring from different combinations and on different soils and the following offers are the results of our experiments and experiences:

SPECIAL MIXTURES—We are at all times prepared to make up special mixtures of grasses for golf courses, ball grounds, polo grounds, parks, etc. We will be glad to figure with committees and give what information regarding the sowing of any plot of ground under prevailing conditions.

QUANTITIES TO USE—1 lb. for 400 square feet; 10 lbs. for 4,000 square feet; 25 lbs. for one-fourth acre; 50 lbs. for one-half acre; 100 lbs. for one acre. If intended to sow an old lawn, about one-half of the quantities are sufficient for the spaces given.

HARNDEN'S EVERGREEN LAWN SEED—The Standard Lawn Mixture

A special blend of fine leafed grasses prepared especially for sowing on bare ground or for filling in bare spots on an old lawn. The body of this mixture is composed of K. C. Brand Kentucky Bluegrass blended with Red-Top and with a number of quicker growing grasses which will act as a nurse crop for the bluegrass. These quicker grasses are those that will be crowded out by the bluegrass or will die out the second year after the sod is well established. This is the finest combination that can be obtained for a permanent lawn. Price: per lb., 40c; 10 lbs., \$3.50; 25 lbs., \$7.50; 50 lbs., \$13.75; 100 lbs., \$26.00.

"Shadynook" Lawn Grass

Our combination of fine low-growing evergreen grasses which grow in their wild or native state in heavily wooded locations or other shaded or sheltered locations. This mixture will give splendid satisfaction on nearly any lawn that has bald spots under trees which ordinarily give the greatest amount of trouble to get permanently into grass. (For the further information of our customers, we advise them that the soil under trees long standing is apt to be acid or sour. This can be easily corrected by making an application of lime at the rate of 50 lbs. to 1,000 square feet.) Price: per lb., 40c; 10 lbs., \$3.50; 25 lbs., \$7.50; 50 lbs., \$13.75; 100 lbs., \$26.00.

of the mixtures on the market at this price contain nearly twice as much timothy. This mixture is to be especially recommended for hard use, that is, on lawns around apartment buildings and on parkways where reseeding is necessary every year. Price: 1 lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$2.00; 25 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Kentucky Blue Grass

Blue grass lawns are a man-made product and must be sowed at least once and preferably twice a year to keep in good condition. We supply to our customers only the heaviest seed of Kentucky Blue Grass in extra fine quality and of highest germination. This is the seed most often used in early months of spring to replenish established lawns or to fill in spots frozen out during fall and winter months. Price: Per lb., 40c; 10 lbs., \$3.50; 25 lbs., \$7.50.

Imported Creeping Bent Grass Seed

The last few years have shown a decided swing to this very deserving grass. It is very dwarf growing, a rapid filling grass of slightly lighter color than Blue Grass. Can be started by stolons (root cuttings) or from seed, the latter being considerably less costly and in addition does not require the entire lawn being torn up. To transform a blue grass lawn to a bent lawn, one can sow Creeping Bent into the old lawn and add, as soon as well started, some acid, reacting fertilizer. Sow the same proportion as for blue grass. Bent requires for its greatest growth, plenty of water and an acid soil, thus enabling one to put his lawn into such a condition that no other grass will grow. In starting a new lawn sow equal proportion of Red Top and Creeping Bent. Price: Per lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$6.00; 10 lbs., \$11.00.

Harnden's "Terrace Sod" Lawn Grass

One great difficulty in getting a terrace seeded is the fact the ordinary shallow rooted grasses are used. These are quickly killed on account of the added exposure and lack of moisture. "Terrace Sod" mixture is composed of those grasses which are deep-rooted and which will stand the greatest amount of drought and exposure. These grasses by their long-rooted characteristics aid in binding the soil together and prevent washing. Price: Per lb., 40c; 10 lbs., \$3.50; 25 lbs., \$7.50; 50 lbs., \$13.75; 100 lbs., \$26.00.

Harnden's "Economy" Lawn Grass

As there is always a demand for an inexpensive, temporary lawn grass, we offer this mixture. It contains some Kentucky bluegrass, but is cheapened by the addition of timothy. Most

LAWN GRASS SEED—Continued

CREEPING BENT STOLONS

We are able to supply this splendid golf grass for private use. It produces a fine lawn in one season, but must have extra care, several top dressings a year and frequent mowing. But for those willing and able to provide the needed care, it will repay as no other grass known. For \$30.00 we will send you enough runners and roots of the grass to plant 1,000 square feet. Smaller quantities cannot be supplied. If larger quantities are desired, ask for a special quotation. A letter giving further information about Creeping Bent Stolons will be sent upon request. It is best to plant Stolons in May and June for spring

planting, and from the middle of August to the middle of September for fall planting.

White Clover

Many persons do not care to have white clover in their lawns, but for those who do not object it is splendid in that it makes a quick growth, establishes itself readily, and is hard to kill out. Makes a good growth in poor soil and when established takes care of itself without attention. Price: Per lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.75; 10 lbs., \$5.00.

FANCY GRASS SEEDS

ASK FOR PRICES IN
LARGE QUANTITIES

IMPORTED DOMESTIC GRASSES FOR ALL PURPOSES

CHEWINGS FESCUE (New Zealand Grown)—There is very little difference between this and the European-grown Red Fescue. Chewings is in even greater demand for Putting Greens than the Red Fescue. Best seeded alone when used for greens. It is a perennial with creeping roots and makes a fine turf. Does well in sandy soils, and in the shade. Sow either Spring or Fall, preferably the last week in August or the first week in September, at the rate of 5 lbs., to 1,000 square feet. 1 lb., 55c; (by mail 60c); 10 lbs., \$1.50.

SHEEP'S FESCUE (*Festuca ovina*)—A good grass for upland pastures and for sandy and poor soils. It is very hardy and resists extremes of weather. It grows in tufts, but its fine foliage makes it a desirable grass for many purposes. Much used for the "rough" on golf courses. Sow in Fall or Spring, 50 to 50 lbs. per acre. 1 lb., 50c; (by mail, 55c); 10 lbs., \$1.00.

ENGLISH BLUE GRASS OR MEADOW FESCUE (*Festuca Elatior Pratensis*)—A native of Europe, it has become very thoroughly naturalized here. Should be sown with other grasses. Particularly a pasture or meadow grass. Ours is choice American grown. Sow in the Fall or Spring, 50 to 50 lbs. per acre. 1 lb., 30c; (by mail, 35c); 10 lbs., \$2.50.

ENGLISH OR PERENNIAL RYE GRASS (*Lolium perenne*)—Does very well in this country. Good for both pastures and meadows. Moist and rich clays or loams are the soils best suited to it; the seed is heavy and very quick to start. Also a good lawn grass where quick results are wanted. Sow in Spring or Fall, 50 to 40 lbs. per acre for pasture. 1 lb., 30c; (by mail, 40c); 10 lbs., \$2.50.

ITALIAN RYE GRASS (*Lolium italicum*)—Likes a rich, moist, loamy soil where it does remarkably well and produces good hay and pasturage. Desirable for this purpose in temporary pastures. It is almost an annual, generally lasting a second year, however. Develops very rapidly. Valuable in lawn grass mixtures demanding immediate effect. Used in the South for winter lawn grass. Sow in October in the South, Spring or Fall in the North, 50 to 40 lbs. per acre for pasture: 4 to 7 lbs., per 1,000 square feet on lawns. 1 lb., 30c; (by mail, 35c); 10 lbs., \$2.00.

RED TOP GRASS (*Agrostis alba*)—This grass is well adapted to moist and acid soils, but will grow and succeed on any and all kinds of soils. It is one of the most valuable grasses for pastures and meadows, but not quite as nutritious as Timothy for hay. Sow in Fall or Spring with or without a nurse crop. It is invaluable in a lawn grass mixture as it



Red Top Grass

comes quickly and protects the slower-growing grasses until they can establish themselves. Extra Fancy re-cleaned solid seed, 1 lb., 40c; 10 lbs., \$3.00.

WOOD MEADOW GRASS (*Poa nemoralis*)—Used as a shade grass in the Northern half of the United States. It is a very good shade grass that grows well in rather dry soils and should not be used in moist places. A perennial closely related to Kentucky Blue Grass. Sow in the Fall or Spring, 1 lb., to every 500 square feet. 1 lb., 80c; (by mail, 85c); 10 lbs., \$7.00.

BERMUDA GRASS (*Cynodon dactylon*)—The grass for Southern lawns and pastures; hard to kill; resists drought. Should be planted for permanency only in the South; winter kills in the North. Sow in Spring, 100 lbs. per acre; for lawns (50 lbs. to bushel). 1 lb., 60c; (by mail, 65c); 10 lbs., \$5.50.

LAWN FERTILIZERS

PLANT FEEDING—To so many people the plant seems an inanimate object—yet it lives, breathes, grows and reproduces. Upon plant life are all other forms of life dependent.

Most soils are lacking in the necessary elements of plantfood, either because Mother Nature failed to deposit a good supply originally, or because the plantfood once in the soil has already been exhausted by the plants grown from year to year. It is essential, therefore, in order to grow velvety lawns, beautiful flowers, luxuriant shrubs and delicious vegetables, that they be supplied with the proper plantfood.

VIGORO—Packed 25, 50, and 100 pound paper lined bags, it is free from dust, has no unpleasant odor, and is easy and pleasant to apply.

Vigoro is a superior combination of plantfoods that meets nature's most exacting requirements. It is completely balanced in every sense of the word. When Vigoro is used, no supplementary substances such as bone meal, potash, liquid manure, etc., are required.

FOR LAWNS

The first application of VIGORO should be made early in the Spring when the grass first starts to turn green. It should be applied at the rate of 4 pounds per 100 square feet of lawn. It should be spread evenly and the lawn should then be wet down, taking care, however not to flood the plantfood away. Price: 5-lb. pkg., 50c; 75-lb. bag, \$1.75; 50-lb. bag, \$3.00; 100-lb. bag, \$5.00.

HYDRATED LIME—Hydrated lime used for top dressing on lawns and mixing soil for potting plants. 50 lbs. to cover 1,000 square feet. 10 lbs., 40c; 50 lb. bags, \$1.50; 100 lbs., \$2.50; 500 lbs., \$11.00.

GYPSUM—A high grade lime product for sweetening heavy and sour soils. For lawns apply 50 lbs. to 1,000 square feet. 5 lbs., 50c; 10 lbs., 50c; 100 lbs., \$2.25; 500 lbs., \$9.00.

WIZARD SHEEP MANURE—Is a concentrated natural plant food and soil-builder. Convenient, easy to use, and is carefully prepared by an extensive process of direct heat, drying, sterilizing and grinding. A safe and dependable fertilizer for finest landscape and garden use, and for all crops. 5 lb. box, 35c; 10 lb. box, 50c; 25 lb. bag, \$1.00; 50 lb. bag, \$1.45; 100 lb. bag, \$2.50; 500 lbs., \$10.00; 2,000 lbs., \$55.00. Prices in carload lots quoted on request.



FINE BONE MEAL—It is ground fine, hence acts quickly. Free from acid, and a superb article. It is made from bone accumulated in large slaughter houses, and should not be compared with the Bone Meal made from cattle heads and feet gathered upon the Western prairies. Our Bone has been slightly steamed to soften it and is thus quicker in its action. Analysis: Ammonia 4½ to 5½ per cent; total phosphoric acid, 22 to 25 per cent; bone phosphate, 48 to 54 per cent. Price: 5 lbs., 45c; 10 lbs., 80c; 25 lbs., \$1.50; 50 lbs., \$2.25; 100 lbs., \$3.75; 500 lbs., \$15.00; 1,000 lbs., \$26.50; 2,000 lbs., \$52.00.

SULPHATE OF AMMONIA—Used for its Nitrogen. A very desirable fertilizer for all plants in which a large leaf development or rapid growth is desired. Use 1 pound to 50 square feet of ground or bench, or a tablespoonful to a bushel of soil, or 3 gallons of water. Price: Per lb., 10c; 5 lbs., 40c; 25 lbs., \$2.00; 50 lbs., \$3.50; 100 lbs., \$6.00; 500 lbs., \$27.50.



HARNDEN'S TESTED GARDEN SEEDS

FROM THE BEST GROWERS IN THE WORLD

42nd
Year

Market Gardeners and Florists

Ask for Wholesale Book for Florists



PLANT AN ASPARAGUS BED

With Proper Care, Will Last for Years

ASPARAGUS from the home garden is one of the most delicious and earliest of crops. It may be grown in any deep, rich soil, either from seed or roots.

SEED PLANTING—Asparagus may be raised from seed and a crop obtained in three years. In early Spring sow the seed, after soaking it twenty-four hours in warm water, in drills about one foot apart and one inch deep. The following Spring, select the best of the roots and place in the permanent bed.

ROOT PLANTING—A year may be saved by buying the plants (one year old are greatly preferred) and setting them at least two feet apart in the row, and the rows not closer than four feet; see that the roots are well and evenly spread out in planting and that they are not exposed to the air longer than is absolutely necessary, as they deteriorate rapidly.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL—A well-known standard variety, very large, strong shoots of excellent quality. Seed, price prepaid; per pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

PALMETTO—A very early maturing and prolific variety, producing an abundance of very large, deep green shoots of the best quality. Seed, price prepaid; per pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

WASHINGTON RUST-PROOF ASPARAGUS—This strain of Asparagus was developed under the direction of the United States Department of Agriculture with the aim of a "rust-resisting" strain in view. By a number of years' selection, a rapid-growing, heavy-yielding, rust-resisting strain of large, tender Asparagus has been produced. Especially valuable for commercial growers. Prepaid, Pkt., 15c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 90c; 1 lb., \$3.00.

Asparagus Roots

	2-Years Old	
	Doz.	100
WASHINGTON RUST-PROOF	\$0.50	\$3.00
CONOVER'S COLOSSAL	.25	2.50
PALMETTO	.25	2.50
If by mail add postage as follows	Doz. 8c; 100, 50c	

LIMA BEANS

DWARF OR BUSH LIMA BEANS

This comparatively new class of Limas cannot be recommended too highly. Dwarf Limas are fully equal in quality to Pole Limas and are much earlier maturing. Do not plant until the weather is warm and danger of frost is over. If possible, select rich, light soil. Plant in drills from two to three feet apart, dropping the beans three to four inches apart and covering one and one-half to two inches deep.

BUSH LIMA—(Henderson's)—Extremely early; vines are without runners, but continue to grow and set pods until frost. Pods are short and contain two or four beans, which are of fine quality, either shelled or dry. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

BUSH LIMA (Burpee's)—The bushes grow from 18 to 20 inches high, of stout growth and always erect. It is an immense yielder, each bush bearing from 50 to 200 large, handsome pods, well filled with very large beans, which are identical in size and luscious flavor to the well-known large Pole Limas. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

FORDHOOK BUSH LIMA BEAN—A stiff, strong grower and very heavy cropper. The pods are produced in clusters. Four to six days earlier than others. Bean is tender, sweet and juicy, either green or dry. The beans are so closely packed in the pods that the end of each bean becomes flattened. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.



Washington Rust-Proof Asparagus

POLE LIMA BEANS

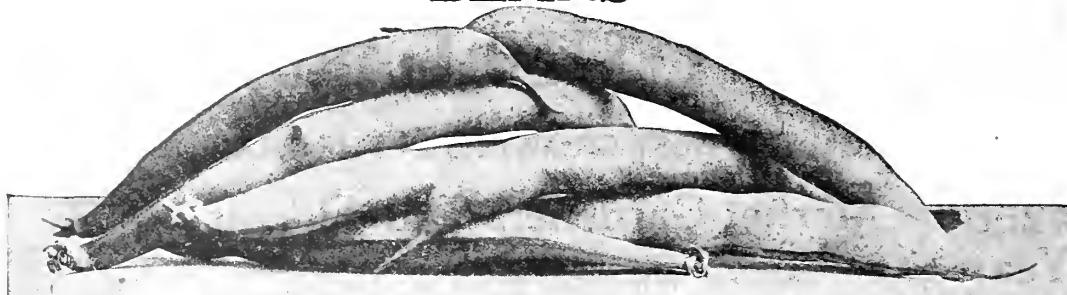
The Limas being more tender and liable to rot in the ground if it is cold and wet, must be planted later—say about the last of May or first week in June. Plant about two inches deep. The seed of the Limas is very large, flat and white in color. Picking the pods as fast as the beans are large enough to use will lengthen the time of bearing.

SMALL, CAROLINA, OR SIEVA LIMA—This is a small type of the Pole Limas. It matures quickly, produces immense crops, and makes an excellent bean for winter use. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

KING OF THE GARDEN LIMA—Vines very vigorous and productive. Pods medium dark green, very large, five to six inches long, broad, flat, filled with four or five immense white beans of finest quality. On account of its large pods, it is a favorite with market gardeners. It will come into bearing earlier and make larger pods if not more than two vines are left to grow on a pole. Seed very large, ovoid, flat, white, with slight greenish tint. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

HARNDEN'S TESTED SEEDS.
The Best for Market Gardeners.

BEANS



Burpee's Stringless Green Pod

DWARF OR BUSH GREEN PODDED SORTS

BLACK VALENTINE—An extremely early, vigorous growing green podded variety; earlier than Red Valentine; very long and slender round pods of exceptional quality. As a variety for very early planting it stands cold and damp soil better than any other sort, absolutely rust-proof; seed black. **Prepaid, pkg., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; 1 lb., 35c.**

BOUNTIFUL STRINGLESS—Flat Pod—A "Long Yellow Six Weeks" improved by earlier growth, hardiness and more prolific yield. The plant is very handsome and of sturdy growth, being practically immune to rust and mildew. It is very hardy, early and prolific and continues in bearing for several weeks. The pods are of immense size, rich green, thick, broad, extra long, solid, meaty, rich, tender and entirely free from string. **Prepaid, pkg., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; 1 lb., 35c.**

FORDHOOK FAVORITE—The bushes grow 18 to 20 inches high, are very vigorous and remarkable for their prolific character. The leaves are bright, dark green, quite heavy, but not overabundant; the strength of the plant is concentrated up on the production of an enormous crop of handsome pods. These measure from 5 1/2 to 6 1/2 inches long. They



Giant Stringless Green Pod

are brittle, juicy, free from tough fiber, and entirely stringless at all stages of growth. The seed being white, can be used for dried beans in the winter. **Prepaid, pkg., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; 1 lb., 35c.**

EXTRA EARLY ROUND POD RED VALENTINE—For snaps there is nothing superior to this variety among the older green podded sorts. These plants are of dwarf, compact bush growth, 15 to 18 inches high; very prolific, hardy and early in maturing. Pods medium length, curved, cylindrical, with crease in back; fleshy, crisp and tender. **Prepaid, pkg., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; 1 lb., 35c.**

GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN POD—An exceedingly productive and very handsome sort. The vines are vigorous and spreading. The pods are large and round, medium green, mature a few days later than those of Stringless Green Pod, average about 1/4 inch longer and more nearly straight. The quality is very good for snaps for home use; suitable also for the market. The seed is long, slender, yellow. **Prepaid, pkg., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; 1 lb., 35c.**

LONGFELLOW—Vigorous in growth, 16 inches tall, bearing abundance of pods, 5 to 6 inches long, round, slightly curved, stringless when young; of good quality. Seed small, long, color mostly a dark red, obscured by blotches and markings of a lighter shade. **Prepaid, pkg., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; 1 lb., 35c.**

STRINGLESS GREEN POD (Burpee's)—Earliest Green Podded Bush Bean. For either the market or home garden, no other green podded bean can be more highly recommended. It is very early. The pods are a rich green, very round and straight, 5 inches long. The pods are tender, bright and of the finest flavor, entirely stringless. **Prepaid, pkg., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; 1 lb., 35c.**

FULL MEASURE—A green podded variety which has proven very satisfactory in some sections both for the market and home garden. The pods somewhat resemble those of Stringless Green Pod, but a trifle longer and more slender. Pods round, about five inches long, firm but tender, entirely stringless, and of excellent quality. Seed medium size, brown mottled with light yellowish drab. **Prepaid, pkg., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; 1 lb., 35c.**

DWARF OR BUSH WAX PODDED SORTS

CULTURE—The best soil adapted is a light, rich, well-drained loam, which has been manured for a previous crop; do not plant before the ground becomes dry and warm; drop the seed in drills from 2 to 3 feet apart, leaving 2 to 4 plants to the foot of row; cultivate them frequently up to the time of blossoming, but never disturb them when the ground or plants are wet with rain or dew; beans should be cultivated very shallow, as any cutting of roots after the plants come into bloom is liable to cause the blossoms to blast.

RUST-PROOF DWARF BLACK WAX—Continued experience has satisfied us of the great merit of this variety as the earliest wax podded bean. In all our many comparisons of this bean with other extra early sorts, we have found it the first to give a full picking of pods which were unexcelled by any in quality. Vines erect, compact, bearing the pods well up from the ground. The pods are an attractive medium yellow in color, medium sized, about 4 1/2 inches long, considerably curved, round, very fleshy, crisp, tender and stringless. Seed jet black, longer and more curved than prolific wax. The best extra early wax bean for the home or market garden. **Prepaid, pkg., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; 1 lb., 35c.**

DAVIS KIDNEY BEAN WAX—Good bearer; pods are long, rustless and hardy; very tender when young. **Postpaid, pkg., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; 1 lb., 35c.**

RUSTLESS GOLDEN WAX—Vines erect, compact, bearing the pods well up from the ground. Pods of medium length, 4 1/4 to 5 inches, nearly straight, broad, flat, golden yellow, very fleshy and wax-like; cooking quickly as snaps, shelling well when green, and of the highest quality used in either way. Seed medium sized, oval, white, more or less covered with two shades of purplish red. The amount and shade of color on this and all parti-colored beans will be affected greatly by conditions of soil and ripening. **Prepaid, pkg., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; 1 lb., 35c.**

UNRIVALLED WAX—Pods long, flat, tender and of excellent quality, early. **Postpaid, pkg., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; 1 lb., 35c.**

BEANS

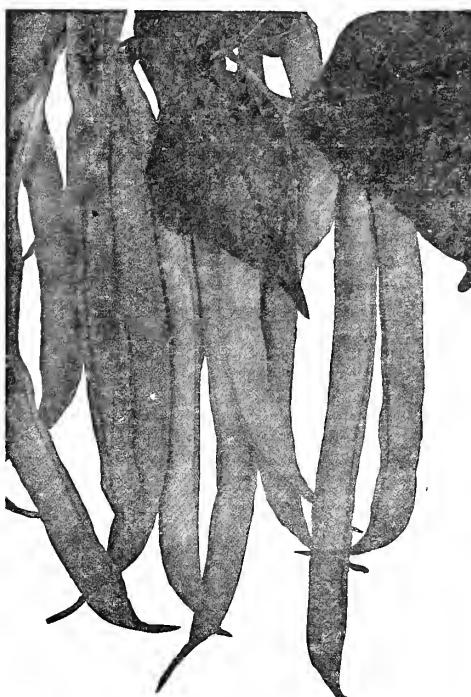
POLE OR RUNNING

Pole beans are even more sensitive to cold and wet, as well as to droughts and hot winds, than the dwarf varieties, but are of superior quality and productiveness. After settled warm weather, set poles 4 to 8 feet long in rows 4 feet apart and extending north and south, the poles being 3 feet part in the row. Let the poles slant slightly toward the north. Set in this way the vines climb better, and the pods are straighter and more easily seen. Around each stake plant 5 to 8 beans $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches deep. When well started, thin to 4 plants, and see that they all climb around the pole in the same way, for they will not grow if tied up in the opposite direction. Another plan is to plant in rows thickly enough so that there will be one plant to 8 or 10 inches. Set posts 5 feet high firmly at each end of the rows and drive stakes made of 2x2 lumber at intervals of about 16 feet along the rows. Stretch a wire, size number 10 or 12, between the posts along each row, and fasten it to the tops of the stakes with wire staples. Run a lighter wire or twine along the bottom about 6 inches from the ground and fasten to the posts and stakes with wire staples. Between these two stretch a wire or twine wherever there is a plant. The vines will run up these until they reach the top wire, when they will care for themselves. Another way is to omit the bottom wire and stick small stakes 2 to 6 inches in the soil and fasten to top wire.

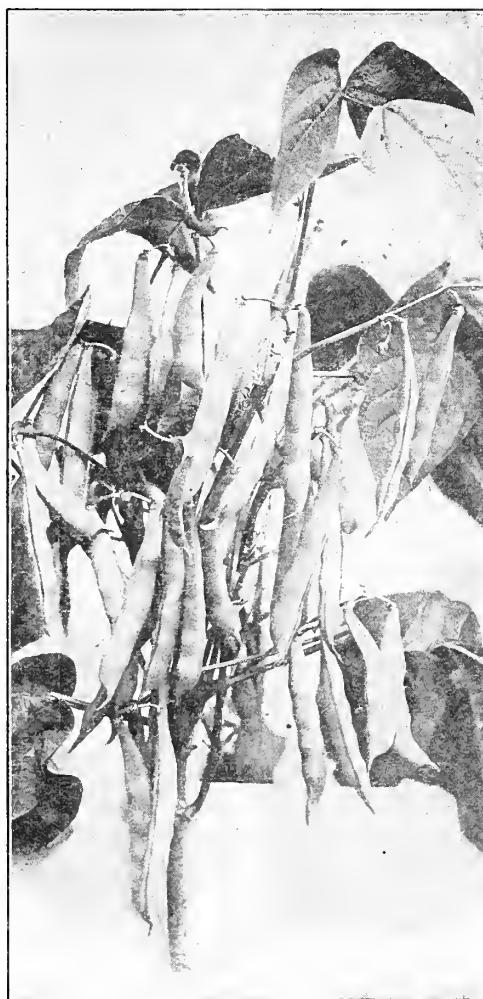
CELESTIAL OR YARD LONG—A good table bean as well as a curiosity. It is very prolific and a rank grower. Should have ample arbor to climb upon. It should be grown more extensively in the home garden. It is of Chinese origin and one of the best vegetables emanating from that source. It is also absolutely rust-proof. Prepaid, pkg., 10c.

KENTUCKY WONDER—Also known as Old Homestead. We believe this variety is the most practically useful of the green podded, pole beans suitable for use as snaps. It is an early, very prolific sort with showy pods which are of most excellent quality. The vines are vigorous, climbing well and very productive, bearing pods in large clusters. The pods are medium light green, very long, often reaching 9 or 10 inches, nearly round and very crisp when young, becoming very irregular as the beans ripen. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 35c.

KENTUCKY WONDER WAX—This remarkable vigorous growing, wax podded pole bean is very similar to the green podded Kentucky Wonder, but the very long pods are a little broader, very fleshy and quite stringless as snaps. The mature pods are often 8 to 9 inches in length. Seed medium size, flattened, very irregular, dark brown. The seed even from the most matured crops is usually somewhat shriveled in appearance. Its earliness and hardiness commend it as a pole bean well adapted even for Northern latitude. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.



Kentucky Wonder Green



Kentucky Wonder Wax

LAZY WIFE—The pods are produced in great abundance and measure from 6 to 8 inches in length; they are broad, thick, very fleshy and entirely stringless. The pods retain their rich, tender and stringless qualities until nearly ripe, and are unsurpassed in all stages. Each pod contains from 6 to 8 round, white beans, which makes excellent winter shell beans. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

SPECKLED CUT SHORT, or CORN HILL—An old variety, very popular in the Central and Southern states for planting among corn. It will give a good crop without the use of poles. Vines medium sized, but vigorous, twining loosely with dark colored leaves. Pods short, 3 to 4 inches in length, flat to oval, fleshy and of good quality. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

SCARLET RUNNER—Ornamental and useful. The vine is graceful; flowers are of a brilliant scarlet, and the beans are of an excellent quality. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

WHITE CREASEBACK—A fine early, green podded pole bean of rapid growth and very productive. The pods grow in clusters and are from 5 to 6 inches in length, perfectly round and deeply creased. They are very fleshy, stringless and of the best quality. The beans are white and are excellent shelled for winter use. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

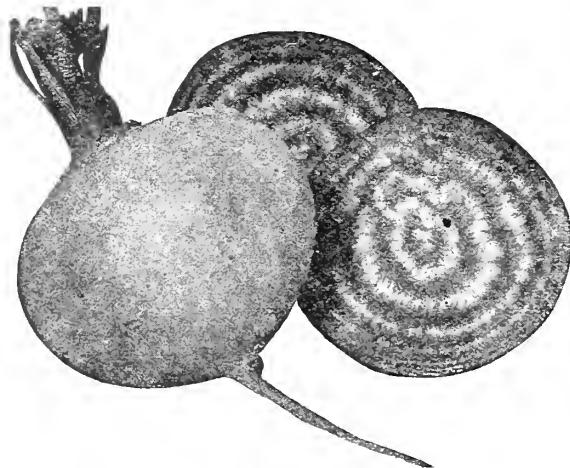
WHITE DUTCH CASE KNIFE—A climbing variety with long, flat, irregular pods, which become creamy white as they mature; seed broad, flat, and clear white. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 45c.

BEETS FOR TABLE AND FARMS

CULTURE—The best results are obtainable on a deep, rich sandy loam. If wanted early, sow such sorts as Crosby's Egyptian, or Harnden's Early Market in hotbeds and transplant cutting off the outer leaves. For general crop sow in freshly prepared soil as soon as the ground will permit, in rows 18 inches apart covering about an inch deep and pressing the soil firmly over the seed. When the plants are well established thin out to 6 inches apart in the row. For winter use, the turnip varieties may be sown in June so as to mature late in the season. The roots are stored in a cellar and covered with sand or sandy soil to prevent wilting, or they may be kept outdoors in pits such as are used for apples and potatoes.

CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN—The name of this variety is misleading, as it resembles the Egyptian only in its extreme earliness. Tops small. The roots are flattened globe-shaped and very smooth. Exterior color of root bright red. One of the best for early planting outdoors. Much used for bunching. It becomes fit for use earlier than any other variety. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 90c.

EARLY WONDER—This is the earliest and most perfectly shaped Beet for bunching purposes. Its beautiful deep blood-red, nearly globular shaped root, small-sized top and small clean tap-root make it a strong asset in the Beet family. The attractive appearance, uniformity of size, shape and color, and excellent keeping qualities have created a very heavy demand for this variety. A field of Early Wonder will mature so evenly that the entire crop may be harvested at one time. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 90c.



Early Wonder

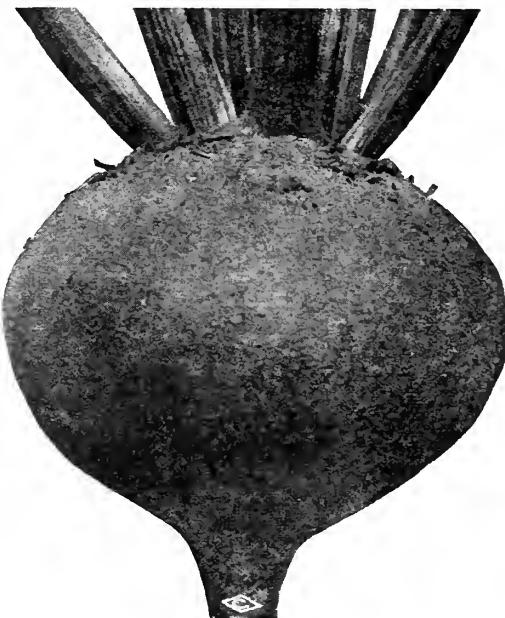
EARLY ECLIPSE—Another very fine early variety with globe-shaped roots; flesh dark blood, zoned with a lighter red. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 90c.

EARLY BLOOD TURNIP, Improved—A handsome, clean turp shaped blood beet. Skin and flesh are of a deep blood red, sweet and tender in quality, and unsurpassed for solidity and keeping purposes. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 90c.

HARNDEN'S EARLY MARKET—The earliest beet ever brought on the market, maturing earlier than any other beet. Tops small, making it fine for bunching. Skin and flesh deep blood-red, fine grained and tender. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 90c.

DETROIT DARK RED—We believe this is the best beet for the market and home garden, and on account of its uniformly deep rich color the most desirable for canning. Tops small, upright in growth. Leaves dark green shaded with red. Root medium size, globular or nearly round, very smooth and of dark blood red color. Flesh is deep vermilion red, zoned with a lighter shade of the same color. Very desirable for bunching. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 90c.

ELECTRIC BEET—The best all around beet for market garden purposes ever produced on our market. Every person that has tried this superb beet pronounces it one of the best beets in cultivation. Almost round leaves, small, dark, rich, crimson, with rings of lighter hue; flavor delicate, rich and sugary. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 90c.



Crosby's Egyptian

Swiss Chard or Spinach Beet

A distinct vegetable and much superior to the common beet for greens and equal to spinach. Sow early in the spring, in rows 16 inches apart and the seedlings afterward thin out to 16 inches in the row.

LARGE RIBBED WHITE—This does not make edible roots like the regular garden beets, but is grown for the broad white leaf stalks, which are bunched and cooked in the same manner as asparagus, and make a delicious summer vegetable. The young leaves may be gathered also and cooked like spinach. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 90c.



Swiss Chard

Mangel Wurzel and Sugar Beets for Stock



Mammoth Long Red

CULTURE—Sow the seed during April and not later than the last of May. Plant one inch deep in drills from 2 to 2½ feet apart, dropping from 6 to 10 seeds to the foot, which will require from 6 to 10 pounds to the acre. When the plants are 3 inches high, thin out with the hoe to 10 to 12 inches. Cultivate well and often, but discontinue as soon as the roots have commenced to form. The roots should be harvested and stored in pits or cellar when ripe, for if left they may start into fresh growth.

SUGAR BEETS

Desirable not only for the manufacture of sugar, but are invaluable for stock feeding and when small may be used for the table. The best soil is a rich, friable sandy, or clayey loam. Plant in drills two to two and one-half feet apart, twelve to twenty seeds to the foot. The seed should be well covered with about one to one and one-half inches of soil pressed firmly over it. Cultivate frequently. When about three inches high, thin to about ten inches apart.

IMPROVED WHITE—Of medium size and brought by careful selection to the highest perfection, both in shape and color of roots. Greatly esteemed by sugar manufacturers and one of the finest for stock feeding, owing to the high percentage of sugar. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 70c.

FOR SUGAR MAKING

KLEIN WANZLEBEN—The roots are a little larger than Improved White and a little harder and easier grown. The tops are rather large and the leaves slightly waved. This sort often yields under careful culture from twelve to eighteen tons per acre. It is probably the best sort for the experimenter to use. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 70c.

BROCCOLI

Is cultivated like cabbage, cauliflower and other members of that family. Sow early in the spring, then transplant and set out. It will form heads like cauliflower, but it is more hardy and of a less delicate flavor. It is grown in cold localities to some extent, and also in the South for winter use. **PURPLE CAPE**—Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 60c.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

Brussels Sprouts are miniature cabbage formed on a plant stalk. The delicate flavor is improved by a touch of frost. The culture is practically the same as for cabbage. For late use, sow seed in June.

PARIS MARKET—Hardy and a heavy yielder. A fine variety originated and grown in Denmark. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; 1 oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.25.

CHIVES

CHIVES (*Schnittlauch*)—The chives are small members of the onion tribe, leaves very slender and appear very early in Spring; can be shorn several times during the season and used for flavoring soups and salads. Plants, 25c per bunch, prepaid. Seed, pkt., 15c; oz., 75c.

CHERVIL

CULTURE—1 oz. to 100 feet of drill. Rows 1 foot apart. **CURLED**—The young leaves are used in soups and salads. Sow in May in drills half an inch deep. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c.

CHICORY

WITLOOF (French Endive)—A European delicacy now standard in all best hotels and restaurants in the U. S. It is easily grown. Sow in Spring; store parsnip-like roots in sand until wanted for growing on in winter; directions on packages. Special strain. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.50.

LARGE ROOTED MAGDEBURG—Roots are cut in thick slices, roasted and used as coffee; in Spring leaves make good salad. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.60.

MANGEL STOCK BEETS or Corn Saver

The value of Mangels for stock feeding is quickly seen in the improved health and condition of the animals, the increased flow and quantity of milk from the cows, and the saving in fodder. Mangels yield enormously and can be grown at a trifling cost. Every one who keeps even one cow should grow a patch of Mangels for winter feed. They make excellent and rich feed for poultry. Can be stored in a cellar or covered up in the ground and kept all winter, feeding as you need them.

A GREAT HOG FEED

HOW TO FEED—Feed hogs one-third corn, one-third alfalfa, and one-third of the new CORN SAVER BEET. The amount of alfalfa hay and corn may be reduced from time to time until you will not have to average more than one small ear of corn to each hog, with very little alfalfa hay and the balance CORN SAVER BEET. Give them all they can eat and the hogs will get rolling fat and healthy.

MAMMOTH LONG RED—Select strain, often growing from 12 to 24 inches in length, weighing from 10 to 25 lbs. It grows well above the ground and is easily harvested. It is of immense size, is enormously productive and profitable when grown on rich deep soil, and is an excellent keeper. This variety will yield more tons per acre than any other. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c; 10 lbs., \$6.50.

GOLDEN TANKARD—The flesh is rich deep yellow, differing in this respect from other Mangels, surpassing them in milk-producing qualities. Sheep and other stock thrive on this plant. It yields an enormous bulk on good land. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c; 10 lbs., \$6.50.

COLLARDS

A tall, loose leaved cabbage-like or kale-like plant grown throughout the South. It is extensively used for the table and for stock in the South where it continues in growth and is usable throughout the entire winter. Collards usually succeed in locations where cabbage cannot be grown to perfection.

TRUE GEORGIA—This is the wide-stemmed variety, growing 2 or 3 feet high and forming a large, loose, open head or cluster of leaves with a rather long stem. A frost, if not too severe, will improve rather than injure the quality of the leaves. Sow thickly in drills where the plants are to remain and when well started thin out to 2 or 3 feet apart in the row. In the South, sow from January to May and from August to October. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25.

CORN SALAD

FETTICUS OR LAMB'S LETTUCE

CULTURE—For winter use, sow shallow in rows 1 foot apart during August or September. The plants are ready for use in six of eight weeks. When winter approaches, give them a very light covering of hay or straw. The plants are hardy and will remain green and fit for use all winter. The seed may also be sown early in spring. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.75.

CRESS

CURLED, or PEPPER GRASS—This small salad is much used with lettuce, to the flavor of which its warm, pungent taste makes a most agreeable addition. Sow thickly in drills 18 inches apart. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.40.

TRUE WATER—This is quite a distinct variety of cress. A small growth may be obtained when planted in soil and kept moist, but thrives best when its roots and stems are submerged in water. The seed should be sown and lightly covered in gravelly, mucky lands, along the borders of small streams. Prepaid, pkt., 15c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50.

CABBAGE

HARNDEN'S SELECT DANISH-GROWN CABBAGE



CULTURE—The Cabbage, to be well grown, requires a deep, rich, loamy soil. For early use sow the seed in hotbeds in February or March, or it may be sown about the middle of September, and the plants wintered over in cold frames. Transplant in spring as soon as the ground can be worked, in rows 2 feet apart and the plants 18 inches apart in rows. For late or winter use, the seed should be sown in May, and the plants set out in July, $\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet apart. Cabbages should be hoed every week and the ground stirred as they advance in growth, drawing up a little earth to the plants each time until they begin to head, when they should be thoroughly cultivated and left to mature. Loosening the roots will sometimes retard the bursting of full grown heads. To preserve cabbage during winter, pull them on a dry day and turn them over on the heads a few hours to drain. Set them out in a cool cellar, or bury them in long trenches in a dry situation, covering with boards or straw so as to keep out frost and rain.

FIRST EARLY SORTS

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD—The earliest and hardiest heading of first early cabbages. Most gardeners depend upon it for the bulk of their extra early crop. Its exceeding hardness not only to resist cold weather, but other unfavorable conditions, insures the greatest likelihood of profitable and satisfactory results. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c; 1 lb., \$3.00.

CHARLESTON, or LARGE WAKEFIELD—Similar in every respect to the Jersey Wakefield except that it is much larger, and not quite so early. Heads not quite as much pointed. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c; 1 lb., \$3.00.

GOLDEN ACRE—This is a very good selection of the Copenhagen Market type with heads smaller than our re-selected strain. The season is about the same, perhaps a trifle earlier. Very uniform. Pkt., 15c; oz., 75c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$3.00; 1 lb., \$9.00.

RE-SELECTED HJALMAR HARTMANN STRAIN COPENHAGEN MARKET—EXTRA EARLY

Is the earliest, large, round or flat headed sort. The ripening is early and uniform, maturing at one time and almost with Early Jersey Wakefield (oblong head). Considering its early season, the heads are remarkably large, averaging ten pounds in weight. One of its chief features is compactness; its leaves, which are light green, are round, dish-shaped and fold tightly together in remarkably compact and solid form; it is so solid that many more plants can be grown on an acre than is possible with most sorts. It has few outer leaves, which permits close planting, and it grows close to the ground on a short stem. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; 1 lb., \$4.00.

SECOND EARLY AND INTERMEDIATE SORTS

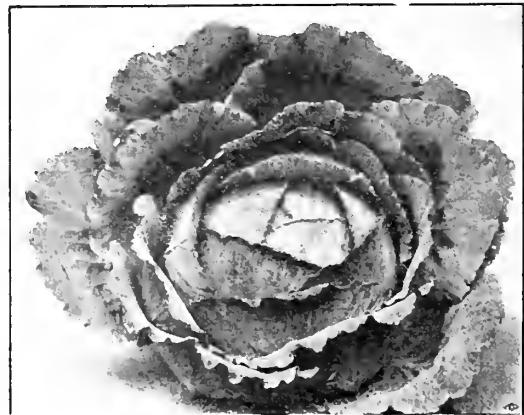
SUCCESSION—About two weeks later than Early Wakefield. The heads are large, solid, keep well and are of splendid quality. The color is a beautiful light green. This is a second early variety and a favorite with market gardeners. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c; 1 lb., \$3.00.

EARLY DWARF ULM SAVOY—Very early and of fine quality. Heads round, beautifully crumpled, solid and of a deep green color. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 90c.

ALL SEASONS—A cabbage that is really early, yet is suited to all growing seasons, under the most adverse conditions. It is almost a sure header, even when planted very late. It keeps well. The heads are large and solid, the leaves small ribbed and the eating quality is not excelled in the cabbage line. The heads are larger and mature about as early as "Succession." Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c; 1 lb., \$3.00.

GLORY OF ENKHOUSEN—An early, globe shape, medium size, sure heading and a splendid keeper. Matures right after Copenhagen Market. More uniform and more even maturing than Copenhagen. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c; 1 lb., \$3.00.

ALL HEAD EARLY—The best early, flat head cabbage, deep, flat, solid heads, uniform in color, shape and size. Heads grow so compactly and free from spreading leaves that fully one thousand more cabbages can be grown on an acre. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c; 1 lb., \$3.00.



Golden Acre

CABBAGE—Continued

LATE OR WINTER SORTS

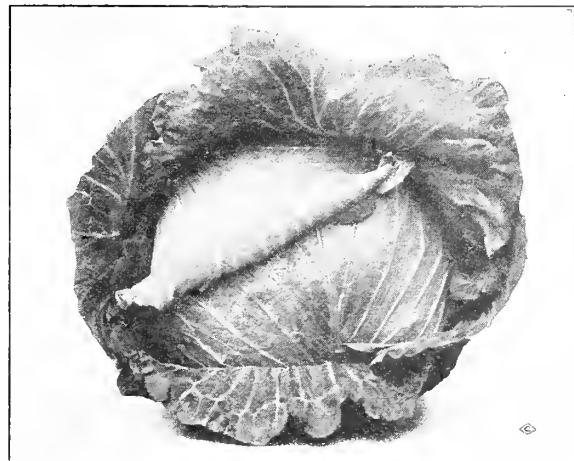
MAMMOTH ROCK RED—The largest and surest heading red cabbage. The plant is large, with numerous spreading leaves. The head is large, round, very solid and of very attractive deep red color. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00.

DANISH BALL HEAD—This splendid variety is remarkable for its solidity and grand keeping qualities. The heads, although not quite so large as Premium Flat Dutch, are equally as heavy and superb in quality. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c; 1 lb., \$3.00.

PREMIUM LATE FLAT DUTCH—We have taken great pains in the selection of this strain, and have sold it to our market gardeners for a number of seasons. It has given universal satisfaction to every one who has tried it. The plant has a



Chinese Cabbage



All Seasons

short stem, rather large outer leaves and is very sure heading. Head uniformly large, flat, but deep, solid, and of splendid quality. It is also an excellent keeper. Considered by many the standard, very large late cabbage. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.50.

ST. LOUIS LATE MARKET—An extremely large and solid heading variety well suited for fall and winter. It forms large, handsome heads, which will keep in the best of condition for a long time. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c; 1 lb., \$2.50.

CHINESE CABBAGE

GENUINE "WONG BOK"—Big compact, tender and crisp. An excellent Wong Bok. We have found this to be absolutely the best firm-heading Chinese Cabbage to grow during the summer months. It will not scald or burn and will make a head when other varieties fail. We recommend it either for the market gardener, trucker or private planter, as it is a perfect Chinese Cabbage in every respect, not only being in the largest size, but of handsome color and of the finest quality. It is probably the safest variety for an amateur to plant, as it does well at all seasons and one is almost sure of getting a crop. It is vigorous and free from insects. Pkt., 15c; oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.60; 1 lb., \$5.50.

CAULIFLOWER

Cauliflower, although one of the most delicious vegetables, is but little grown except by professional gardeners because of the erroneous notion that it is so difficult to grow that only skilled gardeners can produce it. Any one will be reasonably sure, if the culture directions given below are carefully followed.

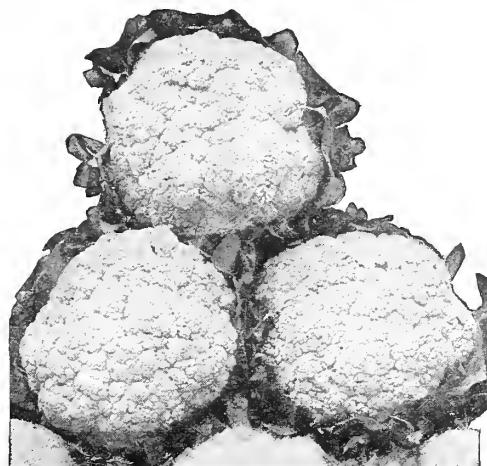
CULTURE—Make the soil as fine as possible for every transplanting and do not allow the young plants to become checked at any time for want of water. For Spring and early Summer use, sow in February or March in hotbed, and transplant to cold frame when sufficiently large, and to the garden as soon as ground is warm enough. For late Autumn crops, sow in the early part of June, and transplant in July. In dry weather, water freely and as they advance in growth, hoe deep and draw earth to the stem. When heading tie the outside leaves loosely over the heads to protect from the sun.

EXTRA EARLY DWARF ERFURT—A favorite early market variety, very compact heads; it has very narrow leaves which grow perfectly upright, thus adapting it for close cultivation or forcing. Prepaid, pkt., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 90c; 1 oz., \$3.00.

DANISH GIANT (Dry Weather)—The crop is two or three weeks later than Earliest Erfurt. Heads are pure white and of fine quality. The plants are less affected by dry weather than any other variety. Prepaid, pkt., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 90c; 1 oz., \$3.00.

EARLY SNOWBALL—Unquestionably the earliest maturing strain of the true short leaved Snowball type of cauliflower. It is admirably adapted for forcing or wintering over for early crop and is the most popular sort for these purposes, also one of the best sorts for late summer and fall crop. Early Snowball is, moreover, a most desirable sort for the home garden. The plants are compact, with few short, outside leaves and are well suited for close planting. The heads

are of medium to large size, solid, compact, round, very white and curd-like, and are developed earlier than those of any other sort. Prepaid, pkt., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 90c; 1 oz., \$3.00.



Early Snowball

CARROT

The carrot is one of the most wholesome and nutritious of our garden roots deserving to be more extensively used for culinary purposes and we urge our customers to give some of the early table varieties as well as feeding sorts a trial.

CULTURE—Sow seed thinly in drills of $\frac{1}{2}$ to one inch deep early in the spring, making several sowings to afford a succession. For garden culture, sow in rows of 16 to 18 inches apart, and for field culture 18 to 24 inches. When well started thin out the early sorts to 8 to 10 to the foot, and late varieties from 4 to 6 inches apart in the row. A sandy loam, made rich by manuring the previous year, is the best soil. Avoid sowing on a newly manured ground, as it tends to produce forked roots.

DANVERS—Flesh sweet, crisp, tender and of a bright orange color. Valuable both for table use and for stock feeding. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25.

HALF LONG CHANTENAY—A stump rooted variety; flesh deep orange color; solid, tender and of excellent flavor. A variety which the market gardeners should plant for their main crop; a heavy cropper. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

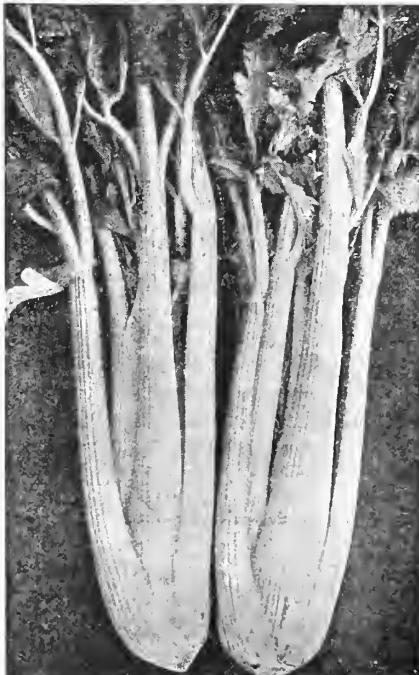
GUERANDE or OX HEART—(Stump Rooted)—Comparatively short roots, but often reaching a distance of several inches. Flesh bright orange, fine grain and sweet. This is a desirable variety for ground that is so hard and stiff that longer growing sorts would not thrive on it. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

HARNDEN'S HALF LONG SCARLET—For extra sweetness, this is all by itself. It is of good shape and size. The leaves are fine and the roots almost cylindrical, very smooth and grow about six inches long; the flesh is entirely red and very sweet and almost entirely without a core. This is strongly recommended to home gardeners as by far the best carrot for table quality. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

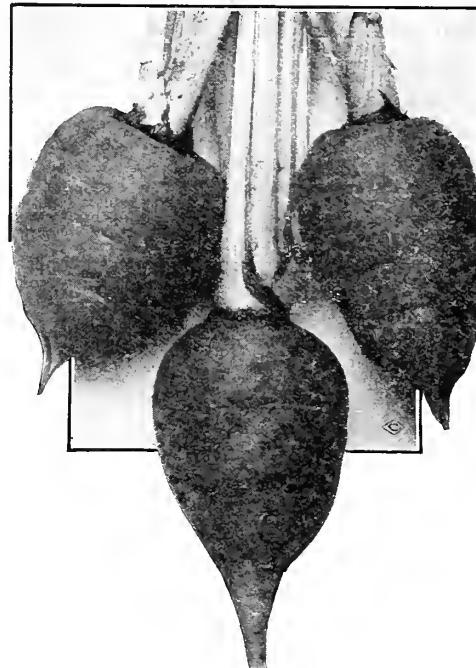
STOCK CARROTS

CARROTS FOR STOCK—Carrots are good for all kinds of domestic animals. Especially recommended as a general tonic and conditioner for horses. The quantity of oats can be cut down and an equal weight of carrots substituted with beneficial results.

HALF LONG WHITE BELGIAN—Is raised exclusively for stock. Grows to a very large size; is easily gathered. Makes splendid food for cattle, horses, hogs; known to yield forty tons per acre. Will keep four or five months after pulling. Prepaid, 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00, postpaid.



Golden Yellow Self-Blanching



Ox Heart Carrot

CELERY

CULTURE—Sow in drills as soon as the ground can be worked. The soil should be rich and well prepared. Cover the seed lightly with fine earth, tamping in firmly. Keep moist to insure germination and quick, vigorous growth. In order to secure stocky plants, cut off the tops once or twice before transplanting to the field or garden. Set plants 6 to 8 inches apart in rows from 3 to 4 feet apart. Transplanting should be done about the last of June. Care should be taken to firm the earth well around the roots of the plant; work up the soil between the rows, drawing it to the plants from time to time until they are covered to the very tops.

WHITE PLUME—This handsome sort is valued because naturally the stalk and portions of the inner leaves and heart are white; the whiteness does not show, however, until the plants are about one-third grown; it is unsurpassed for all uses and the earliest celery in the market. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 80c; 1 lb., \$3.00.

GIANT PASCAL—Grows about 2 feet high; the stalks are very broad, thick and crisp, and of a rich, nutty flavor. The heart is golden yellow, very full and attractive in appearance; it bleaches very easily and quickly. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; 1 lb., \$4.50.

GOLDEN YELLOW SELF-BLANCHING—This splendid variety is without doubt the most popular celery grown. It is a self-blanching sort, for with a little banking or covering, even the outer ribs assume a beautiful golden yellow, while the heart or vine stalks are deliciously tender, brittle and sweet. This variety is being very extensively grown both for market and private use, not only on account of its ease of culture, but for its superior quality. The hearts are large and solid, blanching a beautiful waxen yellow. It is tender and sweet and free from stringiness. Its flavor is delightful. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 65c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$2.00; 1 lb., \$7.00.

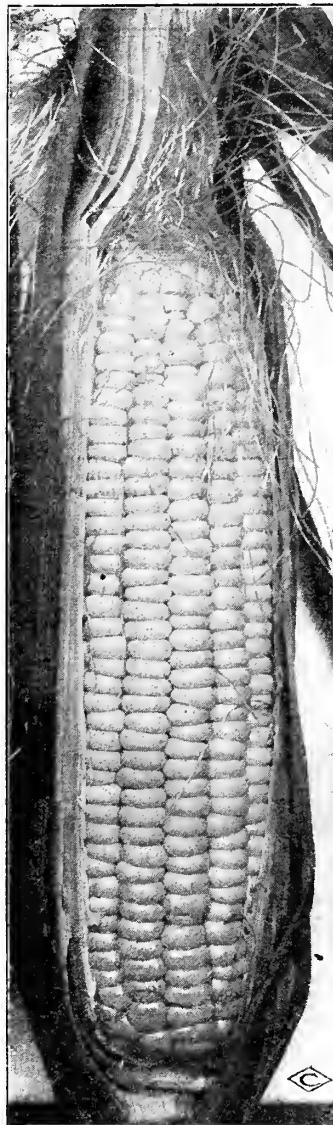
DWARF GOLDEN HEART—Solid, shapely stalks; large heart, which blanches to a beautiful yellow, after storing. Popular in many celery-growing centers. It is long keeping "Golden Dwarf" of established merit. It is shapely and solid and requires little trimming. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$5.00.

CELERIAC

TURNIP-ROOTED CELERY—Sow seed same as celery. Transplant in rows 2 feet apart, 9 inches in a row. Thorough cultivation is necessary to secure good roots. Earthing up is not necessary. Roots may be cooked or used as a salad.

GIANT SMOOTH PRAUGE—A very large and smooth variety, free from side roots. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50.

CORN—Sweet or Table Varieties



Early Evergreen

CULTURE—The stalks being short and small and having few leaves, may stand very close together. The seed may be planted either in hills or in rows. If the former, plant 6 or 7 kernels in a hill, thinning out well so as to have 4 plants in each hill. If in rows, and not in hills, drop the seed from 6 to 8 inches apart, according to the soil, and if planted early cover about 1 inch deep. Seed planted later should be planted deeper, according to the amount of moisture in the soil. The rows may be just far enough apart to admit of cultivation. Ten pounds of seed will plant an acre.

EXTRA EARLY ADAMS—This is not a true sweet corn, but produces ears well filled with tender white grains. It is very early and on account of its hardness and hard round grain, it can be planted much earlier than sweet corn. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 25c.

BLACK MEXICAN—Although the ripe grains are bluish-black, they are remarkably white when in roasting ear state. In tenderness and fine quality, none can surpass it. For family use, we recommend it highly to follow the first early varieties. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 35c.

EARLY MAYFLOWER—A new variety in the West, but raised in large quantities in some of the Eastern States where it is by ten days the earliest Sweet Corn grown, and is always the first variety on the market. It is six inches to a foot dwarfer than Early Corey, but very much larger in the ear, running 8, 10 and 12 rowed, and is considered of much better quality. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 35c.

EARLY HOWLING MOE—Is ready for use only three to five days later than the extra early Adams when both are planted at the same time, but the ears are so much larger in size, while the grains are so much whiter and sweeter, that it should really be compared with the second varieties of a later season. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 35c.

EARLY CHAMPION—The earliest largest sweet corn grown. This variety is the earliest large sweet corn yet introduced, being only a few days later than the first early small sorts. It is 10 and 12 rowed, and pure white in color; sweet and tender. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 35c.

EARLY MINNESOTA—An old and popular market sort. Stalks short, bearing 1 or 2 long 8 rowed ears; coming into bearing a little earlier than the Early Adams. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 35c.

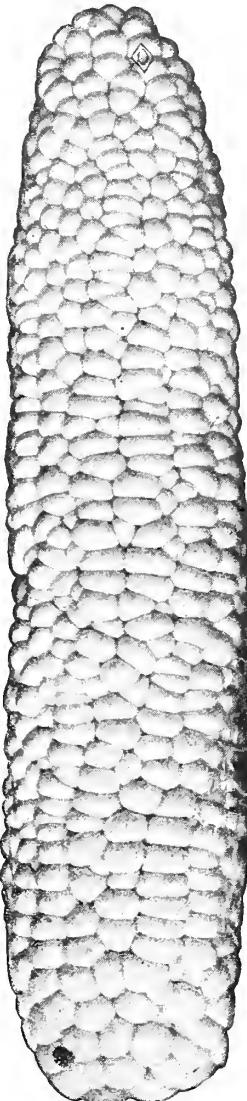
BANTAM EVERGREEN—A cross between Golden Bantam and Stowell's Evergreen, combining the good qualities of these well-known varieties. It is second early to late in season and produces 8 inch ears, 12 rowed, filled with large, deep grains of good flavor. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 35c.

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN—A medium late variety of sweet corn, one of the best for private use; kernels very deep, placed irregularly, but compactly on the cob, the cob itself being very small. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 35c.

EARLY EVERGREEN—The best second early sweet corn, possessing every good quality of the Stowell's Evergreen, and resembling it in every respect. Matures 10 days earlier than the Evergreen. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 35c.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN—The best late sweet corn in every way, being large eared, hardy and productive, sweet and tender, remaining a long time in condition suitable for cooking; there is no other late sweet corn which can compare with it. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 35c.

GOLDEN BANTAM—Early sweet corn, with yellow kernels; ears 8 rowed, 6 to 7 inches long; heights from 4 to 5 feet. Very sweet and delicious; tender and of excellent quality. One of the best early varieties. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 35c.



Country Gentleman

SEMESAN JR. WILL PRODUCE LARGER AND BETTER CORN CROPS

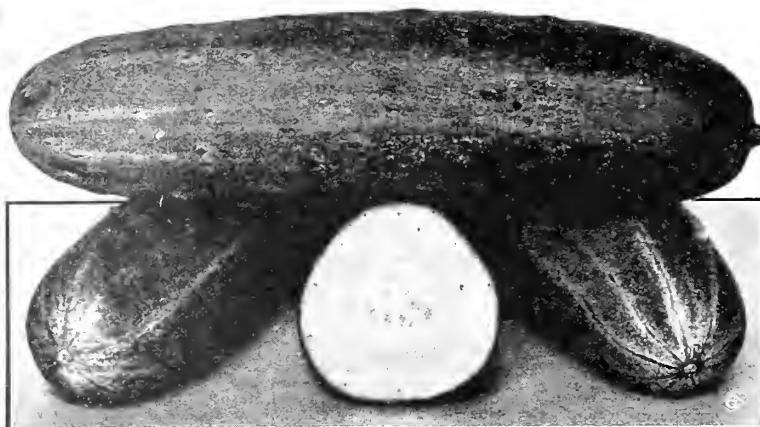
In the Practical Field Trials Conducted in Illinois and Iowa During the Season of 1925 by C. S. Reddy, J. R. Holbert and A. T. Erwin of the United States Department of Agriculture, the Iowa Agricultural Experiment Station and the Bloomington Canning Company, It Was Found That Semesan Jr. When Applied to Sweet Corn Seed, Infected with Diplodia and Gibberella, Produced the Greatest Increase in Crop Yield of Any of the Dust Disinfectants Tried.

Diplodia and Gibberella Are the Fungus Growths That cause the Ear, Root and Stalk Rots. The Degree to Which These Diseases Were Controlled Was Measured by the Increase in Crop Yield from the Disinfected Seeds over That Obtained from the Untreated Seeds.

Semesan Jr. Caused Yield Increases As High As 47.7 Per Cent While Its Average Increase for All the Illinois Tests Was 11.9 Per Cent. See Page 67 for Prices and Information.

CUCUMBERS

The striped cucumber beetle can be effectively controlled by dusting the plants carefully with Nico-Dust No. 6. Dusting must be done during a dry period to be most effective.



Davis Perfect

CULTURE—Cucumbers thrive best in a very rich, loamy soil, not containing too much sand. A rather heavy soil is preferable to sandy soil. The most successful growers fertilize heavily with barnyard manure, scattered evenly over the surface 2 or 3 inches deep. Plant from 12 to 15 seed in a hill. The hills should be from 4 to 6 feet apart. When the plants have attained good size and danger of the striped beetle is over, thin out to 3 plants in a hill; cultivate until the plants make long runners.

THE JUMBO—A new cucumber that will prove its own value. Similar in type to the Davis Perfect, but more slender, longer, more uniform in shape, and more prolific. An ideal cucumber for the market gardener or home user. Prepaid, ptk., 15c; 1 oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.00.

DAVIS PERFECT—Color a glossy green. Length, 10 to 12 inches. Slim in shape and of exceptionally good flavor. One of the very best for forcing under glass and also for outdoor culture. Prepaid, ptk., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.75.

EXTRA LONG, or EVERGREEN WHITE SPINE—Beautiful in shape and color. Fruit is long and cylindrical, dark green; flesh is white, crisp and tender and of the finest quality. Prepaid, ptk., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.60.

IMPROVED LONG GREEN—A standard late sort; fruit dark green. Prepaid, ptk., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.75.

KLONDIKE—Averaging from 6 to 8 inches in length; uniform in size; dark green in color; retaining its color, and a very prolific yielder. One of the best for home gardens, and a good market garden sort. Prepaid, ptk., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

CHICAGO or WESTERFIELD PICKLING—The fruits of this very desirable sort are of medium length, pointed at each end, with very large and prominent spines. The color is deep green. A very prolific variety and one of the best for those who want crisp, coarsely spined pickles. Prepaid, ptk., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.40.

EARLY FRAME or SHORT GREEN—An early, bright green cucumber of medium size, very extensively used for slicing and pickling. The vines are very vigorous and productive. The fruits are straight, a little smaller at the ends, bright green in color, shading lighter at the blossom end. Prepaid, ptk., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.40.

EARLY CLUSTER—The vines are hardy and very vigorous, bearing fruits in clusters of two and three. The fruits are short, thick, bright green, shading lighter at blossom end, crisp and tender. This sort is extensively used as a pickling cucumber as well as for slicing. Prepaid, ptk., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.40.

Selected
Colorado
Grown
Seed

JAPANESE CLIMBING—Vines are of healthy, vigorous growth, with rich dark green foliage, and throws out strong, grasping tendrils, which enable it to climb trellis, wire netting, brush or any other suitable support. Of large size, cylindrical in shape; flesh pure white; skin dark green. Prepaid, ptk., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$2.00.

WEST INDIA GHERKIN—A very small oval prickly sort, distinct from all others. It is grown for pickles only and must be used when young. Prepaid, ptk., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$2.00.

HARNDEN'S STAY GREEN—We are introducing this primarily for our market gardener trade. Harnden's Stay Green has a very dark green, square ended fruit. The seeds do not begin to form until the fruits are quite large. Slices are about two inches thick and ten to twelve inches long when well grown, and are without seeds to injure the quality. We prophesy this will be our biggest and best cucumber in another season. Pkt., 15c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.00.



NOVELTY CUCUMBER CHINA-LONG

A most remarkable and handsome new long green cucumber from China. The most fleshy and finest flavored of the long green type. The vines make a tremendous growth. They are unusually vigorous, bearing an enormous crop. The foliage is rich dark green and is resistant to diseases and insect attacks.

HARNDEN'S CHINA-LONG makes perfectly straight fruit, about 20 inches long, and are practically all flesh, containing but very few seeds. The thick flesh is a beautiful white. It is crisp, juicy, and of the most delicious flavor, and essentially a quality cucumber which is absolutely unequalled for market or home use. The fine large long fruits are extra fine for slicing, but if picked when of small size, they make tasty little pickles. Pkt., 15c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$3.00.



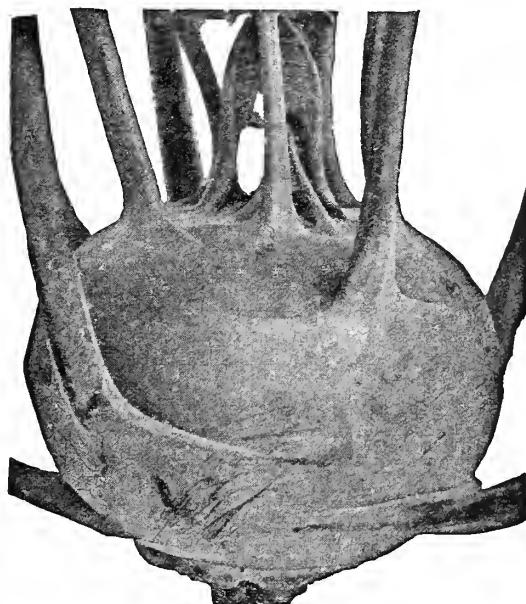
Improved Long Green

EGG PLANT

CULTURE—Sow in March or April in a hotbed, transplant when 2 inches high into a second hotbed, or let them remain and thin out to 4 inches apart. Uniform heat is essential to this plant, and it rarely recovers from the least chill in its early growth. When the weather becomes settled, transplant into the open ground, 2½ feet apart each way. One ounce to 1,500.

BLACK BEAUTY—The earliest and best of all large-fruited Egg Plants. It is valuable alike to the private planter and to the extensive grower for market. Black Beauty produces fruits fully as large as and ready for use ten days to two weeks earlier than the New York Improved. The plants branch freely near the ground, and grow in well-rounded bushes. The grand large fruits are thick, of most attractive form. The skin is a rich, lustrous purplish black—the satin gloss and rich coloring add greatly to the beauty. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; ¼ lb., \$1.75; 1 lb., \$6.00.**

NEW YORK IMPROVED (Spineless)—This variety is a general favorite for both market and home garden. Usually produces 4 to 6 large oval fruits of a splendid dark purple color. Early, productive and of excellent quality. The vigor and productiveness of the plant and the large size and fine quality of its fruit make it most profitable for market gardeners. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.65; 1 lb., \$5.50.**



Early White Vienna

KALE OR BORECOLE

CULTURE—Cultivate the same as cabbage. For summer and fall use, sow in April and transplant in June; for early Spring greens, sow in September. Two pounds per acre, in drills, 3 lbs., broadcast.

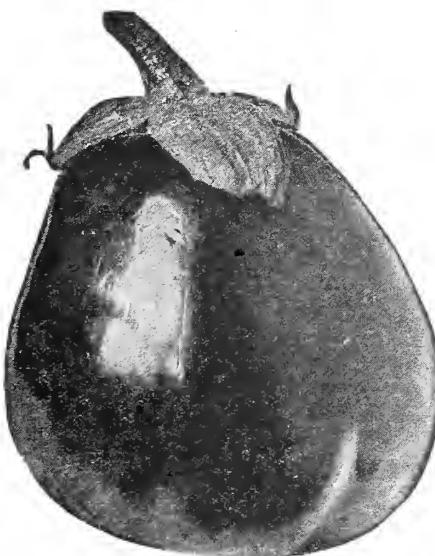
DWARF GREEN CURLED (German)—Finely curled; even more tender after being touched by frost. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.40.**

LEEK

LEEK—One Ounce will sow 100 feet of Drill—Leek is more delicate than the onion for soup, etc. Sow in seed-bed middle of spring; when the plants are 3 or 4 inches high, transplant them into rows wide enough apart to admit the hoe between them. With good cultivation they may be grown 5 or 6 inches in circumference.

AMERICAN BROAD LEAF—This variety is more largely used in this country than any other plant; strong, with broad leaves. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.50.**

Dust Egg Plants with Tobacco Dust every few days, for the Small Black Bugs.



Black Beauty Egg Plant

KOHL RABI

KOHL RABI—The edible part is the turnip shaped bulb formed above ground. Seed should be sown in light, rich soil, as early in Spring as possible, in rows 1 foot apart, and when well established thin to 6 inches apart in the row.

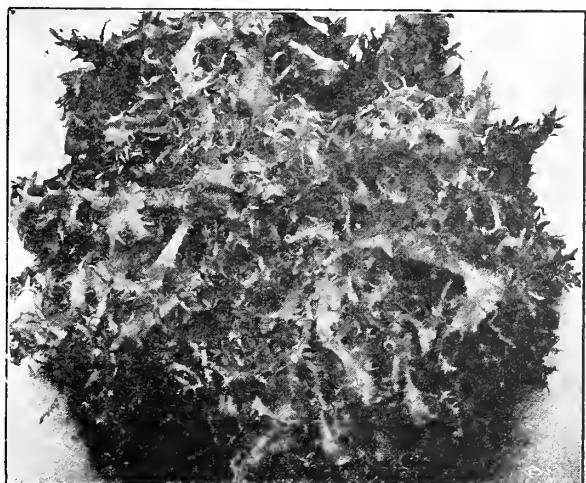
EARLY WHITE VIENNA—(Extra for forcing)—Extremely early with distinctly small tops. Bulbs of medium size, very light green or nearly white, and of the best quality if used when not more than 2 inches in diameter. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 80c; 1 lb., \$3.00.**

ENDIVE

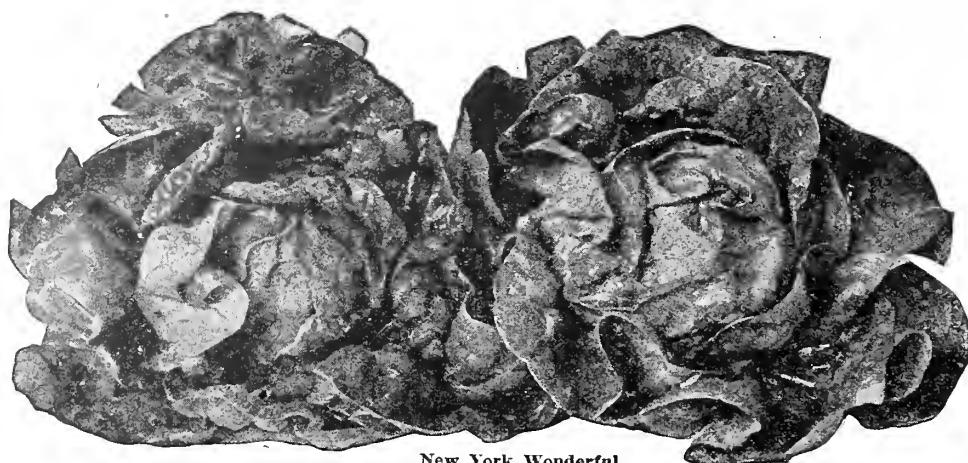
ENDIVE may be grown at any season of the year, but is more generally used late in the fall. Sow the seed in June or July in drills 14 to 20 inches apart and when well started thin the plants to 1 foot apart. When nearly full grown, tie the outer leaves together over the center in order to blanch the heart of the plant.

GREEN CURLED—Very hardy, with dark green curled leaves; tender and crisp. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50.**

BROAD LEAVED BATAVIAN—Large heads of broad, thick leaves; if bleached, the inner leaves make a fine salad. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50.**



Green Curled Endive



New York Wonderful

LETTUCE

CULTURE—For general crop, sow as early in the Spring as the ground can be worked in drills 18 inches apart, and thin the young plants to 4 inches apart in the row. As the plants begin to crowd, thin them out and use as required. Keep the soil constantly loose by frequent hoeing. Lettuce to be at its best should be grown as rapidly as possible, hence the soil should be made as rich as possible by liberal manuring and thorough preparation. For winter, sow under glass from November to February and thin out as necessary to prevent crowding. Keep a moderate heat and give all the light and air possible.

CABBAGE OR HEADING VARIETIES

BIG BOSTON—(Seed white)—Popular for outdoor culture; also much in demand as a compact, large heading, forcing sort. Plant large, very hardy, and vigorous. Leaves broad, comparatively smooth, but wavy at edge, thin, very hard and crisp; color bright light green, the head slightly tinged with reddish brown. Grown extensively in the South for shipment North in the winter. It usually heads up under cold weather conditions better than any other variety. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.00.



Grand Rapids Lettuce

COS LETTUCE—(Seed white)—The Cos lettuce is distinct from the following sorts, having long, narrow, spoon-shaped leaves, which usually fold into loose sugar-loaf shaped heads, which blanch better by having the outer leaves drawn about them and tied. On account of their exceeding crispness, tenderness and delicate flavor, they are becoming more and more popular in this country. Leaves yellowish white in color, narrow, upright, folding into a solid head like that of an Early York cabbage; crisp and tender; self-blanching. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.00.

HANSON—(Seed White)—One of the most desirable later summer lettuces. The plant is compact and forms a large, cabbage-like head which remains in condition longer than most heading sorts. Outer leaves bright yellowish green, broad, somewhat crumpled and frilled at edge and with distinctive midrib. Inner leaves white, very crisp and sweet. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.00.

ICEBERG—It is a strictly cabbage variety; crisp rather than buttery; large and late. Head is globular, extremely hard and well blanched. Leaves are slightly blistered, crumpled and twisted. Color light green except faint brown borders. Very good quality. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.00.

NEW YORK WONDERFUL, LOS ANGELES or NEAPOLITAN CABBAGE—(White seed)—This very large heading lettuce is desirable not only as a garden variety for summer use, but is much used for fall and winter sorts grown in greenhouses. The plant is large, compact and tight heading. Outer leaves attractive, deep green, broad frilled at edges. The inner leaves form a large head, sweet and tender when in condition for use. Prepaid, pkt., 15c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.00.

CURLED OR LOOSE LEAVED VARIETIES

GRAND RAPIDS—(Seed black)—The most popular variety for green house planting. It will make a quick growth even under adverse conditions. It is of handsome appearance, a strong grower and not subject to rot. When exposed for sale it keeps from wilting longer than other varieties. Its upright habit of growth permits close planting. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

EARLY CURLED SIMPSON—(Seed white)—Leaves light green, slightly frilled, crisp, sweet and tender. This sort is especially adapted for sowing thickly and cutting when plants are young. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

BLACK SEEDED SIMPSON—A standard variety for forcing and early outdoor culture. It forms large, loose clusters of leaves of light yellowish green color; the leaves are large, thin, very tender, slightly ruffled and blistered; the inner ones nicely blanched, and even the large outside leaves are tender and of good quality. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

EARLY PRIZE HEAD—(Seed white)—A large clustering non-heading lettuce, most excellent for the home garden and undoubtedly the most easily grown variety in cultivation. It is too tender, however, to stand shipping or handling on the market. Leaves are finely curled and crumpled, bright green tinged with brownish red; very crisp, tender and sweet. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

MUSK MELON

Select Colorado-Grown Seed

CULTURE—Melons thrive best in light, dry, sandy soil; plant in hills 6 feet apart each way, 12 seeds in each hill; remove 2 to 3 inches of soil where the hill is desired and fill in with well rotted manure, then replace the soil, 4 inches high, raking the hill rather flat. When the plants have made the second pair of leaves, thin out to 4 in a hill. If the plants grow very rank, pinch off the ends when about 3 feet long.

TIP TOP—A well known very productive market sort in some sections. The fruits are large, nearly round, slightly ribbed and fairly well covered with shallow netting. The skin is light yellow when the fruit is mature. The flesh is deep yellow, rich and highly flavored. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

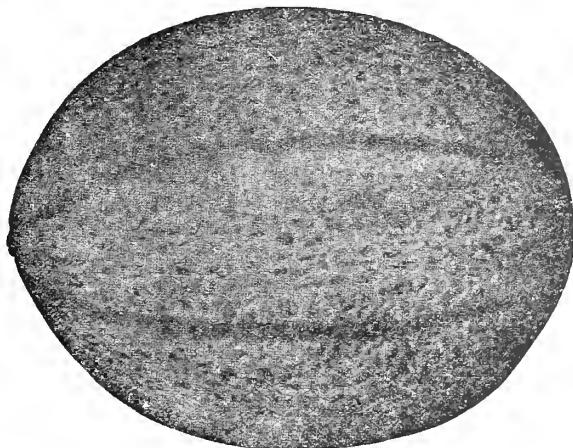
MONTREAL NUTMEG—The large fruits are nearly round in form, slightly flattened at the ends, with very large, broad, heavy ribs. Dark green skin, thickly covered with heavy netting. The flesh is two inches thick, light green, melting, and of delicious flavor. The largest melons in our list, often weighing 7 to 8 lbs. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.75.

OSAGE or MILLER'S CREAM—A medium to large sized salmon fleshed melon of excellent quality. The vines are vigorous and productive. The fruits are oval, dark green in color, slightly ribbed and partly covered with shallow gray netting. The flesh is salmon colored, fine grained and highly flavored. A favorite variety for the later markets, as there is always a considerable demand for it from the restaurants and hotels, where its excellent qualities are highly appreciated. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

ROCKY FORD—Oblong, somewhat similar to the Netted Gem. Grow very uniform in shape and size, weighing from 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 pounds; skin green and thickly netted; flesh of a light green color and very sweet. The most popular shipping variety grown. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

MANGO MELON (Vegetable Peach)—Golden yellow, resembles an orange in shape and size; the flesh is snow white. They make splendid mangoes, stuffed like peppers. For sweet pickles, pies and preserving. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c.

GARDEN LEMON—Fruits short, nearly round, with yellow and green marking, skin smooth, flesh tender, sweet, melon flavor. Best when turning yellow. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c.



Maryland or Early Knight

EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK—A variety possessing all the good qualities of the well known Hackensack, but at least 10 days to two weeks earlier. The melons weigh from 4 to 10 pounds each; are of nutmeg shape, heavily netted and have a light green flesh. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

POLLOCK'S NO. 10-25 RUST RESISTANT—The melons run very uniform in size, and the exceptionally heavy netting is laced and interlaced over the entire surface, making it an ideal shipper. The flesh is green, shading to salmon about the seed cavity, which is unusually small. The meat is solid and fine grained; flavor unexcelled. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

HEARTS OF GOLD—This is an orange fleshed variety of medium size, ideal as a shipping melon and a desirable mid-season sort for the home garden. The vines are vigorous, blight resisting and very productive. The fruits are nearly round and are uniformly of medium size. The netting is exceptionally fine and dense, extending over practically the entire surface. The rind is thin, yet very firm, so that the melons arrive in perfect condition in distant markets. The flesh is very thick, firm, highly colored, of fine texture and delicious flavor. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

HONEY DEW MELON

The fruits are of medium size, round or slightly oval, five to six inches in diameter and weigh about six lbs. each. The skin is smooth with an occasional net and when fruits are ripe is creamy yellow in color. Flesh light emerald green, fine grained and of very sweet, sugary flavor. Rind thin, but very firm and the fruits stand shipping remarkably well. If picked shortly before fully mature, the fruits will keep for several weeks. Matures about two weeks later than Rocky Ford. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 65c; 1 lb., \$2.00.



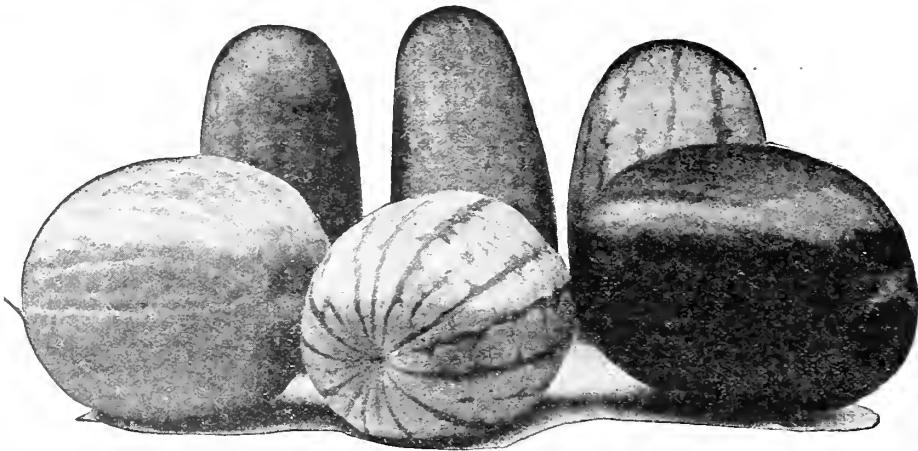
Honey Dew Melon

MARYLAND or EARLY KNIGHT—Days to maturity, 90. A variety developed by a Mr. Knight of Anne Arundel County, Maryland. It is a melon of excellent flavor, of convenient and attractive size and of beautiful interior color—green edge with light golden yellow. The length will average 7 inches. It is 10 days earlier than Rocky Ford, twice as productive and larger in size. The vines are of a strong, healthy growth, branch freely, setting a large number of fruits close to the hill. The melons are fine, regular in size and form, nearly round or slightly oval, and very closely netted. The skin is of a light golden hue when fully ripened. Flesh bright green and ripens close to the skin. Pkt., 15c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50, prepaid.

JENNY LIND—Vine rather small, but vigorous and productive. Fruit small, somewhat flattened, deeply ribbed and well netted. Flesh green and exceedingly sweet. This variety ripens early and on account of its size is particularly good for hotel use. We know of no green fleshed melon maturing equally as early that is of more excellent quality. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

BURREL'S GEM—6 to 7 inches in length and 4 to 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ in diameter. Well ribbed and covered with a fine grayish netting. Skin a rich dark green with deep orange salmon colored flesh of the finest flavor, sweet and tender. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

BANANA—Attains a length of from 18 to 40 inches; from 2 to 4 inches thick. Flesh very thick, of salmon color. It looks almost like an overgrown banana, and smells like one, hence its name. Has a peculiar flavor, differing from ordinary musk melons, and by some is considered superior. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.75.



WATER MELONS

To grow good Water Melons it is essential to have good rich soil, an abundance of well-rotted manure, hen manure, guano, or other forms rich in nitrogen being most desirable. Put a good covering of fresh soil over the manure. Plant in hills about 6 feet apart; plant from 10 to 12 seeds in a hill.

Frequent watering of the plants with liquid manure will hasten the growth, thus diminishing the danger from insect pests. The protection against blight and insect pests is to maintain a vigorous and continuous growth.

IRISH GREY—In sweetness, it is like Kleckley's Sweet; in shipping quality, uniformity in shape, size and in productivity it compares with Tom Watson. The thin rind is so tough it will not burst from rough treatment in transit; its keeping quality will appeal to shippers who have experienced losses on account of glutted markets. The color is a distinct mottled greenish grey; the flesh is red, sweet, and crisp and free from stringiness. An unusual melon, for although a grand shipper it is equally fine for the home garden. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00.**

HALBERT HONEY—Dark, rich colored skin, regular in shape, crimson meat, small white seed—a very fine melon for home use; fully equals Kleckley's Sweet. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c.**

TOM WATSON—An extra long melon of attractive appearance. Average melon weighs from 35 to 40 lbs. The crimson fruit is sweet as honey. Very prolific. Produces the large, luscious fruit in great abundance. The rind is very thin, but exceedingly tough and on this account is a very good shipper. The skin is dark mottled green. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c.**

KLECKLEY'S SWEET—Large, oblong melon; skin dark green; flesh bright scarlet, very sweet and sugary; one of the best melons that has been offered. If you have a home garden you can't afford to be without this. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c.**

GYPSY OR GEORGIA RATTLESNAKE—Standard Southern variety of large size, possessing very remarkable shipping qualities; oblong, square at the ends; scarlet flesh. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c.**

HARRIS' EARLIEST—A splendid large, extra early melon of exceptionally fine quality. Fruit uniform in shape, slightly oval with irregularly mottled broad stripes of light and dark

green. Flesh bright red, sweet and tender. Seed black. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c.**
CITRON, for PRESERVES—This melon is used exclusively for making preserves. The flesh is thick and clear white, and makes preserves of excellent quality. Cultivation similar to water melons. There are two varieties, one with red seed and the other with green. We offer either kind at following prices, by mail. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c.**

SWEET HEART—Fruit large, oval, uniformly mottled, light and dark green; rind thin but firm; flesh red, solid, melting and sweet. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c.**

MUSHROOM SPAWN

CULTURE—Any dark room or pit where the temperature can be kept from 50 to 60 degrees will do for the culture of mushrooms. In preparation for a mushroom bed, procure soil from an old pasture, and fresh horse manure, free from straw or litter, and mix thoroughly in proportion of three parts horse manure to one of loam; previous to mixing, the manure should be turned a number of times to get rid of the heat; make out of this compost a bed 8 to 10 inches deep, pressed solidly; let the temperature recede until it reaches about 90 degrees, then plant pieces of spawn the size of a walnut in holes 2 to 3 inches deep, and 6 inches apart each way; cover the holes, pressing the dirt solid. At the expiration of ten days, cover the whole with 2 inches of fresh loam and over this spread 3 or 4 inches of hay, straw or litter; in about eight weeks the mushrooms make their appearance. If the surface becomes dry, wet with warm water. One brick of spawn will plant 8 or 9 square feet. **PURE CULTURE SPAWN**—1 brick, 25c; **prepaid, 35c.** A brick weighs about 1 1/4 lbs. By express or freight at purchaser's expense, 10 bricks, \$2.25.

MUSTARD

Mustard is not only used as a condiment, but the green leaves are used as a salad or cut and boiled like spinach. Sow as early in the spring as the ground will permit, in drills about 18 inches apart, covering $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep. For succession, sow every few weeks till autumn. Water freely. In the South the seed may be sown in autumn and the plants used early in the spring as a salad and for greens.

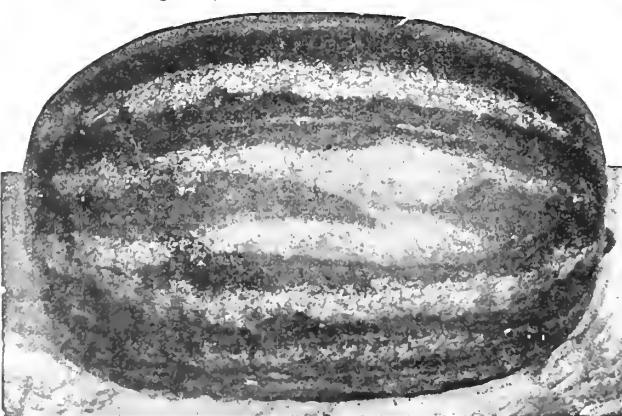
SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED—Highly esteemed in the South, where the seed is sown in the fall and used in the spring as salad. Our stock is the true curled leaf, with dark green leaves, edges of which are finely curled. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 85c.**

BROWN OR BLACK—The common small seeded variety; more pungent than the White. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 85c.**

WHITE—Best for culinary purposes and for salads. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 85c.**

OSTRICH PLUME—The leaves are long, ruffled and curled as gracefully as an ostrich plume. Is especially good as a salad and as greens, equal to spinach. The leaves are very ornamental. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 85c.**

CHAMPION MOSS CURLED—The plants, of vigorous growth, have beautiful dark green leaves which curve outward like a fine ostrich plume. It stands well, even during the hot summer months. By making several sowings a few weeks apart a continuous growth of fresh tender leaves may be had throughout the entire season. Even those who do not care for mustard as a piquant salad will be delighted with the leaves of Moss Curled cooked like spinach, any time during the summer. It is even superior to the best spinach in flavor. **Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.15.**



Sweet Heart Melon

ONIONS

To grow onions thorough preparation of the ground, careful sowing, the best of cultivation and GOOD SEED are essential. **THE SOIL**—Soft, dark, sandy loam, not too fine. This is much better if it has been cultivated with hoed crops, kept clean from weeds and well manured for two years previous, because if a sufficient quantity of manure is applied to raise an ordinary soil to a proper degree of fertility is applied at once, it is likely to make the onions soft.

SOWING THE SEED—This should be done as soon as the ground can be made ready and can be done best by a hand seed drill. This should be carefully adjusted to sow the desired quantity of seed about one-half inch deep. The quantity depends on the soil and kind of onions desired. Four to five pounds is the quantity used for an acre to grow large onions.

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE—One of the handsomest onions grown and rapidly taking the lead in our market; a large yielder, mild in flavor, clear white skin and in every way to be recommended; one of the best varieties to sow for early bunching. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.25.

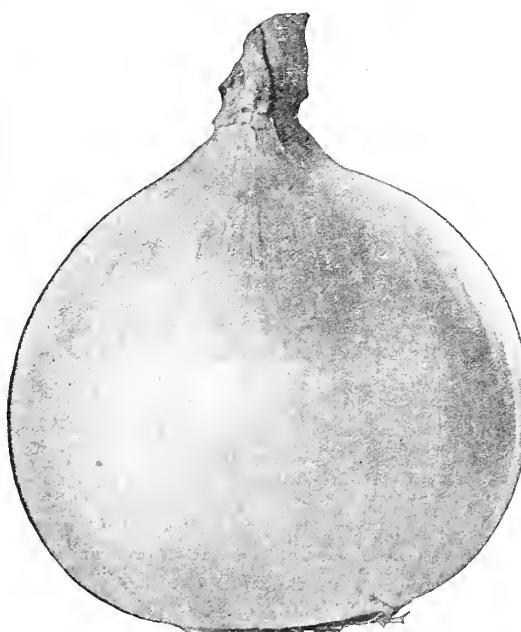
WHITE PORTUGAL, or SILVERSKIN—An early flat, white variety, mild flavor; excellent for growing sets; one of the best for pickling. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 90c; 1 lb., \$3.00.

MAMMOTH SILVER KING—An Italian variety of special merit; remarkably early, of large size and fine quality. A popular variety in the South, where it grows to an enormous size; white flesh; shape flat; mild and delicate flavor. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 90c; 1 lb., \$3.00.

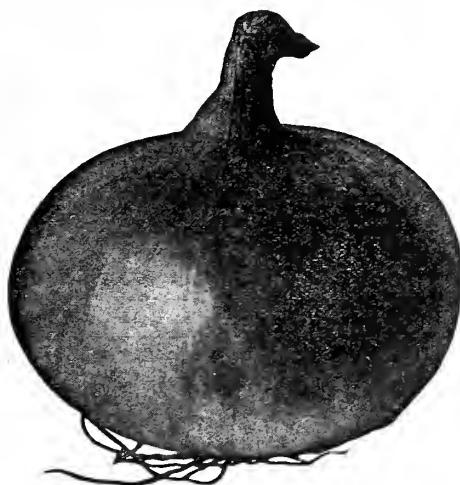
YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS—One of the most extensively used main crop yellow onions. Bulbs of medium to large size, uniformly globe-shaped with small neck, and ripen very evenly. Skin rich coppery yellow; flesh creamy white, crisp, and of mild and excellent flavor. Keeps well; excellent for shipping. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.00.

LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD—The standard variety so largely used for commercial purposes, good size; an immense yielder; deep red color; fine keeper. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$2.00.

SOUTHPORT RED GLOBE—Similar to the White Globe except in color; they are perfectly globe-shaped, more so than the Globe Danvers; of handsome appearance and heavy croppers; excellent keepers; a very desirable sort. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.25.



White Globe



Red Wethersfield

PRIZE TAKER, or SPANISH KING—Like nearly all Spanish onions, this makes extra large size onions and of particularly fine flavor. The outside skin is a rich yellow straw color, and the flesh is pure white; sweet, mild and tender. Ripens up fine and hard, and makes a very handsome and attractive onion. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.00.

BERMUDA ONION SEED FROM TENERIFFE, WHITE BERMUDA—Although this is called white, the onion is really of a pale or straw yellow color. The onions are of large size, very mild and easy to grow. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.50.

CRYSTAL WHITE WAX—This is the large, flat, pure white onion which is shipped in such large quantities from Texas each season. It matures early and is extremely mild and sweet. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.75; 1 lb., \$6.50.

PRICES ON LARGER QUANTITIES ON REQUEST

ONION SETS

Prepaid Qt.

Write for special prices on large lots. Prices variable. Top sets, 28 lbs., per bushel; bottom sets, 32 lbs. per bushel.	
Bottom Sets, Yellow.....	\$0.25
Bottom Onion Sets, Red.....	.25
Bottom Onion Sets, White.....	.25



Onion Sets



Hollow Crown Parsnip

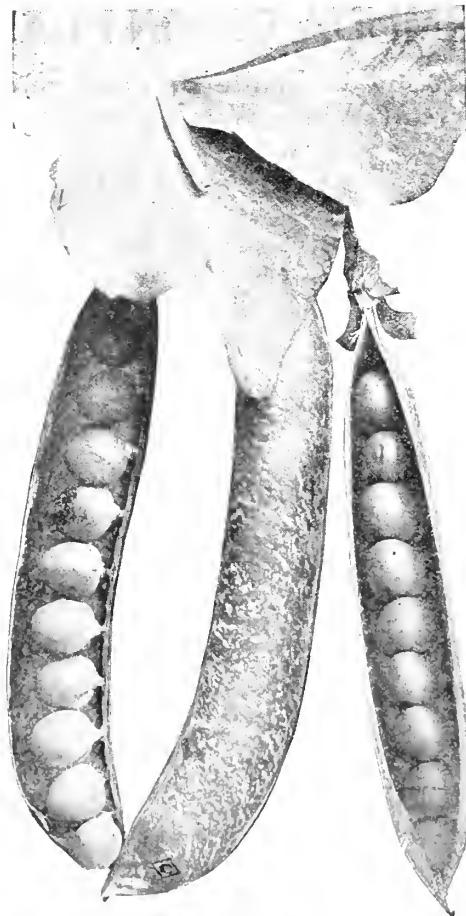
OKRA OR GUMBO

CULTURE—After danger of frost is past, the ground being warm and in good condition, plant in rows about 2 feet apart, covering about an inch deep with fine soil, firmly packed down. When about 2 inches high, thin to about 1 foot apart in the row. The young seed pods are used in soups, stews, etc. It is very highly prized in the South.

PERKINS' MAMMOTH LONG POD—A new okra, esteemed by canners and market gardeners. It is a great improvement on the old green podded sorts. Large, handsome, green pods; fine quality; very productive; 4 to 5 feet tall. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 75c.

WHITE VELVET—The pods of this variety are not ridged or square edged, but are round and smooth and much larger than the other sort. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 75c.

DWARF GREEN—Plants of dwarf, stocky growth, wonderfully prolific and mature pods ready for use ten days to two weeks earlier than the tall varieties; pods 3 to 4 inches in length and heavily ridged. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 75c.



Laxtonian Peas

PARSNIPS

CULTURE—The parsnip thrives best in a deep, mellow soil. Sow the seed early in the spring in rows 15 inches apart covering the seed half an inch deep; thin out the plants when well up to 5 inches apart in the rows.

HOLLOW CROWN, or GUERNSEY—Smooth, large roots, sweet and of most excellent flavor. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

PARSLEY

CULTURE—The seed is very slow to germinate and should be sown very early in the spring, previously soaking the seed for a few hours in warm water. Sow in drills 1 foot apart, and when the plants are well up, thin to 1 foot in the row. When the plants are about 3 inches high cut off all the leaves; the plant will be brighter and better curled; every cutting will result in improvement. One ounce to 150 feet of drill.

CHAMPION MOSS CURLED—This a vigorous, compact growing variety, excellent for garnishing and flavoring, and a handsome decorative plant. Leaves very finely cut and so closely crisped or curled as to resemble bunches of moss. Owing to its uniformity, fine, deep green color and very attractive foliage, this is one of the most popular sorts for both the market and home garden. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.25.

PLAIN—The leaves of this variety are flat, deeply cut, but not curled. Very desirable for flavoring soups and stews and for drying. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.25.

TURPIN ROOTED—A fleshy rooted variety. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c.

PEAS

CULTURE—For early peas the soil should be light and warm, but for a general crop a moderately heavy soil is better. Fresh manure and very rich or wet mucky soil should be avoided as they cause a rank growth of vine at the cost of the quality of the peas. Sow as early as possible a few of some early variety on warm, quick soil, prepared the fall before, planting in double rows 6 to 8 inches apart and 2½ to 4 feet between the double rows. Larger pods and more of them will be produced if the seed be planted in trenches 3 to 6 inches deep and covered with only 1 or 2 inches of soil; when the plants are 5 to 6 inches high, fill the trench level with the surface. If the peas be covered to the full depth at first, or if water be allowed to stand in the trenches, they will not germinate or grow well. All varieties growing more than 1½ feet do better if staked up or brushed when 4 to 6 inches high. The support is usually given by sharpened branches of trees set between the double rows.

FIRST AND EARLY VARIETIES

LAXTONIAN—A new, early pea of small size and exceptional quality. The vines are dwarf, growing from 15 to 20 inches, but the pods are from 4 to 4½ inches long, of bluish green color, and pointed at the end. Each pod contains from seven to ten peas of very large size and delicious flavor. The vines are vigorous, of fine dark green color, and need no support. Try a row or two of these fine new peas and we know that you will be delighted with them. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

MCLEAN'S LITTLE GEM—An early dwarf pea, of superior flavor and very prolific. Height 14 inches. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

THOMAS LAXTON—Closely resembles the Gradus in habit and rapidity of growth. It is one of the finest early large podded peas, in earliness within a day or two of the earliest of all, containing 7 or 8 very large peas of the richest flavor. Height, 3 to 3½ feet, and one of the finest ever introduced. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

FIRST AND EARLY VARIETIES—Cont.

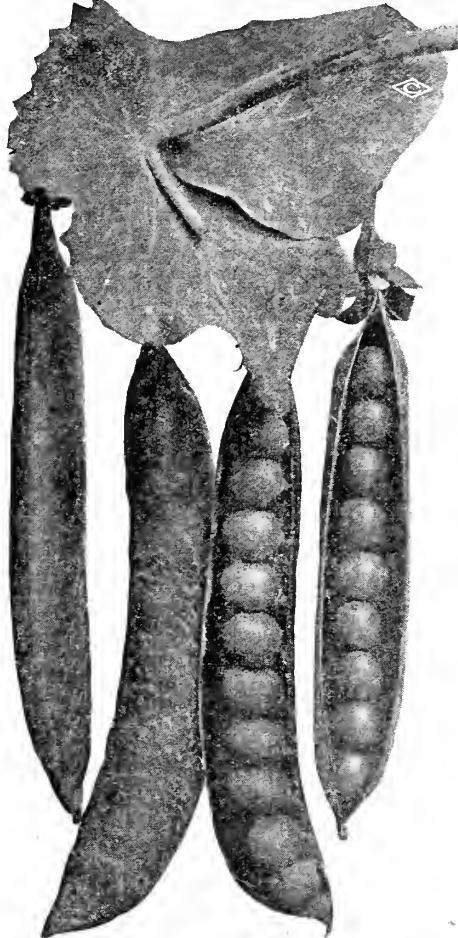
NOTT'S EXCELSIOR—It resembles the American Wonder, but the vines are larger and more vigorous. Height 12 inches. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

GRADUS, or PROSPERITY—The earliest large podded pea in cultivation; the immense pods are as large as those of the Telephone; uniformly well shaped, nearly round and well filled with large, handsome peas. The vine has heavy stems, with large dark green leaves; grows 3 feet in height. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

LITTLE MARVEL—For the early crop, this variety is better than American Wonder or Nott's Excelsior, as it matures earlier and the pods contain more peas. It is dwarf, about 16 inches high, plants are very productive, bearing many twin pods, which are dark green. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

HARNDEN'S FIRST AND BEST—The earliest and most even strain of white, extra early peas. Vines vigorous and hardy, of medium height, about $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet, bearing 3 to 7 straight pods of good size, about $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ inches long, each containing 5 to 7 medium sized, smooth peas of fair quality. Seed small, smooth, yellowish white. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

EARLIEST OF ALL, of ALASKA—Vines medium height, about $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet and of distinctive light color. Pods of good size, about $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ inches long filled with light green peas of good flavor. Seed small, smooth and bluish green in color. Matures all the crop at once and is an invaluable variety for market gardeners and canners. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.



Gradus Pea

HARNDEN'S ELECTRIC—The earliest wrinkled pea and largest podded of the dwarf varieties. It is also one of the most vigorous in growth of vine and is unsurpassed in quality. The pods mature very nearly as early as those of Nott's Excelsior, but are broader and with the foliage distinctly lighter green. Pods large for so early a variety, $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 inches long. Vines about $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 16 inches high. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

AMERICAN WONDER—The earliest of the wrinkled sorts; grows about 9 inches high and is covered with well filled pods, often containing 7 or 8 tender and sweet peas. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

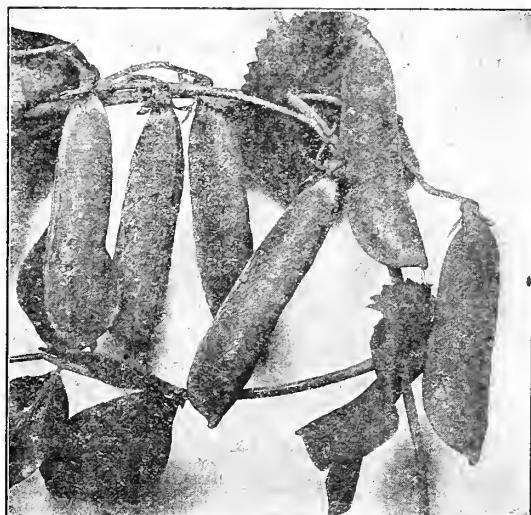


Alaska Pea

LATE VARIETIES

LARGE WHITE MARROWFAT—The vines of this variety are about 5 feet high and of strong growth. The pods are large, cylindrical, rough, light colored and well filled; seed large, smooth, round and light yellow. The variety is excellent for summer. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

EVERBEARING—Grows from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet high, of branching habit, pods from 3 to 4 inches long, containing from 6 to 8 of the very largest peas, of particularly rich flavor. Unsurpassed in quality and very productive, continuing a long time in bearing. Prepaid, pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.



American Wonder Pea

PEPPERS

CULTURE—Sow seed early in hotbed, or about middle of spring, in open seed bed, the soil being light and warm. When 3 inches high, transplant in rows about $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart in the rows. Cultivate and keep free from weeds. Guano or hen manure hoed into the rows when about 6 inches high will certainly increase the growth.

CHINESE GIANT PEPPER—One of the very largest and best mango peppers; mammoth size, splendid shape, bright glossy pods; mild flavor. Very shy seeder. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$2.00.

IMPROVED BULL NOSE OR SWEET MOUNTAIN—A very large sort of inverted bell shape, suitable for filling or for a mixed pickle; flesh thick, hard and less pungent than most other sorts. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.75.

RUBY GIANT—A beautiful variety, being a cross between the Ruby King and the Chinese Giant. It possesses the large size of the Chinese Giant and the splendid shape of the Ruby King. The flesh is mild and sweet, making a good salad sliced and served with tomatoes. This new sort will undoubtedly become very popular both in the home and in the market garden. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.75.

RUBY KING—The peppers are of a bright ruby red color, from $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 inches long, by $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 inches in diameter. Flavor mild, and can be sliced and eaten with pepper and vinegar like tomatoes. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.75.

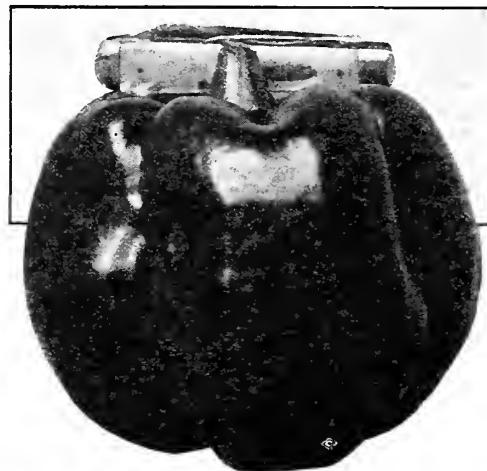
CELESTIAL—A beautiful and attractive plant; the peppers up to the time when they are fully grown, are of a delicate, creamy yellow color, and when fully grown change to an intense vivid scarlet, making the plant, when loaded with fruit, part of one color and part of the other, very attractive. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$2.00.

TRUE RED CHILI—Very pliant and prolific; small slim fruits, generally used for making pepper sauce. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 60c.

TOBASCO—The plants develop into large bushes, bearing profusely the little bright peppers in sprays. A mature pepper measures about one inch in length. These peppers are extremely hot and fiery in flavor. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 60c.

PIMENTO—The fruits of this variety are exceptionally smooth and glossy, of good size, medium length and attractive color. The flesh is very thick and solid, mild and very fine flavor. Desirable for salads and stuffed peppers. The plants are vigorous and upright, about two feet high, with short, broad dark green leaves. The fruits are deep green when young, becoming deep red when they mature. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 60c.

LONG RED CAYENNE—Pods small, cone shaped, scarlet red, and when ripe use for pickles and pepper sauce. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.75.



Worldbeater Pepper

WORLDBEATER—A large-sized scarlet Pepper as early as Ruby King but larger and broader at the blossom end. The thick flesh makes it a fine shipper. It is quite mild in flavor and the plants are very prolific and give heavy yields of attractive Peppers. Prepaid, pkt., 15c; oz., 65c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.85; 1 lb., \$5.50.

BIRD'S EYE, or CREOLE—The smallest fruited of all hot peppers. Fruits are very small, egg shaped, and very pungent. Excellent for the home garden, as it can be used in making of chili or tobasco sauce. Pkg., 15c; oz., 75c.

PUMPKINS

CULTURE—Pumpkins are not so particular in regard to soil as melons or cucumbers, but are cultivated the same, though on a larger scale. They are raised between the hills of corn or in fields by themselves. After danger of frost is over, plant the seed in hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way, dropping about a dozen seeds in each hill. Have the soil as rich as possible. One pound for 200 or 300 hills; 4 pounds per acre.

KING OF THE MAMMOTH—This is the genuine King of the true Mammoth Pumpkin. The largest pumpkin grown, often attaining a weight of 200 pounds and over. The flesh and skin are of a bright, golden yellow color; of excellent quality and a splendid keeper. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.75.

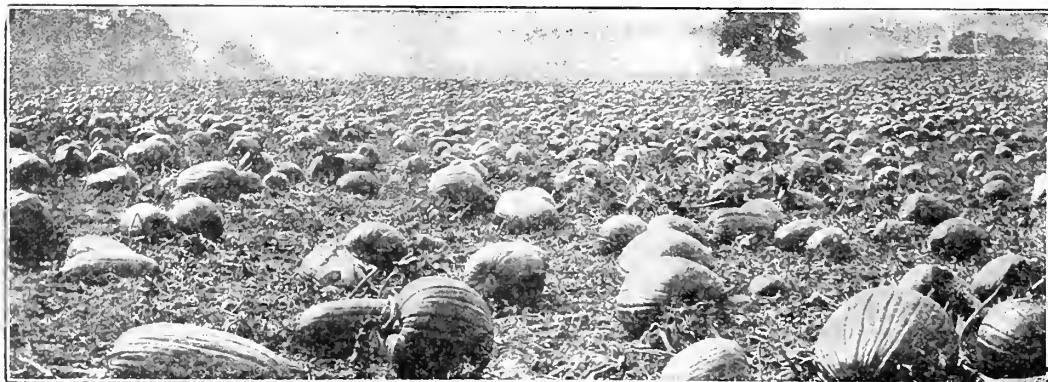
SWEET POTATO—Pear shaped, medium sized; creamy white in color, sometimes striped with green; flesh fine grained and very sweet. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25

SMALL SUGAR—Handsome and prolific; of small size, average about 10 inches in diameter. Skin deep orange yellow. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

CONNECTICUT FIELD—One of the best for field culture; can be grown with corn, largely used for stock feeding. Deep, rich yellow color. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c.

LARGE CHEESE, or KENTUCKY FIELD—A popular variety in the South. Fruit flattened; skin mottled light green and yellow; flesh tender; excellent quality. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 65c.

CUSHAW—A prolific variety; large size, frequently weighing 60 pounds and over; white striped and mottled with green. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25.



Field of Connecticut Field Pumpkins

RADISHES

HARNDEN'S SELECTED RADISH SEED

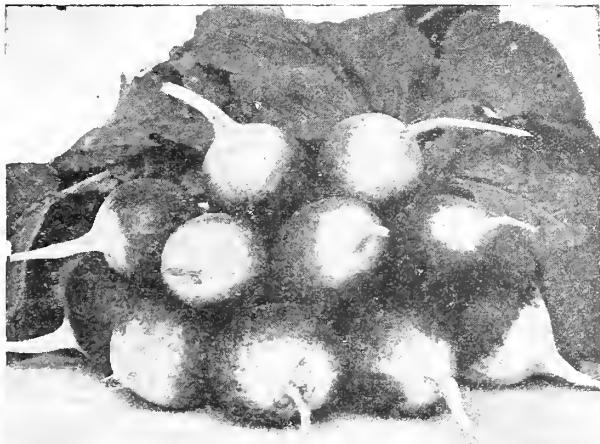
ALL FINEST STRAINS OF IMPORTED SEED—For outdoor planting sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. A rich, sandy loam is the best for radishes; avoid the use of rank manure. A light dressing of nitrate of soda will greatly stimulate the growth and insure tender, brittle roots. Sow in drills about 12 inches apart and thin out to keep from crowding. Successional sowing from 10 to 12 days will keep a supply. For forcing seed in the hotbed or under glass in rich sandy soil, made perfectly level. Scatter the seed evenly over the soil, and cover with about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of sifted earth. Water carefully and keep moist.

EARLY SCARLET TURNIP—A round, red, turnip-shaped radish with small tops and of very quick growth, deserving general cultivation on account of its rich scarlet red color and white crisp and tender flesh. Very desirable for early outdoor planting, as well as forcing. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 85c.

HARNDEN'S EARLY SCARLET TURNIP, White Tipped—One of the handsomest of the turnip radishes and a great favorite in many large markets for early planting outdoors. It will give entire satisfaction where extreme earliness and small tops are not the chief consideration. Roots nearly round, slightly flattened on the under side, color very deep scarlet with a distinctly white tip. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 85c.

HARNDEN'S EARLY SCARLET GLOBE—The roots of this variety are slightly olive-shaped, a rich bright scarlet in color; flesh white and tender. We especially recommend this to gardeners as a large, first early forcing radish. It is also very desirable for first early planting outdoors. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

CRIMSON GIANT TURNIP—The best radish for forcing or for early planting out of doors; will grow larger and remain solid longer than any other round, red forcing radish. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 85c.



Harnden's Early Scarlet Turnip White Tipped

Nico-Dust No. 10 Will Kill Lice on Radish Tops



FRENCH BREAKFAST—A quick growing, small, olive-shaped radish about $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches long by $\frac{5}{8}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch in diameter when fully grown. Color, beautiful deep scarlet except a little clear white about the tip. Its small top and earliness make it very desirable for growing under glass as well as for planting outdoors. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 85c.

EARLY LONG SCARLET, SHORT TOP, IMPROVED—This is a standard, most excellent sort, either for the home garden or the market. Tops short and comparatively small. Roots smooth, slender, uniform in shape and very attractive bright red in color. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 85c.

LONG WHITE VIENNA, or LADY FINGER—This is one of the finest long radishes, beautiful in shape, skin and flesh pure white. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 85c.

ICICLE—The earliest and finest long white radish. The young radishes are ready for use even earlier than the long scarlet, and continue to grow for a long time fully retaining their tenderness and mild flavor until quite large. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 85c.

WHITE STRASBURG—A leading sort on our market; half long in shape; both skin and flesh pure white, firm and brittle; grows to a large size and withstands severe heat. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 85c.

SPARKLER—Rich carmine color with pronounced tip of purest white. The roots even when fully developed, are solid, crisp and sweet. It is equally well adapted for forcing in frames or growing in the open ground, for while the leaves are small, they are sufficiently large for bunching. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 85c.

WINTER VARIETIES

Seed for winter radishes should be sown about the 1st of August in rich, warm, sandy loam, in rows about 20 inches apart, covering with half an inch of fine soil firmly pressed down. For winter use, the roots should be pulled and packed in damp sand and stored in a cool cellar.

CELESTIAL—Sold also as Chinese White Winter. Roots long with beautiful white skin and flesh, usually the least pungent of the winter varieties. Flesh compact and crisp. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

ROSE CHINA WINTER—One of the best fall radishes; a favorite with market gardeners. Bright rose color, flesh white, firm and of superior quality. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

ROUND BLACK SPANISH—Skin black, flesh white; roots round—very compact and pungent, but well flavored. Keeps well through the winter. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

LONG BLACK SPANISH—One of the latest and hardest long radishes, especially adapted for winter use. Roots rather long, thick, almost black, with white flesh. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00.



White Icicle

RHUBARB OR PIE PLANT

Sow in drills 1 foot apart, 1 inch deep. When a few inches high thin a foot apart. In the fall prepare the ground for the final bed by deep trenching. Mix manure with the soil; the richer the soil and the deeper it is worked, the better. Set the plants 3 feet apart each way. The stalks should not be cut the first spring.

VICTORIA—Large and tender. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.75.

RHUBARB ROOTS

Large roots, each 15c; two for 25c; per dozen, \$1.50. Small roots, each 10c; three for 25c; per dozen, 75c; add 5c each for postage if to go by mail.

SALSIFY or Vegetable Oyster

One of the most desirable winter vegetables. The roots when cooked are very palatable and are served in a variety of different ways.

CULTURE—It succeeds best in a light, well enriched soil; coarse and fresh manure should be avoided, as it will surely cause the roots to grow uneven and ill-shaped. Sow the seed as early as possible, and quite deep in drills about 18 inches apart and thin the plants to 3 inches in the row.

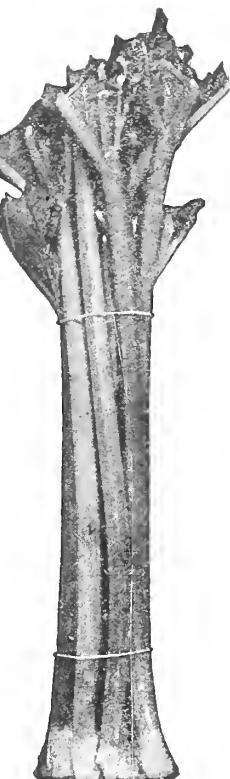
MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND—This variety grows to an extra large size, averaging fully double the size and weight of roots of the old French variety. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c; 1 lb., \$2.75.

SPINACH

CULTURE—Spinach is an important market gardener's crop, of easy culture. For spring and summer use, sow in drills 1 foot apart and 1 inch deep as early as the ground can be worked, and every two weeks for a succession. For winter and early spring use, sow in September in well manured ground; cover with straw on the approach of severe cold weather. The ground cannot be too rich; the stronger the ground the more delicate and succulent will be the leaves. The New Zealand spinach, which requires more room, as it makes a large and spreading plant, may be started from seed early in the spring to give greens during the heat of summer. Light applications of nitrate of soda have often a magical effect on spinach.

BLOOMSDALE, or SAVOY LEAVED—Leaves large, curled and wrinkled, like Savoy cabbage; very hardy. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c.

ROUND THICK LEAFED—Good for either fall or spring sowing; very hardy; leaves large, round, thick. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 40c;



Victorin Rhubarb

NEW ZEALAND—Unlike other spinach, it thrives during hot weather or in any soil. The tender shoots are of good quality and may be cut through the summer. Plant 3 or 4 seeds in hills two feet apart each way. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.25.

KING OF DENMARK—This new variety is undoubtedly the most valuable introduction of spinach in recent years. Although the plants are ready for use almost as soon as the medium early sorts, they remain in good condition from a week to two weeks after all other varieties have gone to seed.

The plants are of rapid growth, resemble the Long Season in type, but leaves are more crumpled or blistered and are of a darker green color. The leaves are thick, stand well after cutting and are of good quality.

We believe this variety will in a few years be one of the leading sorts as its distinctive qualities are sure to win favor for it from both the home and market gardener. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 50c.

PRINCESS JULIANA—Large, crumpled dark green leaves, suitable for summer or autumn planting. We are convinced that the Princess Julian Spinach will become the most popular variety on the market, not only for its rapid, uniform growth and delicious and tempting flavor, but also because it remains in prime condition longer before bolting to seed than any other sort. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 50c.

SQUASH

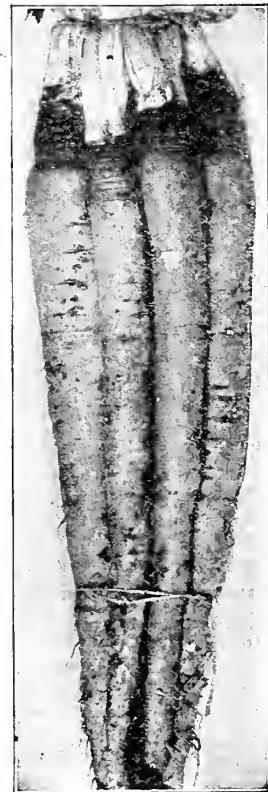
Do not plant until the weather is warm and settled. The plants are very tender and sensitive to cold. Use the same culture as for cucumbers and melons, but squash is less particular as to soil. Three plants are sufficient for one hill. For early squashes, seed can be planted in boxes and transplanted.

WINTER VARIETIES

WARTED HUBBARD—The principal late squash for commercial purposes. An improvement on the old Hubbard. Skin heavily warted. The best late squash to plant for general crop. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

GOLDEN HUBBARD—A perfect type of the Green Hubbard, except in color, which is a bright, deep orange yellow; very showy and attractive. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

BOSTON MARROW—A fall and winter variety of medium large size, oval shape, bright orange color, with a shading of light cream color. Flesh rich yellow, fine grained, rich, delicious flavor. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50.



Salsify

DELICIOUS—Delicious Squash is particularly excellent in table quality and is by some preferred even to the Hubbard. It is a very early winter variety of medium size; shell moderately hard but very thin; flesh thick, fine grained and bright yellow in color. Even when immature, this squash is in condition for use and is of very fine flavor. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.75.

SUMMER VARIETIES

MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH SCALLOP—An early flat, scalloped variety, pure white; favorite early sort. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

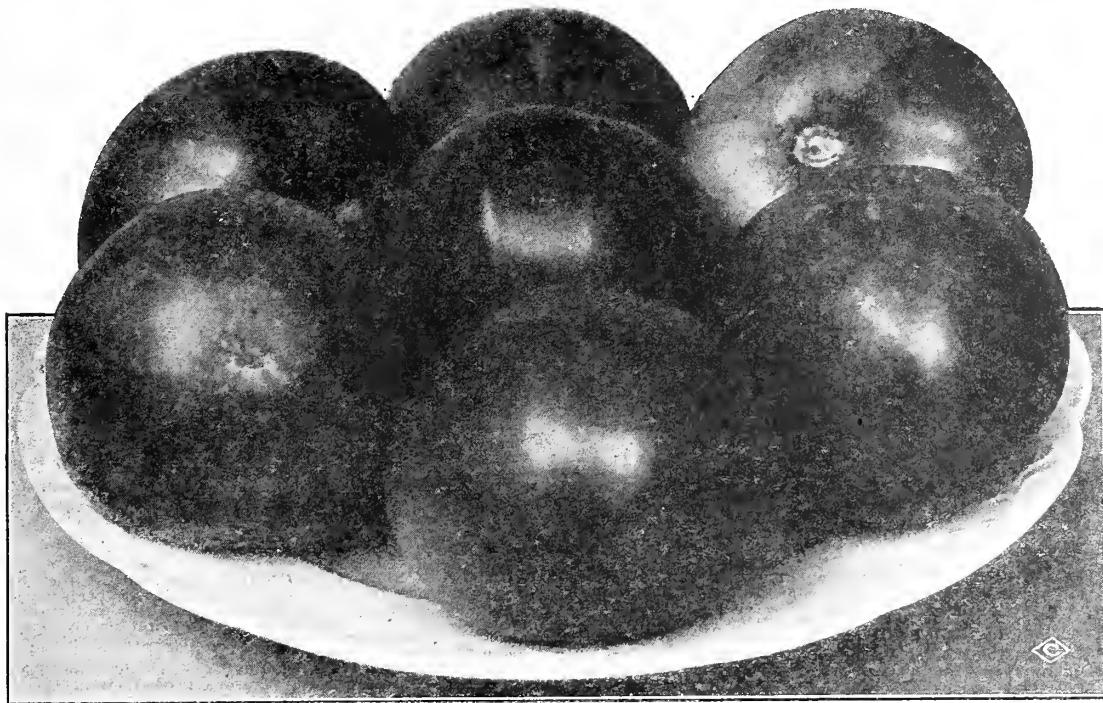
GIANT SUMMER CROOK NECK—Early, rough, warty surface, orange yellow; good quality. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

DELICATA—The earliest and most prolific of the vine squashes, and although of small size, the flesh is wonderfully solid, with a small seed cavity. It cooks dry and is rich flavored. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50.



Warted Hubbard

HARNDEN'S SELECTED TOMATOES



Bonny Best Tomatoes

Best New Jersey Grown Seed—Early and Late—Every Type and Size

CULTURE—Tomatoes do best on not over rich soil, and success depends upon securing a rapid, vigorous and unchecked growth during the early part of the season. Even a slight check while the plants are small will materially diminish their productiveness. Sow the seed in hotbeds or seed boxes, and when the plants have four leaves, transplant into shallow boxes or cold frames.

ACME—One of the best, earliest, purple-fruited tomatoes in existence. As a shipping sort for growing in Southern states, it is unsurpassed. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; 1 lb., \$4.00.

BEAUTY—Rich, glossy crimson, with a slight purple tinge; large size, very smooth and solid. Vines make strong growth and are very productive; fruits begin ripening about mid-season. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; 1 lb., \$4.00.

JOHN BAER—The largest fruited, smoothest, finest in quality of the extra early tomatoes. Vines short, vigorous and enormously productive; they ripen a much larger crop in the early part of the fruiting season than any other extra early variety. Fruits globular, unusually uniform and smooth. Free of wrinkled, cracked fruits. The color is a beautiful bright scarlet. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; 1 lb., \$4.00.

BONNIE BEST—A beautiful second early large red tomato. The Bonnie Best is a vigorous grower, quite prolific, with abundant foliage which protects the fruit from the hot sun. Color is a bright scarlet. The tomatoes are very uniform in size and perfect in shape. The smoothness and color make them very attractive and therefore they sell readily on the market. The Bonnie Best is splendid for home gardens. Matures in 100 days. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; 1 lb., \$4.00.

Spray with Pyrox to prevent rust, blight and mildew on Tomatoes. 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.25; 25-lb. drum, \$7.00. Dilute with water.

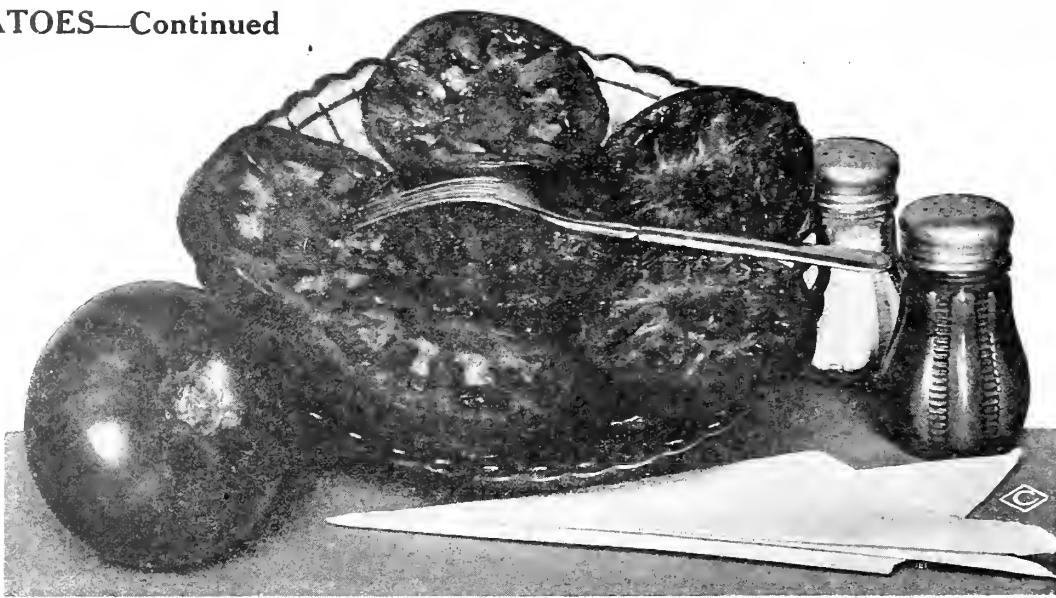
CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL—Within a week or ten days as early as the famous Spark's Earliana, it is even a heavier cropper, with tomatoes of larger size and sweeter flavor, while its more robust growth makes it a surer cropper. Of compact growth. Large, handsome fruits, very solid, deep through. Color brightest scarlet, ripening right up to the stem without any cracks or green core. Flesh thick, bright scarlet, solid, with comparatively few seeds and of sweet flavor. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$4.50.

CRIMSON CUSHION, or BEEFSTEAK—Fruit large; color bright scarlet; flesh solid and of good quality; cells small and few in number; very productive; fruit finely formed and of handsome appearance. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$5.00.

DWARF CHAMPION—A good sort for the home garden. Owing to its dwarf habit and upright tree-like growth it is a great favorite. It is of medium size, very smooth, purplish pink, symmetrical, flesh very solid. The vine is strong and stiff, requiring little support. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$4.50.

DWARF STONE—Is large dwarf tomato and resembles Dwarf Champion in habit, but is of stronger growth and more erect. The fruit is red, in shape and size similar to Tall Stone. The season is nearly as early as Dwarf Champion, but the fruits are twice the size of that sort. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$4.50.

DWARF GIANT—Dwarf Giant is the largest fruited of all dwarf varieties. Individual fruits weigh up to 20 ounces each. They are smooth and of somewhat flattened type. The color of the skin is a rich purple-crimson maintained evenly over the entire fruit. The flesh is extremely firm and thick. The color of the flesh is a beautiful bright pinkish red. The seed cavity is extremely small and practically seedless. The flesh is firm, fine grained, showing no trace whatever of a core. The flavor is particularly noteworthy, surpassing even Matchless and Trucker's Favorite, as well as its parent Ponderosa. The growth of the plants is distinct, with a short thick main stem, seldom growing more than 3 to 4 feet in height. The fruits are borne in clusters all along the vine. It is particularly suited for the home garden because of the compact bush growth. Prepaid, pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c; oz., 75c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$2.25; 1 lb., \$7.50.

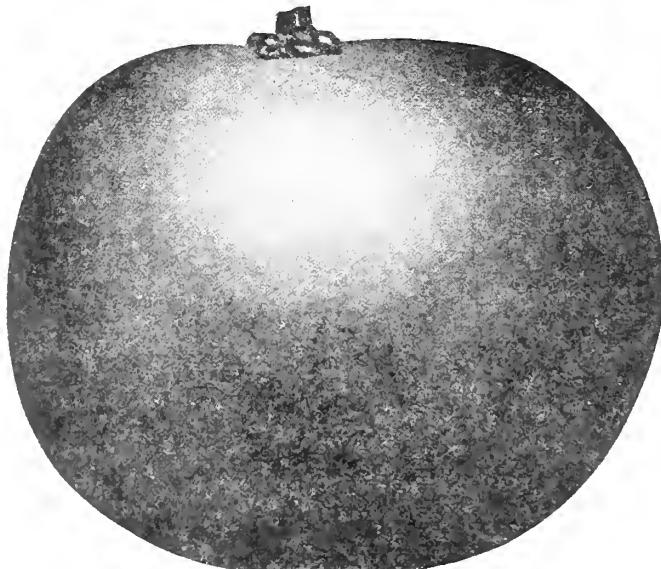
TOMATOES—Continued**Ponderosa**

DWARF PONDEROSA—Dwarf plant and giant fruit. The fruit has the mild sweet flavor of Ponderosa, is also very large and meaty, with very little core. It is deep purplish-crimson in color and belongs to the later-fruiting types. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.75; 1 lb., \$5.50.

EARLIANA—This tomato has become very popular with many growers of tomatoes for early market; it is a very excellent variety, good color; twice as many plants can be grown on an acre of this variety than any other variety grown. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$4.50.

NEW GLOBE—It is of a beautiful globe-shape, with quite a percentage of elongated fruits, which permits of a greater number of slices being taken than with flat-fruited sorts. Among the very first to ripen, although of large size, very smooth, firm-fleshed, few seeds, ripens evenly; color a beautiful glossy rose, tinged purple. Flavor very delicate and agreeable; splendid slicing variety. A good general cropper, and one of the very best for greenhouse growing, or first early crop. Prepaid, pkt., 15c; oz., 75c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$2.25; 1 lb., \$7.50.

GOLDEN PONDEROSA—This is yellow Ponderosa equal in size to that magnificent variety. Sliced and served with the Purple Ponderosa, it makes a highly decorative and appetizing salad. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 75c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$2.00.

**Earliana**

HARNDEN'S NEW CARDINAL—Crops until killed by frost. For tomatoes of the largest size, always perfectly smooth, firm and handsome, fine keeping qualities and finest flavor. It is an excellent tomato for the market or cannery use on account of the tomato being firm and will keep quite awhile after the fruit is ripe.

The fruit of a rich cardinal red, solid, smooth and free from core. It is strong, vigorous grower, with thrifty vines which produce large handsome tomatoes abundantly throughout the season.

The tomatoes are always of the largest size; they do not become smaller even later in the season, as the healthy growth of the vine and foliage carry magnificent. One of the best main crop tomatoes. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$4.00.

JUNE PINK—The Best Extra Early Pink—In many perhaps the greater number of markets, a pink early tomato is most desired; this is the earliest of the pink varieties and is similar in habit to the famous Earliana. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$2.00; 1 lb., \$6.00.

MARGLOBE—This special strain of Marglobe is a remarkable pure scarlet, globe-shaped variety of extra large size and early maturity. It is resistant to nail-head rust and fusarium wilt. Attractive, solid and tasty. Prepaid, pkt., 15c; oz., \$1.00; 4 ozs., \$2.25; 1 lb., \$7.50.

MATCHLESS—A large, bright red tomato; fruit large, smooth and symmetrical; flesh bright red color. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$4.50.

NEW STONE—Large, smooth tomato; color bright scarlet; ripens evenly on the stem; solid; an excellent shipper; very productive; fine for canning. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; 1 lb., \$3.50.

MONTEREY—This is one of the largest varieties. Although somewhat irregular in shape it is good, both as a slicing tomato and for stewing. The fruits are of a purplish pink color; very solid and ripens early, continuing to do so until frost. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 75c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$2.00; 1 lb., \$6.50.

REDHEAD—An early deep red variety of good size and shape. It is very meaty and nearly free from cracks. Fruit is very smooth and runs quite uniform in size; very productive. Prepaid, pkt., 15c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$5.00.

TRUCKERS' FAVORITE—The finest large fruited purple tomato. Most regular in form and size, thick meatied and very solid; this is one of the largest smooth tomatoes grown. Well ripened throughout. The smooth flesh fruits always bring the highest prices on our Kansas City market, where their fine flavor is especially esteemed. The fruits continue of large size to the very last, and are always unexcelled for slicing or cooking. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$4.50.

SMALL-FRUITED TOMATOES

YELLOW PEAR—A pear-shaped variety, used for preserving. Vines are very heavy yielders. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 60c.

YELLOW PLUM—Fruits plum-shaped, of clear, deep yellow color; flesh yellow and finely flavored. Much esteemed for preserves. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 60c.

RED PLUM—About same size and shape as Yellow Plum, only red in color. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

YELLOW HUSK, or GROUND CHERRY—Very sweet, mild flavor; used for preserves. Vines low and spreading. Fruits small, about one-half inch in diameter enclosed in a loose husk. The seed we offer is that of the true Yellow Ground Cherry, not the purple fruited sort that is scarcely edible. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

TURNIPS

First early varieties of turnips should be planted just as early in the spring as the ground is dry and warm. You may sow them in drills, beds or late broadcast, or among corn. The Winter Rutabaga varieties and also the early sorts will do better if planted in drills. Make the drills at least 18 inches apart, and then thin out the plants when well up to from 6 inches apart down to 3 inches, according to the variety.

PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE—Improved variety of Purple Strap Leaf, globular shaped, smooth and a favorite sort for market gardeners. It keeps well, and is excellent for early or winter market. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 70c.

AMBER GLOBE—Yellow flesh, firm, fine grain; very sweet; skin yellow, with green top; keeps well; very popular in the South. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 70c.

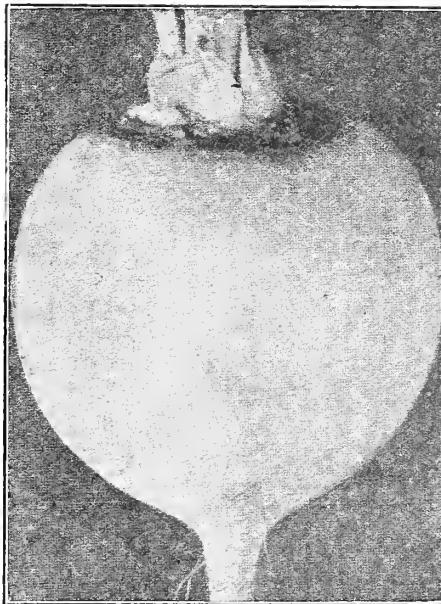
EXTRA EARLY RED TOP MILAN—The earliest strap-leaf variety, maturing a week earlier than any other sort; bulbs white, purplish top; flat and solid. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

EARLY WHITE EGG—Pure white, egg shaped, rapid grower and fine quality. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 70c.

PURPLE TOP STRAP LEAF—The most popular variety grown. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 70c.

EARLY WHITE FLAT DUTCH—A popular, well known early sort; the best variety for spring sowing. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 70c.

SEVEN TOP, or FORESTER (Winter Green)—Used extensively in the South for winter green; does not produce a good bulb; desirable only for its tops; is very hardy and will grow all winter. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 70c.



White Globe

RUTABAGAS OR SWEDES

CULTURE—Sow the seeds a month earlier than turnips. Rutabagas should be sown on ground enriched with well rotted manure, in drills 2½ feet apart, and should be thinned to 6 to 8 inches apart in the row.

PURPLE TOP YELLOW—Leading yellow variety; very productive, solid and excellent flavor; the roots grow to a large size, and are of the finest quality; unsurpassed for stock feeding. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 85c.

TOBACCO

One Ounce of Good Seed is Sufficient for an Acre.

CULTURE—Sow seed for plants early in spring in frames or seed bed, using soil well enriched with wood ashes, etc. Transplant to open ground when weather has become warm and settled, in rows 4 feet apart, and give cultivation as for corn.

WHITE BURLEY—This variety is especially valuable to manufacturers, either for cut or plug tobacco. It is sometimes used for wrappers. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.75.

MISSOURI BROAD LEAF—Extensively grown in Kansas and Missouri; the large broad leaves are used for the wrappers. Prepaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.75.

HERBS

ANISE (Annual)—Cultivated for its seeds and its leaves, which have a fragrant, agreeable scent, and a pleasant taste. Pkt. 10c; oz., 35c.

BALM (Perennial)—Aromatic taste and fragrant smell. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c.

BORAGE (Gurkenkraut)—Annual—In Germany the leaves are cut and used for a cucumber salad. Beautiful blue flowers. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

CARAWAY (Kuemmel)—The seeds are useful for flavoring. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c.

CATNIP, or CATMINT—A great favorite among medicinal herbs. Pkt., 15c; oz., 90c.

CHERVIL—Annual—Used for soups and salads. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

CORIANDER—Annual—Its tender leaves are sometimes used for soups and salads. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c.

DANDELION (Loewenzahn)—Perennial—Cultivated for greens, an excellent tonic. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

DILL—Annual—Cultivated for its seeds, which are used medicinally, and for flavoring pickles. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; lb., 90c.

HOREHOUND—Perennial—Of strong and aromatic smell, used as a tonic. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

HYSSOP—Perennial—with aromatic flowers and pungent flavor. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

LAVENDER—Perennial—Cultivated for its fragrant flowers and aromatic leaves. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

ROSEMARY—Perennial—The tops only are used as a medicine. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

RUE—Perennial—A very powerful tonic. It must not be allowed to run to seed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c.

SAGE—Perennial—Tea made from these leaves is an excellent means of producing sweat. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

SAVORY—Annual—Leaves are used for culinary purposes. Pkt. 10c; oz., 30c.

SORREL—Perennial—Broad leaves. Used in soups and salads and sometimes cooked like spinach. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

SWEET BASIL—Annual—The leaves are used for highly seasoned dishes as well as in soups, stews, and sauce. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

SWEET FENNEL—Perennial—Tea made from the seed is an excellent remedy in case of colic and stomach complaints. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

SWEET MARJORAM—Biennial—The leaves are used in soups, the seeds in the manufacture of sausage, an aromatic of sweet flavor. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

SWEET THYME—Perennial—Thyme tea is an excellent remedy for nervous headaches. Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c.

WORMWOOD—Perennial—Used for medicinal purposes. Beneficial to poultry and should be planted in every poultry yard. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

VIGORO—The finest available fertilizer.

Odorless—Economical.

Effective—Sown by hand like grass seed.

Clean—A Swift Product—See page 72.

HARNDEN'S FINE FLOWER SEEDS

NEW AND STANDARD VARIETIES FROM ALL OVER THE WORLD

Flowers From Seed are Usually Known as Annuals, Biennials, Perennials, Greenhouse Plants, Stove Plants and Climbing Plants

ANNUALS bloom and ripen seed the first year and then perish.

BIENNIALS do not generally flower the first season and are in perfection only one year.

PERENNIALS continue to flower for several years in succession. Many of them bloom the first year if sown early.

GREENHOUSE PLANTS. Start inside and cultivate in pots, or else transplant outside when danger of frost is over.

STOVE PLANTS. To be grown inside all the year round for pots only.

CLIMBING PLANTS. Plants which vine or climb.

HARDY ANNUALS, BIENNIALS AND PERENNIALS can be sown in the open ground early in the spring if desired, and Biennials and Perennials will not require any protection in the winter.

HALF HARDY ANNUALS, BIENNIALS AND PERENNIALS should not be sown in open ground until settled warm weather, though they can be sown in the house, if desired, early and afterward transplanted. The two latter need to be protected in the winter, or carried over until spring in cold frames or greenhouses.

Annual Flower Seeds

GENERAL DIRECTIONS FOR CULTIVATION

Most flowering plants will live in almost any soil, but to give them a fair chance to develop, some care should be taken to make the ground suited to their needs. The soil best adapted for flowering plants generally is a light, friable loam, containing a sufficient amount of sand to render it porous. Many flowers are better if produced on plants of vigorous growth, hence a portion of the garden should be prepared by deep digging, thorough pulverization and liberal enriching with large quantities of well-rotted manure. Since some other varieties produce the largest and finest colored flowers when grown on rather light, poor soil, a portion of the garden should not be enriched.

Make the surface of the soil as fine, smooth and level as possible; do not plant when the ground is wet; cover each lot of seeds to a uniform depth, which should not be more than 4 to 6 times the diameter of the seed; press the soil firmly over the seed; plant in rows so that the starting plants can be easily seen; thin out the young plants to prevent crowding and keep entirely free from weeds.

Very small seeds, such as Portulaca, Canterbury Bell, Fox glove, Petunia, etc., should be merely sprinkled on the surface of the ground, after making it quite smooth with the back of the spade, and barely covered with fine sifted, light, mellow soil and afterwards protected from the scorching sun and heavy rains by a cloth, mat or some green branches stuck around them. If the weather, after sowing, should be dry, it will be necessary to water the places, where the seeds are sown, with a fine spray, regularly but slightly, every evening, as it is essential that the seeds, during the process of germination, should be kept constantly moist. From a neglect or oversight of this arise most of the failures, as the process of germination is shorter or longer in the different kinds of seeds, the patience of the cultivator is often sorely tried with the seeds of a slowly germinating character.

ABRONIA (Sand Verbena)

VERBENA-LIKE rose colored flowers. Elegant trailing habit. Hardy annual, 6 to 8 inches. Pkt., 10c.

ABUTILON (Flowering Maple)

FINE MIXED—Considered indispensable for flowering indoors during the winter and spring months, and useful for bedding out in summer. Sown indoors anytime before April, they will produce plants that will flower outdoors the first season and indoors all winter, 3 to 4 feet. Mixed colors, pkt., 25c.

ACONITUM (See Perennial Pages)

ACHILLEA (See Perennial Pages)

ACROCLINIUM (Everlasting)

This beautiful flower somewhat resembles the strawflower. It is largely used for winter bouquets, for which purpose the flowers should be cut before they are fully expanded. Height, 15 inches. Sow seed in early May.

DOUBLE ROSE—Pkt., 10c.

DOUBLE WHITE—Pkt., 10c.

Annuals for Fall Sowing

Few know how many of our prettiest and best known annuals may be sown in the fall, in fact some varieties, like the annual Larkspur, are much better, treated in this way. The principle is the one nature uses. Seed dropped from parent plants will lay dormant in the soil until early in the spring when it germinates and begins a root system long before one can get in the ground to sow seed. Consequently the flowering season is prolonged by the earlier blooming. Ground should be prepared and seed sown just previous to the late heavy frost—early in November.

Below is a partial list which may be sown successfully in fall:

Alyssum	Hunnemania
Antirrhinum	Larkspur (Annual)
Brachycome	Lavender Lace
Calendula	Flower (Didiscus)
Callopis	Nigella
Candytuft	Poppy
Centaurea	Sweet Peas
Cosmos	Virginia Stocks
Eschscholtzia	Viscaria

ADLUMIA (See Perennial Pages)



Ageratum

AGERATUM (Floss Flower)

One of the very best bedding plants, being literally a sheet of bloom from early summer till frost. June until frost.

IMPERIAL DWARF—A charming variety, about 6 inches high, of dense, compact growth, covered with fine, wooly flowers of a deep lavender color. Pkt., 10c.

IMPERIAL DWARF WHITE—Produces white flower-heads, instead of the blue of the preceding variety; 6 inches. Pkt., 10c.

LITTLE BLUE STAR—Grows in miniature bushes 5 inches high. Blooms all summer, color, sky-blue. Excellent for edging or rock work. Pkt., 10c.

MEXICANUM—18 inch beautiful, soft lavender blues, of free branching habit. Pkt., 10c.

Prices on Flower Seeds are Prepaid

AGROSTEMMA (See Perennial Pages)

ALYSSUM (Mad Wort)
(See Also Perennial Pages)

Pretty little plants for beds, vases, baskets, edging or rock work, blooming profusely all summer; useful also for winter flowering. Very sweet-scented. June until frost.

SWEET ALYSSUM (A Martinum)—Of trailing habit; flowers white. Very sweet-scented. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

LITTLE GEM, or **CARPET OF SNOW**—Of dwarf compact habit, but 4 inches high. It begins to bloom when quite small, and the plants are a solid mass of white from spring to late in autumn. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c; oz., 75c.

LILAC QUEEN—A very pretty deep lavender lilac, of dwarf compact habit. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c; oz., 75c.

AMMOBIUM (Winged Everlasting)

ALATUM GRANDIFLORUM—A pretty annual everlasting; flowers silvery white with yellow disc; grows best in light soil; 2 feet. Per 1/4 oz., 20c; pkt., 10c.

AMARANTHUS

Brilliant foliage annuals, growing from 3 to 5 feet high, some of the varieties bearing curious racemes of flowers. All are useful in borders of tall plants or for the center of large beds. July to October.

CAUDATUS (Love-Lies-Bleeding)—Blood-red; drooping. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c.

TRICOLOR (Joseph's Coat)—Leaves red, yellow and green. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c.

MOLTEN FIRE—The top leaves are a fiery crimson, the lower ones maroon. Pkt., 15c.

SUNRISE—The most brilliant of this brilliant family. The foliage is bronzy crimson each branch terminating with a tuft of bright scarlet carmine leaves. It has been used with fine effect in many of the public parks. Pkt., 15c.

ANCHUSA (Alkanet, Bugloss)

(See Also Perennial Pages)

CAPENSIS (Cape Forget-me-not)—A fine free-growing annual variety about 18 inches high, with sprays of lovely Forget-me-not blue flowers; blooms all summer. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c.

ANEMONE (See Perennial Pages)

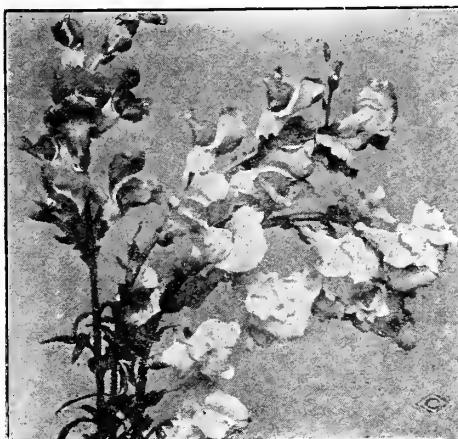
ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon)

For gorgeous coloring, few flowers can match Snapdragon. The flowers are large size, are very fragrant and are produced on immense long spikes, which render them extremely well adapted for cut flowers. They are easily raised from seed in any rich, sunny bed.

Tall, large-flowering varieties. The plants average 3 feet in height and will form large bushes, throwing up strong, stiff spikes, if given room and proper treatment. May until frost.

LARGE-FLOWERING GIANT SNAPDRAGONS—Queen Victoria, 24 to 36 inches, white shaded cream, with lemon colored lip; Golden King, yellow; Delicata, delicate rose with white throat; Rose Queen, brilliant rose pink; Coral Red, dark rose; Delilah, carmine and yellow, with white throat; Brilliant Scarlet; Garnet.

Brilliant Rose, rose pink; Cardinal; Coral Rose; Fire King, orange, scarlet, white tube; Harmony, terra cotta orange, shaded rose; Othello, dark maroon, satin sheen; Pink Venus, flesh pink, white tube; Finest Mixed, well balanced. Any of the above, pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 50c.



Snapdragon



Sweet Alyssum as a Border

ANTIRRHINUM—(Continued)

SEMI-TALL SORTS, 18 to 20 Inches—Are particularly good for bedding, as they require no staking. The flowers are most wonderful, in many new shades and tints.

Black Prince, dark crimson; Bonfire, orange or flame color, it has the tints of firelight; Canary Bird, a beautiful shade of light lemon yellow; Crimson Queen; Firebrand, fiery orange scarlet; Golden Queen, rich yellow; Queen of the North, regular bushes covered with large white flowers; Rose Dore, a pretty self-salmon rose, shaded gold; Silver Pink, delicate rose pink, seemingly covered with a silver sheen; Fawn, terra cotta pink, suffused yellow; Gloria, rich deep rose; Grenadier, orange scarlet, white tube; Prima Donna, terra cotta pink, yellow; Purity, pure white; Aurora, bright scarlet, yellow lip; Coccinea, glowing orange scarlet; Cottage Maid, pale pink, white tube; Crimson Queen; Daphne, deep rose pink, white tube; Defiance, orange scarlet; Diana, rose pink, white tube; Nelrose, deep rose pink. Mixed, any of the above named varieties, Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 60c.

ANTIRRHINUM (Maximum)

This wonderful new group of Antirrhinums far surpasses anything yet introduced. In habit they are slightly taller than the Majus group. The flowers are of magnificent size, closely placed on the spike. The group as a whole is slightly variable in size and color; 24 to 36 inches tall.

Apple Blossom, rosy pink, yellow lip; Bunch of Lilac, lilac purple; Canary Bird, canary yellow, golden yellow center; Cattleya, rosy lilac; Cerberus, carmine rose, yellow lip; Copper King, velvety copper scarlet; Diamond, golden yellow, lilac throat; Golden Queen, deep yellow; Old Gold, deep golden yellow; Purple King, deep glowing purple; Snowflake, pure white, yellow tube; The Rose, rose pink; Wallflower, brownish orange, copper red; Maximum Mixed.

Any of the above, pkt., 15c; 1/4 oz., 75c.

TOM THUMB

Extra dwarf varieties, choice mixed, 4 to 6 inches. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 40c.

AQUILEGIA OR COLUMBINE

(See Perennial Pages)

ARABIS (Rock Cress) (See Perennial Pages)

Prices on Flower Seeds are Prepaid

ARCTOTIS (African Daisy)

GRANDIS—A remarkably handsome annual from Southwest Africa. It forms much branched bushes 2 to 3 feet high; its flowers are large and showy, being pure white on the upper surface, the reverse of petals pale lilac blue. It is easily grown from seed, and may be started in hotbed, in the house, or in the open ground. The plants may be expected to come into bloom early in July and continue until quite hard frost. It delights in a sunny situation. Pkt., 10c.

ARMERIA (Sea Pink or Thrift)
(See Perennial Pages)**ASPARAGUS**

PLUMOSUS NANUS (Lace Fern)—This graceful Asparagus is an excellent house plant. Pkt., 25c; 100 seeds, \$1.00.

SPRENGERI (Emerald Feather)—One of the best plants to grow in suspended baskets, window boxes, vases, etc., for the greenhouse in winter and outdoors in summer. Pkt., 10c; 100 seeds, 50c.

AUBRIETIA (Rainbow Rock Cress)
(See Perennial Pages)**ASTERS**

Aster, Beauty Type

LATE BEAUTY TYPE

Plants about 2 to 3 feet high, of branching habit, commencing to bloom in early September and lasting until destroyed by frost. Flowers large, borne on long and stout stems, from 18 to 24 inches. This applies to all of the Beauty Class, making them most desirable for cut flowers.

Azure Fairy, azure blue or dark lavender; **Carmine Rose** (original Beauty introduced); **Crimson**; **Peach Blossom**, very desirable; **Purple**; **Rose**, pleasing bright rose; **September Beauty**, delicate flesh pink; **White Beauty**, glaint white; **Finest Mixed**. Any of the above, Pkt., 25c; 5 pkts. for \$1.00.

EARLY BEAUTY TYPE

This type has all of the characteristics of the Late Beauty Type, and is valuable for locations where the season is too late to flower the late type before frost, and for early forcing.

We wish to emphasize, however, that this is not an Early Aster as compared to Queen of the Market, but earlier than the Late Beauty Type which is the latest of all Asters. Planted at the same time, this type flowers with the Crego and American Branching.

Azure Fairy, azure blue or dark lavender; **Black Prince** (new) black hue; **Carmine Rose**; **Crimson**; **Lavender**, light grayish lavender (not a florist's color); **Peach Blossom**; **Purple**; **Rose**; **September Beauty**, delicate flesh pink; **White**; **Finest Mixed**. Any of the above, Pkt., 25c; 5 pkts. for \$1.00.

CALIFORNIA GIANT

This new Aster is an improved type of the popular Crego Aster, which has been hybridized until it has a decidedly upright stem and unusually large blossoms. Blooms 5 to 6 inches in diameter, with characteristic curled Crego petals, and are produced on stems 20 to 24 inches in length. Plants are of branching habit; grow 2 to 3 feet high; commence to bloom in early September and continue until cut down by frost.

Their unusual beauty and size, as well as their long, sturdy stems of the non-lateral type, make them very attractive for floral decoration and particularly adapted for exhibition purposes.

Peach Blossom, **Deep Rose**, **Light Blue**, **Dark Purple**.
Any of the above, pkt., 25c; 5 pkts., \$1.00.



California Giant Aster

Prices on Flower Seeds are Prepaid

ASTERS—Continued

CREGO'S GIANT COMET

We consider this the finest and largest of all Comet Asters, bearing immense fluffy flowers 5 inches and over in diameter, as fine as any Chrysanthemum, and, when cut, keep in good condition longer than any other of this type; 2 to 3 feet.

Azure Blue; White, pure white; Pink, delicate shell pink; Purple, bright purple; Rose, rich deep rose; Lavender, deep lavender; Crego's Mixed, in all colors.

Any of the above, pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 75c.

SEMPLE'S LATE BRANCHING

A class of very strong growing Asters, usually not coming into bloom until the latter part of August, but producing on very long stems, full-petaled, exceptionally large, double blossoms of fine form. Plants distinctly branching, about 2 feet high.

Azure Blue, Cardinal Deep Rose, Lavender, Light Rose, Peach Blossom, Purple and Perfection White.

Any of the above, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c.

AMERICAN ASTERMUM

A New Attractive Aster. Plants about 2 feet high, branching habit. Flowers large, double, well formed Comet class and a little earlier than Crego's.

Lavender, Rose Pink, White, and Finest Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

CRIMSON GIANT

Late branching type, but is of upright growth, with extra large, densely double flowers on stems 15 to 18 inches long; in color, a very rich blood-crimson, making a brilliant bed or border. Pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.

HEART OF FRANCE

Plants about 2 feet high, branching habit. Flowers medium size. Bright crimson. Pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.

KING ASTER (Needle Shaped Type)

Similar in habit to the late branching Asters, but producing a little earlier very large double blossoms of distinct form; many of the petals begin rather narrow and slightly quilled and curved. The inner petals are incurved, covering well the center. The plants are large and vigorous with long, strong stems; 2 to 3 feet high.

Blackish Blue, Brilliant Rose, Crimson, Lavender, Violet, White, and Mixed.

Any of the above, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.



Balsam

LAVENDER GEM

Plants about 18 inches tall, upright habit. Flowers, Comet type, silvery white when young, changing to light lavender when fully expanded. Pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.

THE SUNSHINE (Improved Anemone Flowered)

The plants are sturdy and strong, throwing up long flower stalks, making wonderful cut flowers. Some of the flowers have twisted petals and some have quilled petals; all have a cushion center of tiny quills of a contrasting color which makes a flower look as it were covered with snowflakes, 18 inches high. Pkt., 25c; 5 for \$1.00.

Pink, White Blue, Lilac, or Mixed.

YELLOW ASTERS

It is of the late type; is medium in size; is ball type; has well filled centers; is non-lateral producing; has good length stems; a good clear golden yellow color. We highly recommend this heretofore deflected color in the Aster family; 2 feet high.

Pkt., 25c; 5 for \$1.00.

OSTRICH FEATHER

This magnificent Aster produces flowers of immense size, made up of long, loosely formed petals. Blooms in August. Bright Rose, Crimson, Lavender, Shell Pink, Violet Blue, Pure White, Light Blue, Sky Blue, Mixed, all colors.

Any of the above, pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 75c.

QUEEN OF THE MARKET

Very desirable on account of the earliness, as well as profuse blooming and wide range of colors. The plants are of branching habit, about 18 inches high, bearing on long stems from ten to fifteen finely formed double flowers of medium size. Fine for cutting.

Crimson, Flesh, Lavender, Rose, Purple, and White. Prepaid, Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c.

All Colors, mixed, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c. . .

ROYAL

These are dwarf, branching, about 2 feet high. Flowers of the branching class, coming into bloom directly following the Queen of the Market.

LAVENDER—Soft lavender violet. Pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c.

PURPLE—Deep purple. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c.

DEEP ROSE—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c.

SHELL PINK—Pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c.

WHITE—Pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c.

FINEST MIXED—Pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c.

IMPROVED VICTORIA (Day-Break Type)

This is by far the finest of all Asters for beds or borders where an even growth and a mass of flowers are wanted for effect; the sturdy upright plants, 12 to 15 inches high, carry not less than fifty flowers each, producing a mass of color unequaled by any other; blooms from early August till late October.

DAYBREAK—Delicate La France pink. Pkt., 15c.

PURITY—Purest white. Pkt., 15c.

PALE LAVENDER—A delicate shade. Pkt., 15c.

ROSE PINK—Rose shading to blush pink. Pkt., 15c.

Salmon Pink—Rich salmon pink, exquisite. Pkt., 15c.

PURPLE—Pkt., 15c.

CHOICEST MIXED—All colors. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 75c.

BALLOON VINE

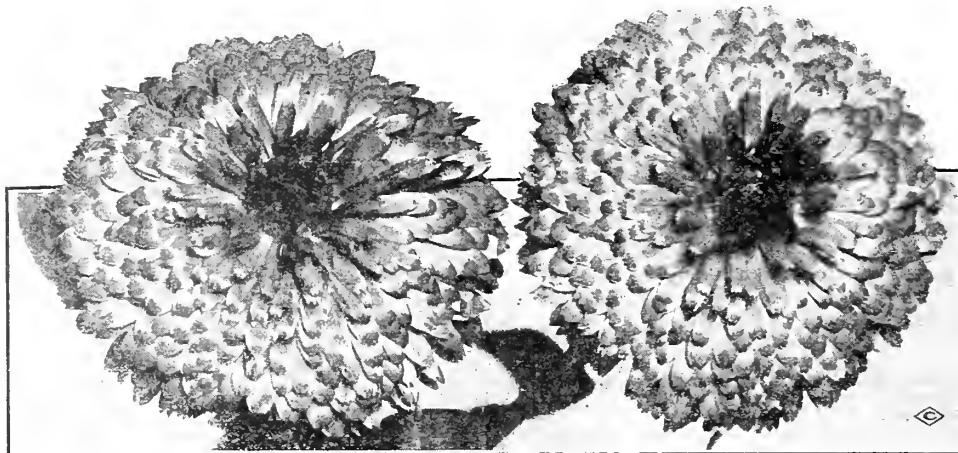
LOVE-IN-A-PUFF—A rapid-growing annual climber; succeeds best in light soil and warm situation; flowers white; seed vessels like miniature balloons. August until frost. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

BALSAM

An old and favorite flower, producing its gorgeous masses of beautiful brilliant colored flowers in great profusion; of easy culture; succeeds in good rich soil; tender annuals; 2 feet. June to October.

DOUBLE CAMELLIA FLOWERED—Undoubtedly the showiest and most attractive variety of Balsam. Light pink, salmon-rose, scarlet, white. Finest Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c.

ROSE FLOWERED—Finest Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c.



Calendula

BARTONIA AUREA (Blazing Star)

One of the most showy of annuals, excellent both for beds and borders; producing showy, golden-yellow flowers. The foliage is gray and thistle-like, and is exceedingly brilliant in the sunshine. It will not stand transplanting; 12 inches high. Sow early in May, July to October. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

BELLIS PERENNIS (See Perennial Pages)**BEGONIA**

GRACILLIA LUMINOSA—Foliage lustrous reddish brown. The flowers are a fiery dark scarlet. Pkt., 25c; 5 for \$1.00.

SEMPERFLORENS—A continuous flowering section of Begonias of the greatest value for bedding; the flowers, though small, are of brilliant colors and borne in great profusion from summer to autumn. Seedlings of spring bloom in summer, while seedlings of summer make valuable decorative plants for the greenhouse during winter. Pkt., 15c.

TUBEROUS ROOTED—Single mixed, extra fine strain. Pkt., 35c. Double mixed, selected. Pkt., 50c.

BRACHYCOME (Swan River Daisy)

Annual. A charming little flower in blue or white. Plants compact, 12 inches in height, with neat slender foliage. Easily grown and blooms the whole season. June to August. Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c.



Candytuft

Prices on Flower Seeds are Prepaid

**BROWALLIA (Elata)**

Profuse blooming plants, continuing throughout the summer, studded with blue and white flowers, growing freely in any rich soil. Half-hardy annual; 12 inches. Blue, pink, white or mixed. Pkt., 10c.

CALCEOLARIA

A much admired genus, distinguished by its abundance of large, showy, sac-shaped or slipper-like flowers, which are creamy white and various shades of yellow, often splashed, spotted or blotched with dark reddish brown, two plants rarely having flowers marked exactly alike. Leaves large, felty, close-growing.

FINEST HYBRID MIXED—Seeds saved only from the most perfect flowers, all desirable. Pkt., 35c.

CACALIA (Tassel Flower)

A neat annual, of easy culture, with tassel-shaped flowers; blooms from June to September; fine for borders. Golden yellow and scarlet mixed; 1½ feet. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

CALENDULA (Pot Marigold)

One of the best and showiest free-flowering hardy annuals, growing in any good garden soil, producing a fine effect in beds or mixed borders, particularly bright in late fall, continuing to bloom from early summer until killed by frost; valuable also for pot culture; blooming freely in winter and early spring; 1 foot. June until frost.

BALL'S GOLD—Dark golden yellow. Pkg., 25c.

LEMON QUEEN (Sulphurea)—Sunflower yellow. Pkg., 10c.

METEOR—Creamy white, striped orange. Pkg., 10c.

ORANGE KING (Florists' Strain)—Orange, light center. Pkt., 25c.

PRINCE OF ORANGE—Creamy yellow, orange yellow stripe. Pkt., 10c.

THE BALL (Florists' Strain)—Orange, light center. Pkt., 25c.

TRIANON (Royal Marigold)—Yellow, striped orange, dark center. Pkt., 10c.

MIXED—Named varieties. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

**CANDYTUFT—Iberia
(See Also Perennial Pages)**

Showy, branching plants, 12 to 15 inches high, and bearing in profusion terminal clusters of beautiful single cruciform flowers in a wide range of colors. Considered indispensable for cutting and very effective in beds, masses or rockeries. Larger flowers are obtained if some of the branches are removed, and an abundance of water is desirable. Hardy annual. May until frost.

GIANT WHITE HYACINTH-FLOWERED IMPROVED — Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; oz., 75c.

HALF DWARF EMPRESS—White select. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

CRIMSON—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c.

FLESH—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c.

LAVENDER—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c.

MIXED—Pkg., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25c; oz., 40c.

CANTERBURY BELLS

(See Perennial Pages)

CALLIOPSIS (Tickseed)

Very graceful border plants, supplying throughout summer an abundance of elegant showy flowers which are greatly prized for bouquets and vases. They will thrive anywhere, even in city gardens, where their bright colors are highly appreciated; 1 to 2 feet.

DRUMMONDI (Golden Wave)—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 30c.

CRIMSON KING—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 30c.

DWARF MIXED—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 30c.

CANNA

Stately, very ornamental plants of semi-tropical appearance. Very desirable for groups and in masses. Sow seed indoors in February in light, sandy soil, first cutting a small notch through the hard outer coat with a knife or file, care being taken not to cut into the germ. July to October.

FINEST LARGE-FLOWERING MIXED—Plants comparatively dwarf, about 3 feet high. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

CANARY BIRD VINE (*Tropaeolum Canariense*)

A beautiful rapid annual climber, the charming little canary colored blossoms bearing a resemblance to a bird with its wings half expanded; 15 to 20 feet. July to October. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 60c.

CARDINAL CLIMBER

The most beautiful and brilliant climber. It is a strong and rapid grower, attaining a height of 30 feet or more, with beautiful fern-like foliage, and literally covered with a blaze of circular fiery cardinal red flowers from midsummer till frost. Sow in the open ground after the weather gets warm; if sown in cold, wet ground, the seed is liable to rot. Pkt., 15c; 2 for 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

CELOSIA (Cockscomb)

CRISTATA DWARF VARIETIES

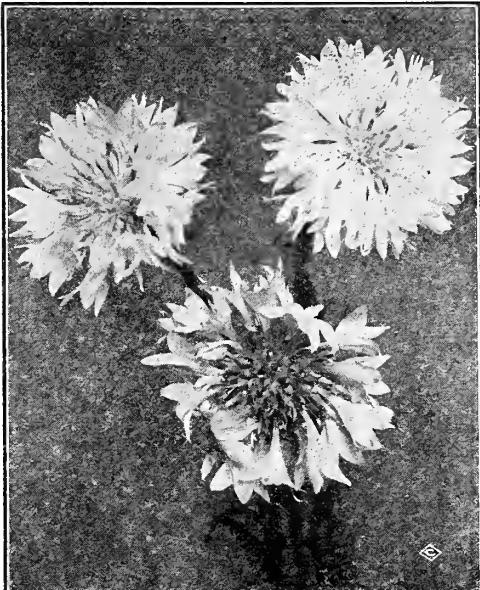
Very attractive annuals. The crested heads of flowers resemble a cock's comb. The plumed heads are like great feathers. Sow the seed directly in the garden or start early and transplant. Make fine pot plants. July until frost.

GIANT EMPRESS—This beautiful dwarf plant has bronze leaves and forms very large crimson combs. Height about 1 foot. Pkt., 10c.

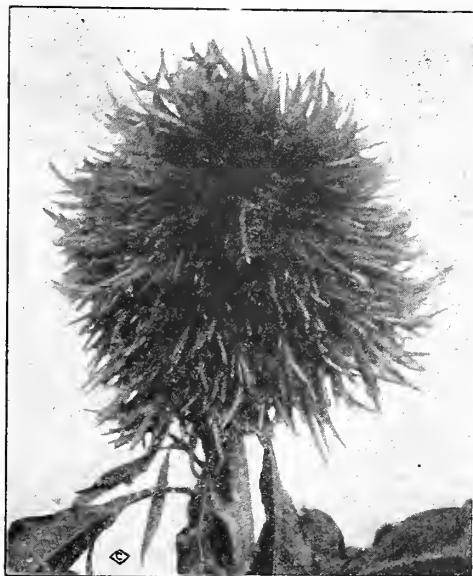
GLASGOW PRIZE—Immense, showy dark crimson combs; 1 to $\frac{1}{2}$ feet. Pkt., 10c.

PRESIDENT THIERS—Fine dwarf habit, with bronzy foliage and large, handsome crimson combs; 1 foot. Pkt., 10c.

FINEST DWARF MIXED—A choice mixture of all sorts and colors. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25c.



Centaurea (Cyanus)



Woolflower

PLUMOSA (Feathered Cockscomb)

Very graceful. Handsome, pyramidal plants 3 feet high. Each branch gracefully tipped with brilliantly colored plume resembling an ostrich feather.

THOMPSONI MAGNIFICA—Mammoth blossoms of vivid scarlet, purple, blood red, golden yellow, salmon, crimson, 4 feet. Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25c.

CHILD'SI (Chinese Woolflower)—The plants average 2 to 3 feet in height, branching; each shoot bearing beautiful ball-shaped flower heads of a bright, rich crimson color, resembling a ball of wool. Flowers profusely during summer and fall, the flower heads retaining their beauty until frost kills them. Dark pink, yellow, white scarlet, finest mixed, bright crimson. Any of the above, pkt., 15c.

CENTAUREA

(See Also Perennial Pages)

CYANUS—BACHELOR BUTTON

Two feet. Known as Ragged Sailor, or Cornflower. It is not a pretentious plant, but will always charm by its simple beauty. May and June. 2 feet.

BLUE—The favorite dark blue sort so much in demand for cutting. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c.

WHITE—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c.

ROSE—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c.

MIXED—Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

DOUBLE BLUE—Pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.

DOUBLE MINIATA—Brick red. Pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.

DOUBLE WHITE—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c.

DOUBLE ROSE—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c.

DOUBLE MIXED—Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

IMPERIALIS

GIANT SWEET SULTAN—2½ feet. This beautiful class is undoubtedly the finest of all Sweet Sultans for cut-flower purposes. The beautiful sweet scented, artistic-shaped flowers are borne on long, strong stems, and when cut will stand for several days in good condition.

Suaveolens—Yellow.

Deep Lavender—Favorite, rosy lilac; Purple; Rose; White; Finest Mixed.

Any of the above, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.

VARIETIES CULTIVATED FOR THEIR FOLIAGE

CANDIDISSIMA—Ornamental plants of great beauty; foliage deeply cut, silvery white and densely covered with white hairs. Half hardy perennial; 10 to 12 inches. Pkt., 15c; per 1,000 seed, 60c.

GYMNOCARPA—Sometimes called Dusty Miller. Valuable because of its silvery foliage and graceful drooping habit of growth. Half hardy perennial; 1½ to 2 feet high. Pkt., 10c; 1,000 seed, 35c.

VARIOUS CENTAUREA

AMERICANA—A splendid native variety, growing 3 feet high and bearing immense thistle-like blooms of a rosy lavender color. Very showy in the mixed border and splendid for cutting. Lilac or white. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

MONTANA (Perennial Corn Flower)—See perennial pages.



Chrysanthemum

CARNATION

(See Also Perennial Pages)

Carnations are general favorites for their delicious fragrance and richness of colors. They are indispensable, both for greenhouse culture in winter and for the garden in summer. The Marguerite and Chabaud types are the best for summer flowering, May and June.

GIANT MARGARET MIXED—Flowers of very large size, measuring 3 inches or more in diameter; colors include all the shades of white, pink, crimson and striped. Upright growth requiring hardly any support. Pkt., 100 seeds, 15c.

MARGARET—Double white, yellow, pink, striped, red, mixed. Pkt., 15c.

CHABAUD'S EVERBLOOMING—A new French introduction; very double and blooms in five months after sowing. Large, finely colored flowers; choice finest quality. Mixed colors. Pkt., 25c.

CERASTIUM (See Perennial Page)**CHRYSANTHEMUMS**

(See Also Perennial Pages)

ANNUAL VARIETIES

The single-flowering annual Chrysanthemums, or Painted Daisies, are showy and effective garden favorites, extensively grown for cut flowers. The following hardy annuals are summer flowering border plants (growing about 2 feet high), bearing in profusion large daisy-like flowers on good stems.

Tricolor: The Sultan (*Atroccineum*) bright crimson; **Burnridgeanum**, white petals with centre of rich brownish red and yellow; **Evening Star** (*Helios*), rich sunflower yellow; **Northern Star**, white with yellow center, dark disc, very showy; **Mixed (tricolor)**; **Coronarium**, double white, double yellow, double finest mixed: **Inodorum plenum**, extra double, pure white, fine for cutting; **Bridal Robe**, fine, extra double. Any of the above, pkt., 10c.

CINERARIA

As decorative and ornamental plants for winter decoration, the Cinerarias take a foremost place; 18 inches.

HYBRIDA (Covent Garden Strain)—Extra fine large flowered. An especially fine strain for florists. English grown seed. Superb mixture of fine colors. Pkt., 25c.

HYBRIDA MULTIFLORA NANA—A new race of Cineraria producing dwarf plants with masses of small flowers, measuring about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch diameter in compact heads over small and dainty foliage. Pkt., 25c.

STAR (*Cineraria Hybrida Stellata Polyantha*)—Fine, small flowering varieties, for cutting and decorative purposes. Pkt., 25c.

MARITIMA CANDIDISSIMA—For bedding. Pkt., 10c.

CIMIFUGA (Snake Root)
(See Perennial Pages)**COSMOS**

These are monstrous white flowers with flecked and pinked edges; the dark crimson flowers resemble large single dahlias, the tinted varieties are charming and others again are flushed with mauve and pink. The flowers measure from 3 to 4 inches across.

A very effective flowering plant. Quite hardy and rapid-growing, forming bushes often 4 to 6 feet high and covered with large single dahlia-like flowers. Sow the seed early in the spring, thinly in drills, or 2 to 3 seeds may be planted in places where seeds are to bloom; have the plants stand about 2 feet apart. If topped when half grown, the plants will bloom much earlier, the check seeming to induce immediate flowering. September and October.

MAMMOTH CRIMSON—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

LADY LENOX WHITE—Color, pure white. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c.

LADY LENOX PINK—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c.

MIXED—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

EARLY-FLOWERING MAMMOTH—These are dwarfer than those offered above, bloom earlier; in fact, at midsummer the bushes are fairly smothered with their attractive flowers. July. White, Pink, Crimson, Pkt., 10c; Early Flowering, All Colors Mixed, Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

NEW DOUBLE-FLOWERING

Some years since, a few individual plants of Cosmos showed evidence of producing double flowers, but it has taken a great deal of care and patience to perfect the strain now offered. The flowers vary considerably in their degree of doubleness, some being absolutely double, while others have a frill or collar surrounding the double disc. The plants have somewhat heavier less cut foliage than the regular single-flowering type, so that the fact that they will produce double flowers can be determined when the seedlings are quite small.

CRIMSON—Pkt., 25c.

PINK BEAUTY—Pkt., 25c.

WHITE QUEEN—Pkt., 25c.

DOUBLE ANEMONE FLOWERED MIXED—Pkg., 25c.

Any of the above,

LATE DOUBLE

A recent introduction and becoming more popular each season the flowers are very artistic and stand for a long time when cut.

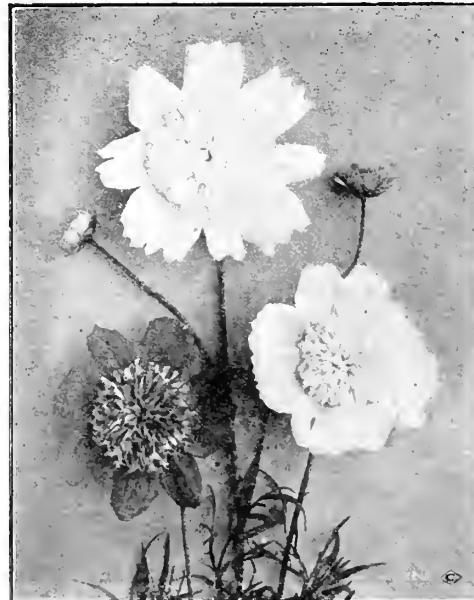
Late, Double Crimson; **Late Double Pink**; **Late Double White**.

Pkt., 25c.

Late Double Mixed—Pkt., 15c.

KLONDYKE

KLONDYKE—Golden yellow flowers are borne on long stems and measuring from $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches across. Pkt., 15c.



Double Cosmos

Prices on Flower Seeds are Prepaid

CLARKIA

This hardy annual is of easy culture, bearing bright rose, white, or purple flowers in great profusion. Seed sown in the almost any time. The seedlings should be pinched back twice almost any time. The seedlings should be pinches back twice to make bushy plants, once to 3 inches and again to 9 inches. Flowers are borne along the stems.

Alba; **Apple Blossom;** **Brilliant;** **Chamois;** **Salmon Queen;** **Scarlet Queen;** **Purple Prince;** **Vesuvius;** **Choice Mixed;** **Double and Single Mixed.**

Any of the above, Pkt., 10c;

CLEOME (Spider Plant)

A very free-flowering hardy annual of branching habit, growing 4 to 6 feet in height; each plant terminates in a large spike of rosy pink flowers. Plants grow freely from seed sown in open ground early in summer and continue until cut off by frost. Fresh flowers appear constantly at tops of the branches as they increase in height; they have long, slender stems, making them feathery in appearance. The flowers are succeeded by long seed pods on slender stems, and, as they are set thickly on the stalks, have slight resemblance to a giant spider. Pkt., 15c.

COBAEA

SCANDENS—Magnificent, quick-growing climber with beautiful foliage and large bell-shaped flowers of a beautiful blue color. Plant the seed edgewise in moist earth and cover over slightly. 30 feet. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; oz., 75c.

SCANDENS ALBA—Pkt., 15c.

COLEUS (Flame Nettle)

Magnificent ornamental foliage plants for house and garden culture. Very easy and interesting to grow from seed. Hybrids, extra large leaved, finest strain; 2 feet Pkt., 25c.

COREOPSIS (See Perennial Pages)

COLLINSIA

MIXED—18 inches. All species are brightly colored and excellent for growing in clumps. Blooms early and prefers a dry situation. Pkt., 10c.

COSMIDIUM

ORANGE CROWN—2 feet. The flowers are golden yellow with a broad circle of a rich orange around the disc, a pleasing combination. Plants produce a succession of bloom all summer. Pkt., 10c.

WILD CUCUMBER

ECHINOCYSTIS—This is the quickest growing climber in our list. Grows wild, self-sown, in many parts of the West. It will grow 30 feet in one season. It is thickly dotted over with pretty white fragrant flowers, followed by an abundance of ornamental and prickly seed pods. Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c.

CYNOGLOSSUM

AMABILE (Chinese Forget-me-not)—A lovely plant 18 to 24 inches tall with flowers of a true Forget-me-not Blue. May be grown either outside or under glass. Makes wonderful cut flower material. Pkt., 25c.

CYPRESS VINE (Impomoea Quamoclit)

A most beautiful climber with delicate dark green foliage and an abundance of bright star-shaped scarlet and white blossoms. Do not plant seed till the ground is thoroughly warmed. White, Crimson, pkt., 10c; Mixed, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

CYCLAMEN

PERSICUM GIGANTEUM—A genus of the most beautiful and elegant winter and spring blooming plants for pot culture. If sown early in spring under glass, will make flowering bulbs in one year; 12 inches. Mixed. Pkt., 25c.

DAISY

(See Also Perennial Pages)

AFRICAN DAISY—See Aretotis.

ENGLISH—See Bellis.

DAHLIA

Grown from seed will flower the first year. Plant in the house in shallow boxes or pans; transplant as often as their growth requires, the seed germinates very easily.

DOUBLE MIXED—Named varieties—Pkt., 10c.

SINGLE MIXED—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c.

CACTUS MIXED—Finest named varieties. Pkt., 25c.

DELPHINIUM (Hardy Perennial)

(See Perennial Pages)



DIANTHUS (Pinks)

(See Also Perennial Pages)

A magnificent genus, embracing some of the most popular flowers in cultivation, producing a great variety of brilliant colors and profusion of bloom. The varieties classed as annuals are really biennials, but are treated as annuals and may be sown out of doors when the danger from frost is past, and in a few weeks' time they are a mass of bloom, continuing so until after hard frost. As a rule, they survive the winter if given slight protection, flowering abundantly, the following season. About 12 inches high.

DOUBLE JAPAN MIXED—The flowers are rich in hue; very double, deep fringed petals. Colors vary from white to rose, lilac, carmine, crimson, scarlet, purple, brown and almost black, spotted and striped. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30c.

DOUBLE CHINA MIXED—White and dark crimson petals, also white tipped light purple and shades of red with darker blotchings. A mixture of double pinks unsurpassed in variety of brilliant coloring and marking. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c.

JAPAN DOUBLE MIXED—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 45c.

MOURNING CLOAK—Rich, blackish velvety crimson margined white. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 45c.

FIREBALL—Rich, blood red flowers. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 45c.

IMPERIALIS, FL. PL.—(Double Imperial Pink)—Double mixed in a very large range of colors. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 45c.

SNOWBALL—Compact, fringed white flowers. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 45c.

SINGLE ANNUAL PINKS

All the single sorts have large flowers 2 to 3 inches in diameter; their many and brilliant colors make them very desirable for beds and borders; 1 foot.

CRIMSON BELLE—Large, single flowers of a beautiful bright crimson. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.

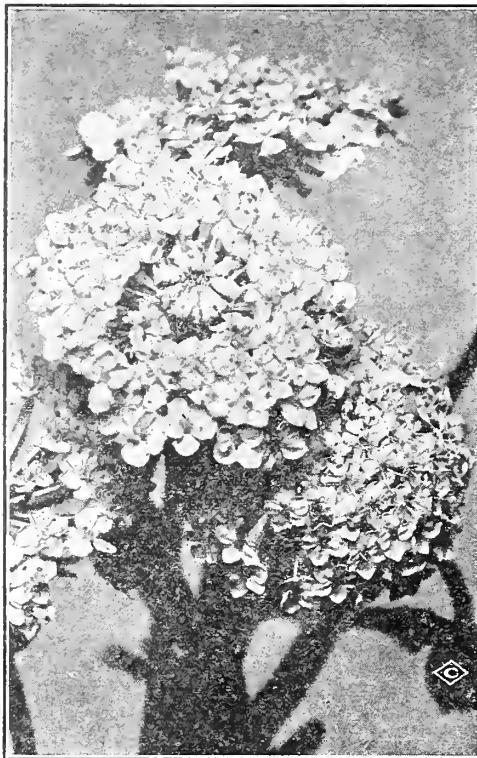
SALMON QUEEN—The well formed, nicely fringed flowers are a brilliant salmon color changing into a salmon-rose when fading. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

HEDDEWIGI'S SINGLE MIXED—A splendid mixture of single flowers of the best shades and beautifully marked. Plants dwarf; very free flowering. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c.

JAPAN SINGLE MIXED—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30c.

SWEET WILLIAM

Choice Mixed—These are almost identical with the perennial varieties in form of flower, but are annuals blooming the same year the seed is sown. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 35c.



Didiscus (Blue Lace Flower)

DIDISCUS COERULEUS

The Blue Lace Flower is a lovely hardy annual that grows 2½ to 3 feet high, has delicate lanceolate foliage and produces sturdy, non-branching stalks terminating in the fine, lacy, lavender blossoms clustered in umbel shape. Does well in poor soil and prefers a semi-shady place. An ideal plant for obtaining natural effects or for use in rockeries. The seeds are very slow to germinate, often requiring four weeks, so the seed bed should be carefully prepared and carefully watched during that time to avoid drying out. Pkt., 10c.

**DIMORPHOTHECA
(African Golden Daisy)**

A rare and extremely showy annual from South Africa, which has become a great favorite on account of its easy culture and beautifully colored, daisy-like blossoms, 2½ inches in diameter, produced in great profusion.

AURANTIACA—A unique glossy, rich orange gold, which brilliant coloring is rendered more conspicuous by the dark disc surrounding the black zone. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 40c.

AURANTIACA, NEW HYBRIDS, Mixed. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 40c.

DOLICHOS (Hyacinth Bean)

A rapid-growing annual climber, flowering freely in erect racemes, flowered by ornamental seedpods; for covering arbors, trellises, etc. Sow the seed in the garden in May where they are to remain. July until frost.

DAYLIGHT—This wonderful Hyacinth Bean comes from Japan. In many instances, seed sown late in May had, by the middle of July, grown to a height of over 10 feet and was covered with spikes of snow-white blossoms until late fall. The bean-shaped foliage is bright green and not affected by insect pests. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

"DARKNESS"—Identical in every way to the above, except in color, which is a rich purple-violet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

LIGNOSUS (Australian Pea Vine)—A rapid-growing evergreen climber, flowering freely in clusters of rose pea-shaped flowers. Pkt., 10c.

DRACAENA

Decorative plants with long, narrow leaves, suitable for center plants in vases, baskets, etc. 1½ to 2 feet.

INDIVISA—Beautiful ornamental-leaved plants; long narrow, green foliage; indispensable as center plants for vases and for house decorations. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

Prices on Flower Seeds are Prepaid

ECHINOPS (Globe Thistle)

(See Perennial Pages)

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (See Poppy)**EUPHORBIA**

VARIEGATA (Snow-on-the-Mountain)—2 feet. Remarkably distinct plant; very snowy with its foliage edged white and green. July to frost. Pkt., 10c.

FORGET-ME-NOT—Myosotis
(See Perennial Pages)**FOUR O'CLOCK—Marvel of Peru**

June until frost. Sow seed in spring in open ground after danger of frost is over, in any good, well prepared soil, and cover with 1 inch of fine soil, firmly pressed down. For the best development, plants should be from 2 to 3 feet apart each way. Hardy annual, about 2 feet high. Large-growing, shrub-like plants with funnel-shaped flowers of many colors. Mixed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c.

GAILLARDIA—Blanket Flower
(See Also Perennial Pages)

They will produce from early spring until late fall a continuous profusion of brilliantly colored flowers, red and yellow predominating. Of easy culture, sow where they are to remain. 1½ feet.

LORENZIANA DOUBLE PERFECTION MIXED—Large handsome heads of double quilled flowers in rich shades of red and yellow. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

PICTA SINGLE MIXED—Pkg., 10c.

GERANIUM (Pelargonium)

ZONALE, MIXED—A superb strain of the largest and finest varieties. Pkt., 10c.

ZONALE SCARLET—Pkt., 10c.

LADY WASHINGTON—Large flowering, beautifully blotched. Pkt., 15 seeds, 25c.

GEUM (See Perennial Pages)**GILIA**

CAPITATA—2 feet. Erect habit, plants one foot in diameter. Flowers lavender blue. The blossom is like a small scabiosa and should prove a good cut flower. Pkt., 10c.

GLOBE AMARANTH—Gomphrena

Popularly known as Bachelor's Button. The flowers are clover-shaped and may be dried and used for winter bouquets. June until frost. Purple, pink, white; 12 inches. Pkg., 10c; oz., 45c.

GLOXINIA

A superb genus of greenhouse plants, producing magnificent flowers of the richest colors. Sow in March; 12 inches.

GLOXINIA—Erect varieties, mixed gigantea, extra fine strain, choicest mixture. Pkg., 25c.

GOURD (Cucurbita)

A very extensive genus of trailing annuals with curiously shaped yellow fruit, commonly known as Ornamental Gourds. The vines are of easy culture and make a rapid growth, so are much used for covering old fences, trellises, stumps, etc.

Do not plant the seed till danger of frost is over and select light, rich soil, and a sunny location. Tender annual; 10 to 20 feet high.

APPLE-SHAPED—The fruits are early, nearly round, yellow, sometimes striped. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

BOTTLE—This produces handsome, curious, bottle-shaped fruits. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

DISH CLOTH—Long, green, corrugated fruit, the inside fibrous mass of which, when shell and seeds are removed, makes an excellent sponge. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

HERCULES CLUB—Distinctly club-shaped, the longest of all the varieties. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

JAPANESE NEST EGG—Used as nest eggs; fruits are white, do not crack and are not injured by heat or cold. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

PEAR-SHAPED, STRIPED—Fruits green, with cream colored striping, sometimes changing to yellow. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

POWDER HORN—In the form of a powder horn. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

DIPPER—Useful for dippers; fruits long, with straight or slightly crooked neck. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

MIXED—Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

GODETIA

Hardy annual about 1 foot high; single, widely opened flowers of satiny texture; flowers are scattered singly on the leafy branches or borne in short dense spikes; suitable for pot culture or outdoor planting.

Crimson Glow, dark crimson, very compact; **Dutchess of Albany**, satin white, fine; **Lady Satin Rose**, satin rose; **Gloryosa** (true), dark blood red, compact, mixed, tall; mixed semi-dwarf.

Any of the above, each, pkt., 10c.

GYPSOPHILA

(See Also Perennial Pages)

Delicate, free-flowering plants covered with star-shaped flowers, valuable for mist-like effects and as trimming in bouquets; also for hanging baskets or edgings. Sometimes called Baby's Breath. Will thrive in almost any well prepared ground; 2 feet. **ELEGANS LARGE-FLOWERING PURE WHITE**—An improved large-flowering strain, superior to the common Elegans not only in size of flowers, but also in color. A very charming sort for combining in bouquets with sweet peas or other cut flowers. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

ELEGANS DELICATE PINK—A pretty blush pink form of the above and equally as valuable for cutting. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

CARMINE—Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

ELEGANS MIXED—Very small, delicate white and rose pink flowers. Hardy annual; 1 foot high. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

HELICHRYSUM (Strawflower)

Large full double daisy-like flower heads with prominent center and stiff overlapping scales, produced in various shades of bright yellow and scarlet and stem of good length, desirable as dried specimens and for use in making winter bouquets. For this purpose the flowers should be gathered when on the point of expanding.

Sow early in spring; thin to 1 foot apart each way. Hardy annual; 2 to 2½ feet high.

FIREBALL—Bright red. Pkt., 10c.

GOLDENBALL—Golden yellow. Pkt., 10c.

ROSE CARMINE—Rich and glossy. Pkt., 10c.

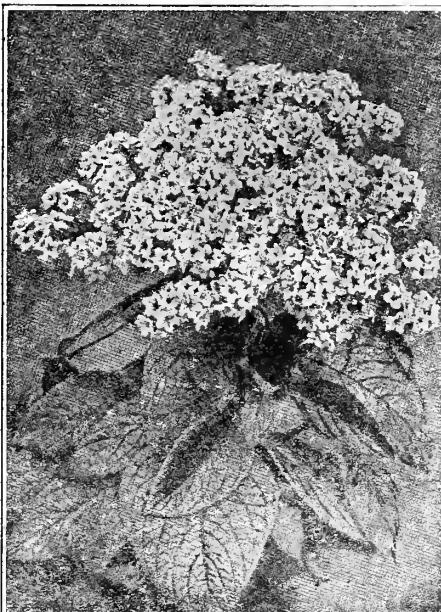
SILVERBALL—Glistening white. Pkt., 10c.

MONSTROSUM, FL. PL., MIXED—Largest double flowers. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

HELIANTHUS (Sunflower)

Remarkable for the stately growth, size and brilliancy of their flowers, making a very good effect among shrubbery and for screens.

CHRYSANTHEMUM-FLOWERED—Rich golden yellow flowers, perfectly double, resembling a chrysanthemum or dahlia; 7 feet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.



Heliotrope



Helianthus

RED SUNFLOWER—4 to 6 feet. The flowers vary greatly in size from 4 to 7 inches across. There is also much variation in shade and coloring—some are solid red, of a deep maroon shade; others are red with petals gold-tipped, and a variety of other pleasing combinations of red and gold. Planted in a border or in front of taller shrubbery or along a wall, they are very showy. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

DAWRF DOUBLE—3 to 4 feet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

TALL SINGLE—5 to 7 feet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

HELIOTROPE

Two feet. In bloom during the whole season. Its delightful perfume makes it a most desirable bouquet flower; a splendid bedding plant, or can be trained as a greenhouse climber; seed started indoors in the spring will make fine plants for summer blooming.

LEMOINES GIANT—Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 50c.

HIBISCUS MALLOW MARVELS

(See Perennial Pages)

HEUCHERA (See Perennial Pages)

HUMULUS JAPINICUS

Hardy annual climber 15 to 20 feet high, desirable for covering unsightly objects or shading verandas. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 20c.

HUNNEMANNIA (Bush Eschscholtzia)

FUMARIAEFOLIA—Foliage fine cut, feathery blossoms, beautifully cup-shaped, bright yellow, and about three to four inches across. Stems long and smooth. Unlike the average Poppy, Hunnemannia will keep for several days in water and makes a splendid cut flower. 2 feet. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

HOLLYHOCKS

(See Also Perennial Pages)

The perennial varieties flower only the second year if grown from seed, these annual kinds, however, bloom the first year, and if sown in the open ground in May, they will be in flower in August.

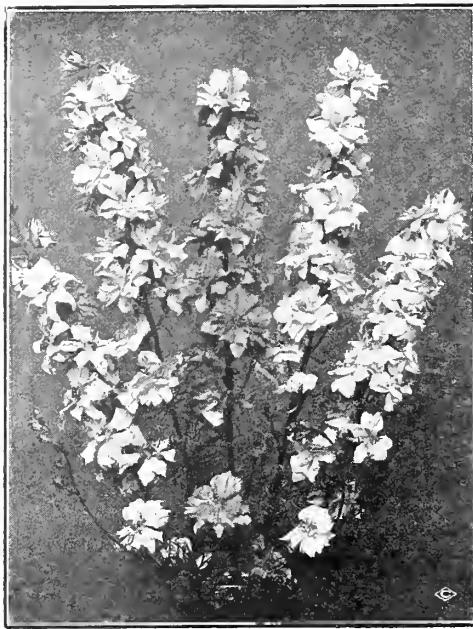
EVERBLOOMING SINGLE MIXED—Large single flowers, exhibiting every shade known in Hollyhocks. Pkt., 10c.

EVERBLOOMING DOUBLE MIXED—Double and semi-double. Pkt., 10c.

JOB'S TEARS (Coix Lachryma)

Curious ornamental grass with broad corn-like leaves and seeds of a light slate color. Valuable for winter bouquets, with everlasting flowers. Strings of handsome beads are made from the seeds. Hardy annual; 3 feet high. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c.

Prices on Flower Seeds are Prepaid



Annual Larkspur

KOCHIA SCOPARIA (Summer Cypress)

Pretty ornamental plant with fine, feathery foliage, very much like Cypress Vine, light green, turning to blood-red in autumn. 2 to 2½ feet. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

KUDZU VINE (Jack and the Bean Stalk) (See Perennial Pages)

LANTANA

Very rapid growing, free-flowering plants that bloom through the latter part of summer and autumn. The plants form small shrubs, producing in abundance clusters of single, fragrant flowers that continually change color; 2 to 3 feet.

FINEST FRENCH HYBRIDS—Mixed. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c.

DWARF—Mixed. Pkt., 10c.

ANNUAL LARKSPUR

This is one of the best known garden flowers, and in recent years a vast improvement has been effected by careful selection in size and color of the blossoms and the general habit of the plant. Seeds sown in the open ground before the close of April will produce flowering plants by the beginning of July, and give a continuous succession of flowers from them till frost. They make handsome beds or lines, and their free, graceful habit and bright colors are very effective when interspersed in the old-fashioned flower or shrubbery border.

TALL BRANCHING DOUBLE STOCK FLOWERED—2½ to 3 feet. Bright Rose, ptk., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c. Dark Blue, ptk., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c. Exquisite Pink (variable), ptk., 25c; ¼ oz., 75c. Lilac, ptk., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c. Lustrous Carmine, ptk., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c. Pure White, ptk., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c. Rosy Scarlet, Pkg., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c. Shell Pink, Pkg., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c. Sky Blue (Ageratum Blue) Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c.

GIANT HYACINTH FLOWERED IMPROVED—About 3 feet high. Mixed, ptk., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

EMPEROR—Finest Mixed. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.
PINK DELIGHT—A fine new Larkspur, suitable for bedding or pots, of compact growth, about twenty-four inches high. The color is the same shade of pink as the popular variety, Exquisite Pink in the Tall Branching group. 3 feet high. Pkt., 25c.

ALL SORTS MIXED—Height 2 feet. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

DWARF ROCKET MIXED—Height 2 feet. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

TALL ROCKET MIXED—Height 3 feet. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

LATHYRUS (Perennial Sweet Peas)

LIATRIS (See Perennial Pages)

LINUM (Flax)

(See Also Perennial Pages)

GRANDIFLORUM RUBRUM (Scarlet Flax)—One of the most effective and showy bedding plants, of long duration, having fine foliage and delicate stems, with brilliant scarlet-crimson flowers; hardy annual; 1 foot. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

LOBELIA

(See Also Perennial Pages)

Exceedingly pretty plants for pots, hanging baskets, rockeries, bedding and borders. Start plants in pots or hot bed early in spring; transplant to the open ground in May. Half hardy annual, about 6 inches high.

CRYSTAL PALACE—Blue. Pkt., 10c.

CRYSTAL PALACE (Compacta)—Dark Blue, extra fine. Pkt., 10c.

HAMBURGIA—Dark Blue, for hanging baskets. Pkt., 10c.

LUPINUS (Lupine)

(See Also Perennial Pages)

ANNUAL SORTS—Free-flowering, easily grown annuals, with long, graceful spikes of rich and various colored pea-shaped flowers; valuable for mixed borders, beds and for cutting; prefers a little shade; 2 feet.

Rich Blue, ptk., 10c; oz., 40c. Rose, ptk., 10c; oz., 40c. White, ptk., 10c; oz., 40c. A ptk. each of the three colors, 25c.

ANNUAL MIXED—All colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

LYCHNIS (Jerusalem Cross)

(See Perennial Pages)

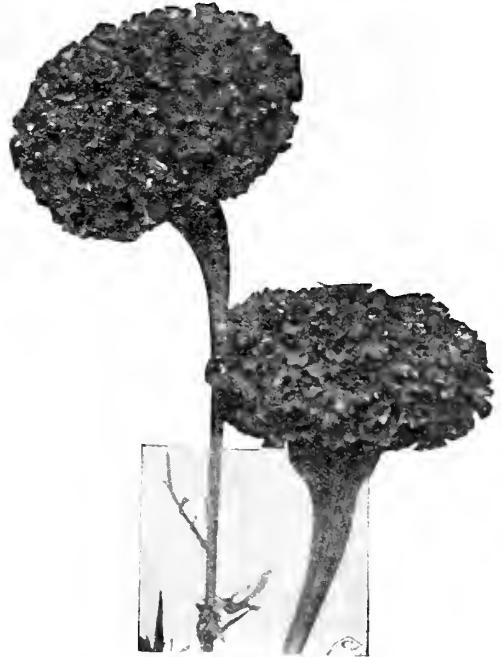
MARIGOLDS

In autumn, when many bedding and other plants are past their prime, Marigolds afford a wealth of color that is simply invaluable.

The African varieties produce large self-colored blossoms on tall plants; the Fistulosa form a solid ball type bloom with narrow petals; the Imbricata types are slightly larger, have wider petals and are loosely set in the bloom, somewhat like a Zinnia; the French are smaller, but the colors and marking are very interesting, some of the varieties being elegantly striped and spotted. The double French and the Dwarf Single French Marigolds hold the chief place in the class.

AFRICAN TALL DOUBLE FISTULOSA TYPE—Orange Ball; 4 to 5 feet high. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c. Lemon Ball, ptk., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c. Finest Mixed, ptk., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

AFRICAN DWARF DOUBLE IMBRICATA TYPE—Orange; 12 to 18 inches high. (Pride of the Garden.) Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 40c. Lemon, ptk., 10c; 1¼ oz., 40c. Finest Mixed, ptk., 10c; ¼ oz., 40c.



Marigolds

Prices on Flower Seeds are Prepaid

MARIGOLDS—(Cont'd)

FRENCH TALL DOUBLE—Striped Mixed; 4 to 5 feet high. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c. Finest Mixed, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.
FRENCH DWARF DOUBLE—Few annuals are as effective as the French Marigolds or flower for so long a period; they all form dense bushes not over 12 inches high and are unequalled for borders or beds; 10 to 14 inches high. Brown, Spotted Yellow, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c. Electric Light, Double Legion of Honor, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c. Gold Striped—Very double golden yellow, each petal striped with rich brownish red. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c. Golden Yellow, Brown Margin, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c. Pigmy Golden Ball, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c. Finest Mixed, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.
DWARF FRENCH SINGLE—Diadem, mahogany red, edged gold; 10 to 14 inches high. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c. Legion of Honor (Little Brownie). Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c. Star of India, crimson, striped yellow. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c. Silver King, pale yellow maroon at base. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c. Finest Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.

MATRICARIA

CAPENSIS ALBA PLENA (Double White Feverfew)—Free-flowering plants, producing all season fine, double white flowers. A fine bedding or pot plant; 18 inches. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.
EXIMIA NANA—Fl.-pl. Golden Ball. Pkt., 10c.

MELOTHRIA

PUNCTATA (Pilaginea Suavis)—Musk Vine. Blooms in clusters; flowers small, white and star-shaped, with a strong musk fragrance; leaves green, small and glossy. May be cut down to 6 inches after summer's growth, potted and taken inside. Fruit resembles tiny watermelons. Pkt., 10c.

MESEMBRYANTHEMUM

CRYSTALLINUM (Ice Plant)—A curious plant for hanging baskets, rock work, vases and edgings; leaves and stems succulent, appearing as though covered with crystals. Pkt., 10c.

MIGNONETTE

A well known hardy annual, producing dense spikes of exceedingly fragrant flowers. If sown at intervals in spring and early summer, it will bloom till killed by frost. Seed sown in autumn will bloom early the following spring. Thrives best in a cool temperature. Hardy annual 1 foot high.

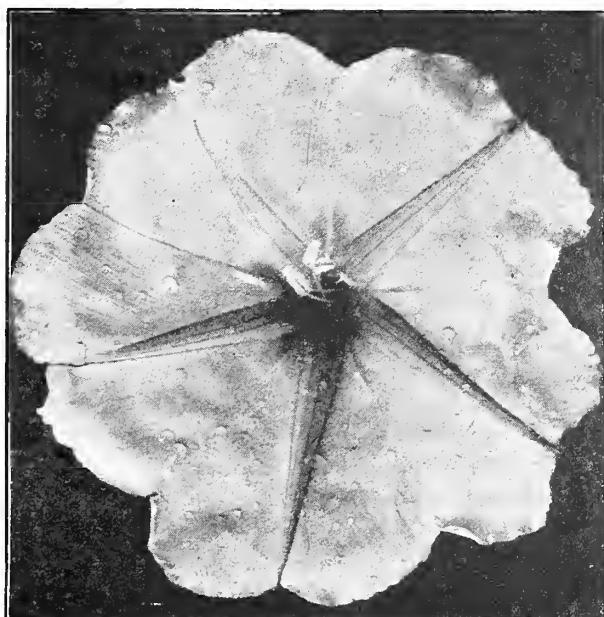
GOLDEN QUEEN—A very compact-growing sort; flower spikes golden yellow. Fragrant and fine. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c.

MACHET—Or dwarf pyramidal growth, bearing numerous flower stalks; highly colored and very fragrant; one of the best. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c.

SWEET SCENTED (Reseda Odorata)—The old variety with small spikes, but very sweetly scented. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c.

DEFIANCE—When grown under favorable conditions, spikes will not only be of remarkable size—from 12 to 15 inches long, but deliciously fragrant. The individual florets are of immense size, forming a graceful as well as compact spike. Pkt., 10c.

WHITE GOLIATH—This splendid white variety has the same massive spikes of bloom as the red sort. Pkt., 15c.



Moon Flower

MIMOSA (Sensitive Plant)

Curious and interesting annuals, with pinkish white flowers; the leaves close and droop when touched or shaken; 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet. Pkt., 10c.

MIMULUS

Showy, profuse flowering plants; fine for greenhouse or moist shady situations; half hardy perennials, blooming first year from seed if sown early; 1 foot.

MOSCHATUS (Musk Plant)—Fine for hanging baskets, etc.; small. Pkt., 15c.

MINA

LOBATA—An attractive climber, 18 feet in height; flowers bright red changing to orange. Pkt., 15c.

MORNING GLORY

GIANT JAPANESE SPECIAL MIXTURE—Nothing among flowers can furnish a more beautiful sight than screen or trellis of these Giant Japanese Morning Glories. Soak the seed in water for twenty-four hours before sowing.

BEST SINGLE FRINGED, MIXED—Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

MOMORDICA

Gracefully climbing vines with small yellow blossoms, followed by fruits of curiously shaped. Foliage gracefully cut.

BALSAM PEAR (*Charantia*)—The fruit is pear-shaped, green changing to bright red and has a warty skin; when ripe, it bursts open and shows a brilliant interior of large carmine seeds. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

BALSAM APPLE (*Balsamina*)—Like Balsam Pear, but foliage smaller; fruit much smaller and nearly round; green striped when young, becoming scarlet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

MOON FLOWER (*Ipomea*)

Will grow 30 to 40 feet in single season and be covered with its large, white flowers every evening and cloudy day. The hard outer coat of the seed should be cut through with a sharp knife, care being taken not to cut any deeper than the hard shell and the seed planted about one inch deep in moist soil in a box or pan and set in a warm place. If the soil is kept moist, germination will take place in about two weeks.

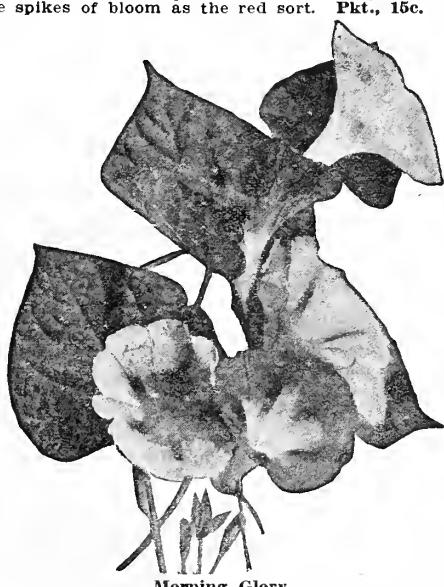
BONA NOX—Violet flowers. Pkt., 10c.

GIANT PINK—Pkt., 10c.

HEAVENLY BLUE—Pkt., 15c.

NOCTIFLORA (Moonflower)—Black seed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

NOCTIFLORA (Moonflower)—White seed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.



Morning Glory

HARNDEN'S SUPERB NASTURTIUMS

Few plants are more easily grown or remain longer in bloom than the Nasturtium, with its large shield-shaped leaves and beautiful irregular flowers, having long spurs and brilliantly colored petals. In favorable soil, flowers are produced in abundance throughout the season. Seed is usually sown outdoors as soon as the weather is warm and settled, in the row where the plants are to remain. Well pulverized soil, preferably well drained and moderately rich, the plants give a large yield. Well drained and moderately rich, should be used and the seed covered with about one inch of fine soil, firmly pressed down. A sunny situation is essential for free blooming. If the soil is very rich, the plants give a large amount of foliage, but few flowers. Nasturtiums are seldom, if ever bothered with insects.

TOM THUMB, DWARF OR BUDDING VARIETIES—8 to 12 inches high.

AURORA—Terra Cotta.

CHAMELEON—Produces combination of red and yellow flowers on same plant.

CRIMSON.

CLOTH OF GOLD—Scarlet crimson, dark leaved.

EMPEROR OF INDIA—Deep crimson, dark leaved.

GOLDEN KING—Indian yellow, dark leaved.

KING OF TOM THUMB—Deep scarlet, dark leaved.

KING THEODORE—Rich red, dark, dull foliage.

LACINATED MIXED—Ivy leaved.

QUEEN OF TOM THUMB—Variegated leaved mixed.

ROSE.

YELLOW.

FINEST MIXED.

Any of the above, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.75.

TALL OR CLIMBING VARIETIES—Elegant and luxuriant climbers for verandas, trellises, etc. May be used to cover unsightly railings and to trail over rough ground with fine effect; 3 to 6 feet.

CHAMELEON—Produces combination of red and yellow flowers.

CLOTH OF GOLD—Fiery red, golden leaved.

DUNNETT'S ORANGE—Pure orange.

PEARL OR MOONLIGHT—Whitish.

PRINCE HENRY—Pale yellow and carmine.

ROSE OR TWILIGHT—Rose.



SCARLET—Rosy scarlet.

VESSUVIUS—Deep apricot.

BEST WELL BALANCED MIXED.

GOLDEN QUEEN—Sunflower yellow.

Any of the above, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.75.

NEMESIA

DWARF LARGE-FLOWERING HYBRIDS—A very pretty annual, which does best in a cool position; the plants grow about a foot high, and the orchid-like flowers are very varied in color, including rose, yellow, blue, orange, etc. Pkt., 15c.

COMPACTA (Myosotis Blue)—Hybrida blue gem. Pkt., 15c.

NEMOPHILA (Baby Eyes)

Hardiest of annuals, and of the easiest culture. Makes a very effective front row to a bed or border, and should be sown out of doors in spring, in patches, where they are to flower; 6 inches.

INSIGNIS BLUE—A popular plant for pots or borders. Pkt., 10c.

MIXED, ALL COLORS—Cup-shaped flowers in many bright colors, the blue shades being particularly attractive. Pkt., 10c

NICOTIANA

SWEET SCENTED TOBACCO PLANT—A handsome genus of garden plants of the tobacco family, noted for the freedom and fragrance of their bloom. Half-hardy annuals, 3 feet high. Flowers white, silver-shaped, having long tubular corollas, and are of exquisite fragrance. Deserves a place in every garden. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c.

SANDERAE—Laden with handsome carmine blossoms, from base to summit, which are produced on a single plant, making a beautiful plant for garden, bed or shrubby border; a hardy annual, with dark foliage. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

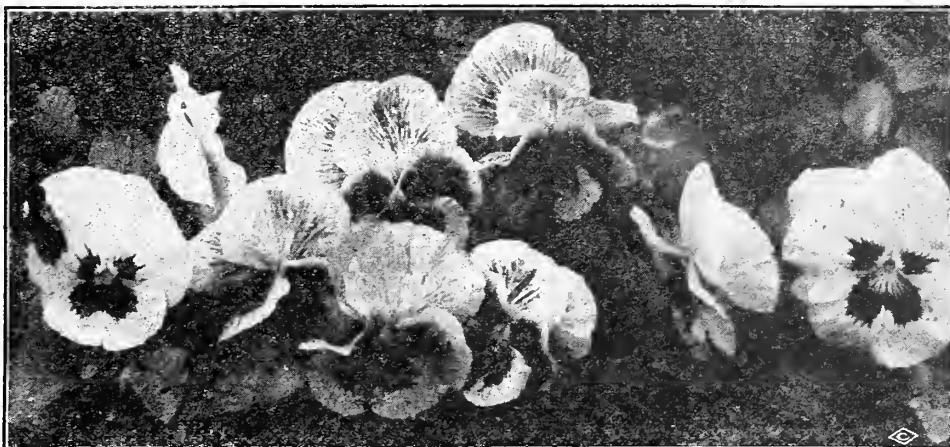
SYLVESTRIS—Plants of pyramidal growth; 4 feet high with fine deep green foliage; pure white, fragrant, drooping flowers borne in loose heads. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

Prices on Flower Seeds are Prepaid

95c Special Garden Collection 95c

Regular \$1.20 Value

- 1 Pkt. Double Stock Flowered Larkspur
- 1 Pkt. Double Cosmos Mixed
- 1 Pkt. Purple Petunia
- 1 Pkt. Dwarf Nasturtium Mixed
- 1 Pkt. Dahlia Flowered Zinnia Mixed
- 1 Pkt. Sweet Peas Spencer Mixed
- 1 Pkt. Calliopsis Mixed
- 1 Pkt. Pansy Mixed



Pansies

NIGELLA (Love-in-a-Mist)

Sometimes called Devil-in-a-Bush, or Lady-in-the-Green, because the blooms are partly concealed by the abundance of finely cut foliage.
BLUE—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.
WHITE—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

OENOTHERA (Evening Primrose)

Showy and beautiful plants for borders, beds, etc., flowering from June to October. Perennial grown as an Annual.
LAMARKIANA—1 foot. Large-flowered, yellow. Pkt., 10c.

PANSIES

May be sown in early spring or fall. When sown in the fall make fine blooming plants for early spring; if sown in spring will bloom through July and August. Pansies will bloom through the entire summer, but produce finest flowers in spring and fall, when the weather is cool. They do better in a cool, moist location.

A soil containing a good proportion of leaf mould, well enriched with decayed manure, will be the most satisfactory for the growing of Pansy plants. The ground should be well dug and made fine and level. Thorough cultivation should be given from the start as they thrive best in rich, loose soil.

ODIER—Five blotched, fine for exhibition. Pkt., 25c.

ORCHID FLOWER—Pkt., 15c.

NE PLUS ULTRA—Large-flowered, choice mixed. Pkt., 50c.

MASTERPIECE—Giant frilled. Pkt., 25c.

PARISIAN TRIMARDEAU—Pkt., 15c.

TRIMARDEAU GIANT—Large-flowered. Pkt., 10c.

AZURE BLUE—Pkt., 10c.

BRONZE-COLORED SHADES—Pkt., 10c.

YELLOW—with black eye. Pkt., 15c.

INDIGO BLUE—Blotched black. Pkt., 10c.

ATROPPURPUREA—Dark purple violet. Pkt., 10c.

EMPEROR WILLIAM—Indigo blue. Pkt., 10c.

LORD BEACONSFIELD—Purple violet, shading to white. Pkt., 10c.

KING OF THE BLACKS—Very dark. Pkt., 10c.

WHITE—with purple eye. Pkt., 10c.

FIRE KING—Golden yellow and purple. Pkt., 10c.

CARDINAL—Rich dark red. Pkt., 10c.

PEACOCK—Velvety blue, white edged. Pkt., 10c.

VICTORIA—very fine red. Pkt., 10c.

HARNDEN'S GIANT SPECIAL MIXED—The flowers of this splendid mixture are of largest size and finest form of magnificent colors; borne on stiff stems which show their beauty to fine effect. An excellent sort for florists. Pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 75c.

HARNDEN'S SUPERB MIXED—This is without question the best obtainable in separate varieties, and blended into a magnificent mixture. Produces well-rounded, perfect shaped flowers, showing a wide range of colorings and markings. It includes the richest reds, coppers and bronzes, together with the most delicate pink shading and velvety petals, with fluted and half-double edges, including the Masterpiece strain with its delicate veining and ruffled petals. Pkt., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., \$1.75.

STEELE'S GREENHOUSE SPECIAL MIXED—Pkt., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., \$1.50.

PENTSTEMON (Beard Tongue)

(See Also Perennial Pages)

PHYSALIS (Chinese Lantern Plant)

(See Perennial Pages)

PASSIFLORA

COERULEA GRANDIFLORA (Passion Flower)—15 feet. Southern Beauty. A beautiful vine for greenhouse and window. Few effects are more charming than the Blue Passion Flower covering a wall with its rich green foliage and skyblue flowers, followed later by an abundance of handsome fruit. Pkt., 10c.

PETUNIA

In warm open and sunny places, there is hardly an annual plant to be found which can excel the Petunia in freedom of bloom, variety and brilliancy of colors and markings, and general usefulness.

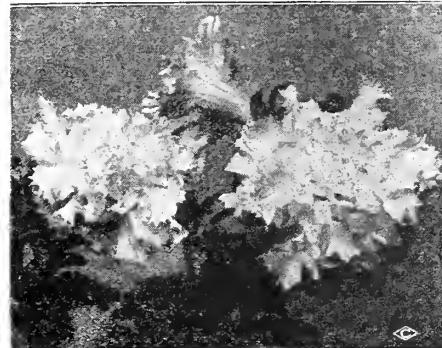
The tall varieties are beautiful in beds and borders; low-growing kinds that make brilliant edgings and the large flowering are often cultivated in pots or window boxes where pretty effects are accomplished by training the vines to hang down over the edge. In this way they are decidedly ornamental for balconies and plant vases.

The seeds are very fine and demand careful attention for the first few weeks after sowing. Seedlings will readily transplant into the open after danger of frost is over, and will thrive wonderfully even in poor, sandy soil. In fact, too rich soil will promote an excessive growth of leaves at the expense of the flowers.

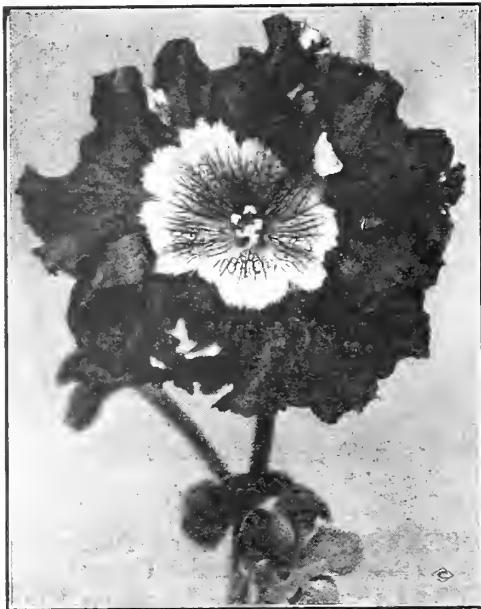
Large-Flowering Double Sorts

In growing Double Petunias from seed, the weaker seedlings should be carefully saved, as these usually produce the finest double flowers.

NEW PEONY FLOWEDED DOUBLE PETUNIAS—We have been proud of our strain of Double Petunias for a number of years and are now glad to supplement it with an improved



Double Petunias



Giant of California Petunia

PETUNIAS—(Cont'd)

strain of extra select seed that will probably revolutionize the growing of Double Petunias. Selection has been made of every flower for crossing, and only fully matured seed, hand-picked, is chosen. It is developed by the recognized greatest grower of Petunias in the world.

It is impossible to describe the many varieties in form and color, pink, white, cream, violet, lavender, mauve, crimson, plain, shaded, and variegated in innumerable ways. The flowers are huge, from 4 to 6 inches in diameter, and are frilled, ruffled and pinked. For those who have not been pleased with their results obtained from the ordinary Double Petunia, we recommend this new Peony Flowered strain. Pkt., 50c.

DOUBLE LARGE FLOWERING—Choice Fringed—a fancy mixture which produces a large percentage of Doubles. Pkt., 35c.
SMALL-FLOWERING—DOUBLE—Carnation Flowered. Erect habit, free blooming fluted flowers of all shades. Pkt., 25c.

Giant-Flowered—Single Fringed

GIANTS OF CALIFORNIA—Mixed. Pkt., 25c.

DWARF GIANTS OF CALIFORNIA—Mixed, extra choice. This strain has the same variety of colors as the preceding. Pkt., 25c.

ROMANY LASS—Velvety blood red with purple throat, striped in black. Pkt., 25c.

HARNDEN'S BEST MIXTURE of large flowering single sorts. This mixture is made up by ourselves from all the best single Petunias and will give satisfactory results. Pkt., 15c.

GIANT COPPER RED—Ruffled, distinct and beautiful. Color terra cotta rose, with bronze or black throat. Pkt., 25c.
Pkt., 25c.

COCCINEO-ROSEA—Scarlet rose, charming. Pkt., 25c.

PRIDE OF PORTLAND—Deep rose fringed. Pkt., 25c.

PORTLAND SCARLET BEAUTY—Scarlet fringed. Pkt., 25c.

PETUNIA TRIUMPHI—Large flowers, beautifully ruffled, of a clear, bright pink. Blooming freely, one of the very finest Petunias for bedding. Pkt., 25c.

FRINGED HYBRIDA—A lovely Petunia with charming fringed flowers of exquisite forms and beautiful colors. Though not as large as the Giants, they are equally beautiful. Pkt., 25c.

"FLUFFY RUFFLES" (True)—The most delicately ruffled and fringed of all our Petunias; slightly smaller than the Giants, but more ruffled. Mixed colors. Pkt., 25c.

PINK GLORY—A pure flame rose pink, without a trace of purple. Flowers 3 to 4 inches in diameter and slightly ruffled. A compact grower and free bloomer. A fine bedder and splendid pot plant. Pkt., 25c.

Large-Flowering—Single Plain Edge

The Flowers are from 3 to 4 Inches in Diameter

ALBA—White. **BRILLIANT ROSE**. **BALCONY**: **QUEEN**,

PURPLE AND WHITE, **BLUE**, **ROSE**, **WHITE**, **RED**, **MIXED**.

ROYAL PURPLE—This without a doubt is the best of all the blue Petunias. Flowers of medium size, of great substance and of the richest velvety pure blue. Any of the above, ptk., 25c.

PURPLE KING—Purple red. Pkt., 25c.

VIOLACEA—Intense dark blue, beautiful. Pkt., 25c.

ELK'S PRIDE—Plain edge black purple. Pkt., 25c.

Petunia Hybrida—Single Bedding

ERECTA PURPLE QUEEN—Plant semi-tall, erect; flowers pretty, large, glossy crimson purple. New.

ILLUSTRIS—Carmine rose, beautiful.

KERMESINA—Bright crimson.

PURPUREA—Deep purple.

COMPACT BRILLIANT—Dwarf, compact, free-flowering, brilliant crimson with white center.

MAGNIFICA—A rich colored mixture of free-flowering, small-flowered Petunias of dwarf, compact habit. The color of the flowers varying from white to lilac, rose, carmine, crimson and purple with white or light colored throat, partly bordered, starred and marbled. Charming for bedding.

NANA MULTIFLORA—Inimitable. Extra dwarf variety, splendid for pots or bedding.

GENERAL DODDS—Rich crimson garnet.

SNOWBALL—Pure satiny-white.

VIOLET QUEEN—Rich velvety violet blue.

HOWARD'S STAR—Rosy crimson with a clearly defined five-pointed star of bluish white.

ROSY MORN—Soft rose pink with white throat; very dainty.

STRIPED AND BLOTTCHED—A good strain of the small-flowering type; beautifully striped and blotched flowers; fine for massing.

PURPUREA—Deep purple.

COUNTESS OF ELLESMORE—Rose with white throat.

VENOSA—Light red veined.

CARMEN SYLVA—Baby blue with white throat.

NORMA—Blue with white star.

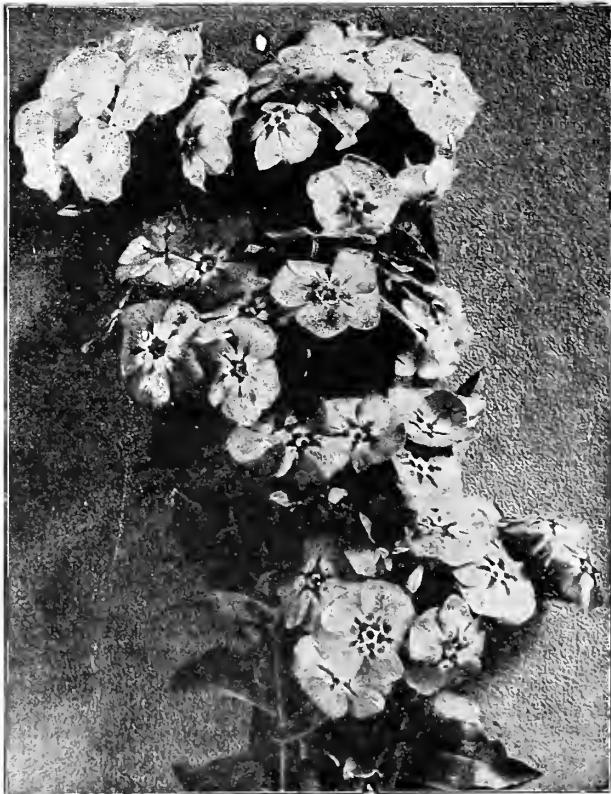
Any of the above, ptk., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

FINEST MIXED—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 75c.

PHLOX

(See Also Perennial Pages)

PHLOX DRUMMONDI GRANDIFLORA—10 to 12 inches. Unparalleled in the magnificent display of their many and brilliantly colored flowers. The plants are hardy bush-like annuals with many broad flat-topped clusters of nearly round and star-shaped flowers. They are of easier culture and bloom profusely through a long season. Seed is usually sown very early in spring outdoors in rows 1 foot apart. A sunny situation



Phlox

Prices on Flower Seeds are Prepaid

is desirable. Well pulverized soil, preferably rich and mellow, should be used and the seed, which germinates rather slowly, covered with about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch of fine soil firmly pressed down.

Alba, white; **Oculata**, white, purple eye; **Atro Rosea**, deep rose; **Carnica**, soft shell pink; **Chamois-Rose**; **Coccinea**, brilliant scarlet; **Isabellina**, yellow; **Kermesina**, dark, crimson; **Splendens**, brilliant scarlet, white eye; **Violacea**, violet blue.

Any of the above, Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c.

GRANDIFLORA MIXED—Best large, flowered varieties. Our mixture is unexcelled for profusion of bloom and wide range of brilliant colors. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

STAR PHLOX—Plants dwarf with pretty star-shaped flowers. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

PORTULACA

SUN PLANT—One of the very best hardy annuals. Portulaca is very easy to cultivate; thrives best in a sunny location. The flowers are of the richest colors and bloom profusely through the entire summer. Are also used for massing in beds, borders, rock work or for sowing broadcast over sunny embankments, 8 inches.

SINGLE ORANGE—Pkt., 10c.

ROSE—Pkt., 10c.

SINGLE SCARLET—Pkt., 10c.

WHITE—Pkt., 10c.

YELLOW—Pkt., 10c.

SINGLE MIXED—All colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c.

DOUBLE MIXED—A large percentage of the flowers will come perfectly double, or the most brilliant scarlet, crimson, white, yellow, etc. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c.

POPPIES

(See Also Perennial Pages)

Plant as early in the spring as the ground can be worked, where they are to remain, as the annual variety will not stand transplanting. Poppies do best in a light, sandy loam. Barely cover the seed, pressing it firmly in; when the plants are about 2 inches high, thin from 6 to 12 inches apart. To secure a long season of bloom, cut the blooms when first opened, allowing no seed pods to form.

CARNATION FLOWERED—Splendid double fringed flowers, crimson, pink, scarlet, mixed; 18 inches. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c.

SHIRLEY—The Shirley Poppies range in color from pure satiny white through all shades of pink to deepest crimson. The flowers are large single and semi-double of satin-like texture. If cut before the blooms are fully open, will last several days in water. Hardy annual, about 18 inches high. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.



Primula



American Legion Poppy

DOUBLE SHIRLEY—Salmon. Pkt., 10c.

DOUBLE SHIRLEY—Pink shades. Pkt., 10c.

TULIP POPPY—Produces large, splendid bright scarlet flowers, strikingly beautiful, reminding one of a dazzling bed of tulips; 14 inches high. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30c.

DANEBROG, or DANISH CROSS—18 inches. Very showy variety, producing large flowers of brilliant scarlet, with a silvery white spot on each petal, forming a white cross. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c.

AMERICAN LEGION—A greatly improved English Scarlet or Flanders Poppy with very large flowers of dazzling orange scarlet; 18 inches. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

FLANDERS—This is the well known Poppy of Flanders field so often mentioned in songs and stories of the great war. Medium size bright scarlet flowers. Very showy when planted in masses. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA—California Poppy

One foot. Sow seeds where plants are wanted to bloom, as they do not transplant well. A bed of these brilliant flowers, when in bloom, give a very pleasing color effect. The foliage is finely cut and has a bluish tinge. Hardy annual, June until frost.

GOLDEN WEST—Flowers bright yellow and orange, penciled and blotched. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; oz., 45c.

ORIENTAL QUEEN—This is one of the prettiest Eschscholtzias ever introduced. The inside of the petals is a beautiful shade of pale buff while the outside of the petals is a rich raspberry red. The blooms are of immense size, the fully expanded flowers measuring four inches in diameter. Pkt., 25c.

ALL COLORS MIXED—Many shades. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c.

PRIMULA

(See Also Perennial Pages)

CHINESE PRIMROSE—This beautiful winter blooming pot plant is especially valuable in that it is brightly colored, and finely formed flowers and attractive foliage may be had in perfection from November until late in spring. Sow the seed indoors in well drained shallow pans or boxes from April to the last of July, to insure flowering the following winter. If covered too deeply or if allowed to dry after being wet, the seed will not germinate. Transplant into pot and keep in a cool place so that the plants will grow slowly until ready to bloom. Mixed colors. Pkt., 25c.

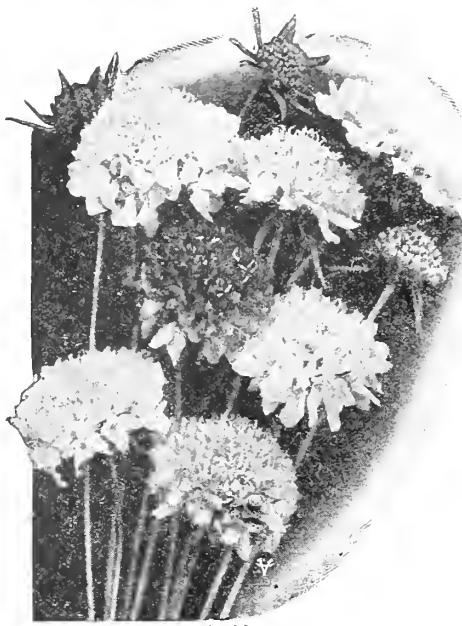
PRIMULA OBCONIA GIGANTEA—These are of the easiest culture in a greenhouse or light window of dwelling house, flowering abundantly with little care. Finest mixed. Pkt., 25c.

PYRETHRUM

(See Also Perennial Pages)

AUREUM GOLDEN FEATHER—6 inches. One of the best plants for edging, grown for its beautiful yellow foliage. Most successfully treated as an annual. Pkt., 10c.

Prices on Flower Seeds are Prepaid



Scabiosa

RICINUS

(CASTOR OIL BEAN)—A very showy plant. Can be used in various ways; planted thickly it forms a handsome edge or screen; may be used with cannae to a very good effect; lends a tropical appearance to the garden.

CAMBODGENIS—Large, palm-like leaves of brilliant bronzy red, stalks nearly black; 8 to 10 feet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

CRIMSON SPIRE—The bushy plants grow 6 to 8 feet high with large palmate leaves of a lustrous purple color gradually changing to bronzy green, with red stems, stalks and vines. The numerous large seed spikes are brilliant rosy crimson. Pkt., 15c.

SANGUINEUS—Blood red stalks and clusters of red fruit; 8 feet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

ZANZIBARIENSIS—A distinct class which surpasses in size and beauty all varieties. The plants attain great dimensions presenting a splendid aspect with their gigantic leaves. The different varieties included in our mixture have light and dark green leaves and some of coppery bronze, changing to dark green, with reddish ribs. The seeds are quite distinct in color and beautifully marked; 8 to 10 feet. Mixed, pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

RUDBECKIA (See Perennial Pages)**RHODANTHE**

A charming annual; succeeds in a light rich soil and a warm sheltered situation; valuable for pot culture; flowers everlasting; mixed colors; 1 foot. Pkt., 10c.

SALPIGLOSSIS

(Painted Tongue)—These annuals have showy, large, funnel-shaped flowers mottled, veined and self-colored. They require a rich soil and will repay liberal treatment. 18 inches.

EMPEROR—Dark Red—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

Rose and Gold—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

Violet—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

White and Gold—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

All Colors—Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

SALVIA (Flowering Sage)

(See Also Perennial Pages)

Among the most brilliantly colored of garden flowers and extremely useful for bedding; also valuable for pot culture and cutting. Blooms are borne in long spikes, well above the foliage and are of fiery red, crimson, continuing in flower a long time. Start early in house and transplant into light soil 1 to 2 feet apart, or seed can be sown outdoors after danger of frost is past.

DWARF SALMON BEAUTY—A splendid novelty that will soon win a place in every garden. As its name implies, it is of a salmon color and will no doubt be as popular as the Scarlet Sage. Pkt., 25c.

AMERICAN, or GLOBE OF FIRE—Many strains of Salvia Splendens have been offered under different names with the claim that they are large-flowered or more floriferous than the old type. We have found none of them more distinctly valuable than this strain, in which the plant is more uniformly dwarf, and comes into bloom earlier than most sorts and remains covered with brilliant red flower spikes a remarkably long time. About 2 feet high. Pkt., 25c.

SALVIA (Cont'd)

BONFIRE—This is one of the finest Scarlet Sages, growing in a compact bush 2 feet high by 2 feet in diameter. Its erect spikes of brilliant scarlet flowers stand clear above the dark green foliage and completely cover the plant. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

SPLENDENS—Large, brilliant scarlet flowers are in these plants afforded a rich, dark green background of dense foliage. This variety is most generally used in parks and on extensive lawns, as in growth it is more vigorous than the more dwarf varieties; 2½ to 3 feet high. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

ZURICH—Early. The plants are dwarf and compact, with large brilliant flower spikes. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

FARINACEA—A perennial variety, but the best grown as an annual. Seeds sown in the open ground in May, blooming from July to frost. The fine light blue flowers are borne on long spikes held above the foliage; makes a good blue line; 2 feet. Pkt., 15c.

SCABIOSA (Morning Bride)

(See Also Perennial Pages)

Favorites with many of our customers. Seed can be sown any time in the spring after danger of frost is past; they grow about 2½ feet high, and come into bloom early in June, and continue without interruption until hard frost.

IMPROVED LARGE FLOWERING—Azure blue, Black Prince, Cherry Red, Rose, Flesh, Snowball and Scarlet.

Any of the above, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; oz., 65c.

EXTRA FINE MIXED—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; oz., 65c.

SCHIZANTHUS**SAPONARIA** (See Perennial Pages)

BUTTERFLY, or FRINGE FLOWER—This is one of the airiest and daintiest flowers imaginable, especially adapted to bordering beds of taller flowers and those of a heavier growth. The seeds germinate quickly and come into bloom in a few weeks from sowing. The florescence is such as to obscure the foliage completely, making the plant a veritable pyramid of the most delicate and charming bloom. The Schizanthus make admirable pot plants for the house in late winter and early spring. For this purpose sow in the autumn; 1½ feet. Finest mixed, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c.

GARAWAY'S HYBRIDS—Extra select strain. Pkt., 20c.

ROSE AND AMBER SHADES—Pkt., 15c.

SILENE (Catchfly)

(See Also Perennial Pages)

SCHAFFTA (Autumn Catchfly)—A charming border of rock plant, growing from 4 to 6 inches high, with masses of bright pink flowers from July to October. Pkt., 10c.

SMILAX

In many respects this Smilax is the most useful, and it is certainly one of the most graceful climbers which adorns the greenhouse or conservatory; for bouquets and floral decorations it is indispensable. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c.



Schizanthus

Prices on Flower Seeds are Prepaid

STATICE

(See Also Perennial Pages)

Annual Statice is not only a beautiful flower in the border, but dries retaining its true colors, which are rare among everlastings, and have come to be indispensable in making winter bouquets; 1 foot high.

RUSSIAN (Suworowii, or Rat Tail)—Flowers bright rose color. Pkt., 15c.

BONDELLII—Producing numerous heads of bright yellow flowers. Pkt., 10c.

SINUATA ROSEA SUPERBA—A charming new bright color. Pkt., 10c.

TRUE BLUE—A new deep blue. Pkt., 10c.

STEVIA

SERRATA—Free-blooming, bearing an abundance of pure white flowers; suitable for summer or winter blooming; 2 feet. Pkt., 10c.

SPENCER SWEET PEAS

HOW TO GROW SWEET PEAS—The soil for Sweet Peas should be rich and deep. A good rich loam, with plenty of well rotted manure in it, is the ideal soil that will produce plenty of good blooms of good substance. They should be in a position fully exposed to the sunlight and air on both sides of the row.

Much depends upon the state of the weather as to when the seed may be sown out of doors; but they should be sown as early in the season as the ground can be worked, which is usually between the middle of February and the middle of March. It is best to make a trench or furrow about 6 inches deep, in the bottom of which sow the seed. Cover with about an inch of soil, pressing it down firmly. As soon as they are above ground, thin out to 2 to 4 inches apart; when planted too close, they do not attain their full development. They should be staked up either with branches of brush or stout stakes on which wire netting has been fastened. These should be at least 4 feet high, and 5 feet would be better. It is just as well to do the staking at the time of sowing.

During the dry weather they should be watered thoroughly and frequently. The flowers should be cut as often as possible, to prevent the plants from running to seed, which would stop them from continuing in bloom.

These Spencer Sweet Peas are distinguished for their gigantic size, frequently measuring 2 inches across; the bold, erect standard, which is uniformly waved, crimped and fluted in exquisite fashion; the charming blendings of harmonious colors, the exceedingly long flower stems, which make them unexcelled for cutting; the great profusion of flowers and the large number of flowers on the stem.

EARLY WINTER FLOWERING

ALL WHITE—White.

AMETHYST—Royal Purple.

AVIATOR—Crimson.

BLANCHE PERRY—Pink and white.

BLUEBIRD—A charming mid-blue self. A heavy producer.

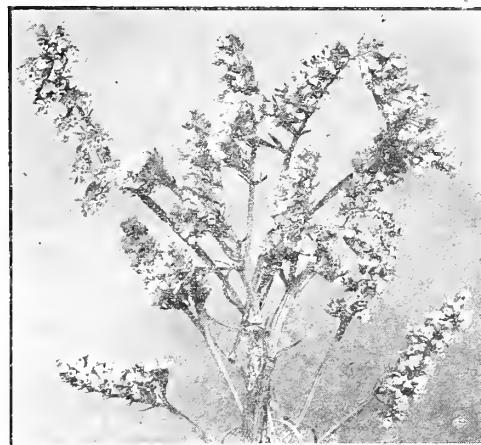
BOHEMIAN GIRL—Deep pink.

CHERRY RIPE—Salmon cerise.

COLUMBIA—Best pink and white.

FAIR MAID—Blush pink.

FIRE KING—Orange scarlet.



Annual Statice

GLITTERS—Cerise.

HARMONY—Clear Lavender.

HERCULES—Large rosy pink, long stems and a free producer. Same lovely shade of pink as Countless Spencer.

ROBIN RED-BREAST—Bright orange scarlet.

ROSE DORE—Rose pink, suffused orange.

SONG BIRD—Pale blush pink.

SNOW STORM—A good early pure white. For late planting.

SWEET LAVENDER—New. Pure lavender self.

VENUS—Standard white, slightly blushed pink wings.

WEDGEWOOD—Magnificent clear blue.

YARROW—Bright rose. Lighter wings.

ZVOLANEK'S BLUE—Bright blue.

ZVOLANEK'S ORANGE—Orange pink.

ZVOLANEK'S ROSE—Giant rose pink.

Any of the above, pkt., 15c; oz., 80c.

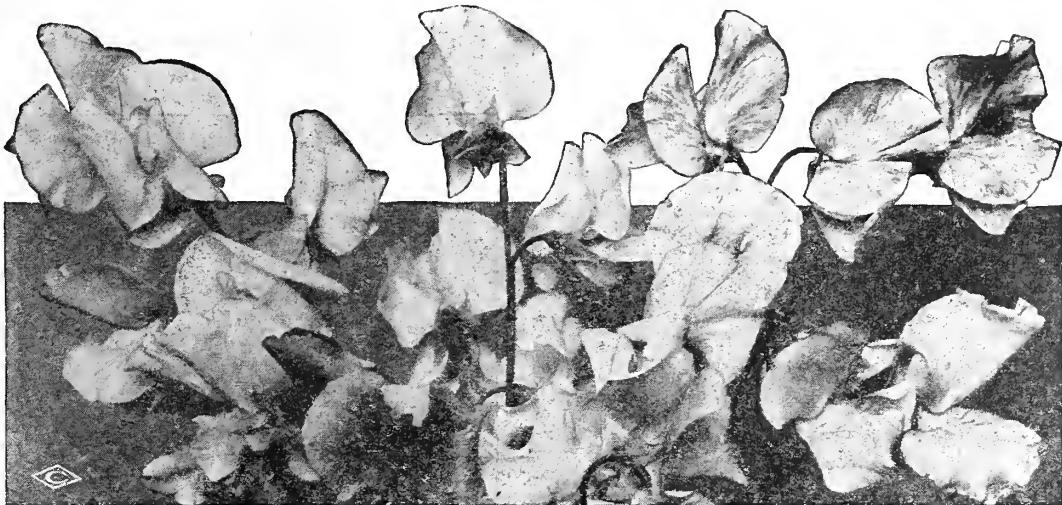
STANDARD SPENCER VARIETIES

These Spencer Sweet Peas are distinguished for their gigantic size, frequently measuring 2 inches cross; the bold, erect standard, which is uniformly waved, crimped and fluted in exquisite fashion; the charming blendings of harmonious colors, the exceedingly long flower stems, which make them unexcelled for cutting; the great profusion of flowers and the large number of flowers on the stem.

ALEXANDER MALCOLM—Fine cerise toned orange scarlet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

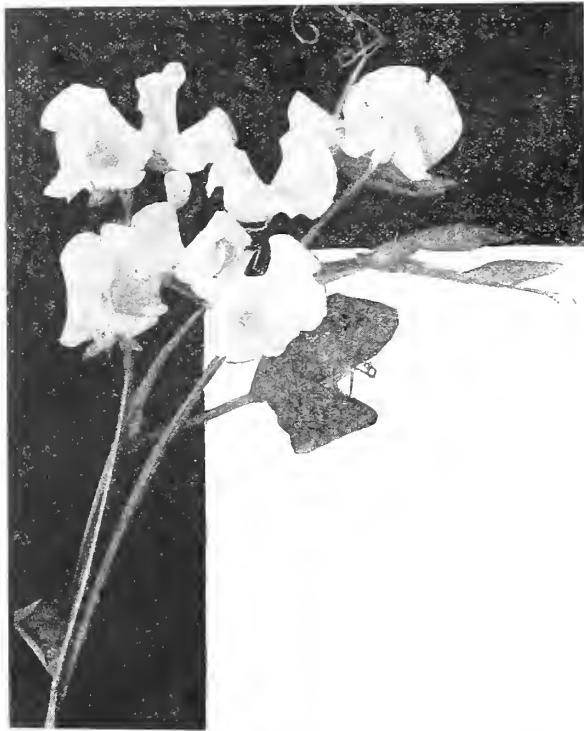
AMERICA—Carmine stripe on white. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

APPLEBLOSSOM—Standard rose, showing veins of deeper rose, wings light carmine, the whole color overspreads on primrose. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.



Spencer Sweet Peas

Prices on Flower Seeds are Prepaid

**SPENCER SWEET PEAS—(Cont'd)**

BLANCHE FERRY—Standard bright carmine rose and wings white, suffused and tinted with light pink. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

BLUE PICOTTE—White, edged violet blue. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

BOLTON'S ORANGE—Rich orange salmon self. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

CHARITY—Scarlet crimson. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

COMMANDER GODSALL—New, violet blue. Pkt., 15c; oz., 60c.

CONSTANCE INTON—Of enormous size. The best white for outdoor planting. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

COUNTESS SPENCER—Clear pink, deepening somewhat towards the edge. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

CRIMSON KING—Rich deep crimson. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

CUPID SWEET PEAS—Spencer mixed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

DEFIANCE—Glowing orange scarlet, burnless. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

DOBIE'S CREAM—Deep cream or primrose. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

DOBIE'S LAVENDER GEO. HERBERT—Improved Florence Nightingale, opens a little mauvish, but clears to pure lavender. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

ELFRIDA PEARSON—Large deep blush waved buds and young flowers having a bronze sheen. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

FIERY CROSS—A new shade of red Turkey or military red. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE—Lavender. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

GLADYS—Lilac self. Pkt., 25c.

GIANT WHITE—Pkt., 25c.

GOLDEN GLORY—Glowing orange. Pkt., 15c; oz., 70c.

HAWLMARK CERISE—Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

HAWLMARK LAVENDER—Clear light lavender. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

HAWLMARK PINK—Rich, bright rose pink, deeply flushed and shaded salmon. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

HEBE—Large bright pink. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

HERCULES—A rich pink flower, waved. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

ILLUMINATOR—Bright salmon, cerise sparkling with orange. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

KING EDWARD VII—Rich waved crimson. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

KING MANUEL—Giant chocolate maroon self. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

KING WHITE—Produces gigantic flowers absolutely pure white. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

MAGIC—Rosy amethyst deepening to blue at base. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

MRS. TOM JONES—Bright delphinium blue, a very attractive color. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

MARGARET ATLEE—Apricot pink on cream ground. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

MASCOT'S WHITE—A large waved white of good substance. Pkt., 15c; oz., 50c.

MASTERPIECE—Clear lavender self, slightly flushed rose on standard. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

NEW BUTTERCUP—A deep cream. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

PICTURE—Color, flesh pink with rosy creamy apricot. Pkt., 15c; oz., 60c.

PINK PEARL—Pearly pink. Pkt., 15c; oz., 60c.

RAVENSWING—Deep maroon. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

RENOVATION—Carmine rose. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

ROSABELLE—A very large bright waved rose. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

ROYAL PURPLE—The best purple. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

ROYAL SALUTE—Scarlet cerise. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

ROYAL SCOT—The most brilliant scarlet. It does not fade or burn in the hottest sunshine. Pkt., 15c; oz., 60c.

SPENCER MIXED—Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.50.

STIRLING STENT—A bright salmon colored flower. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

SUNSET—Bright rose, amber ground. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

TANGERINE—Deep orange colored flower, almost approaching the color of a tangerine orange. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

THE CARDINAL—Brilliant poppy scarlet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

VALENTINE—Shell pink. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

WARRIOR—Giant maroon. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

WEDGEWOOD—A lovely self blue. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25.

STOCKS

GIANT BISMARCK—One of the best Stocks, both for inside and outside planting. The plants grow in pyramidal form, are strong and robust and are covered with large double flowers; $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet.

Pure White; Fiery Blood Red; Gold Ball; Lavender (Queen of Belgians); Rose; Flesh; Chamois; Lilac; Mixed.
Each of the above, pkt., 15c.

GIANT PERFECTION—Cut and Come Again— $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet. White (Princes Alice); Silvery Lilac; Canary Yellow; Scarlet; Rose; Sky Blue (May Queen); Mixed.
Each of the above, pkt., 10c.

SWEET WILLIAM (See Perennial Pages)**STOKESIA CYANEA (See Perennial Pages)****WALL FLOWER (See Perennial Pages)****THALICTRUM (Meadow Rue)****(See Perennial Pages)****THUNBERGIA (Black Eyed Susan)**

Four feet, beautiful climbers for hanging baskets and lawn vases; flowers trumpet-shaped.

MIXED COLORS—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c.

TORENIA

A very fine annual; a splendid plant for vases, hanging baskets, borders, etc.; covered the entire season with a mass of bloom. Sky blue, with three spots of dark blue, bright yellow center; 12 inches. Pkt., 15c.

**VALERIANA (Valerian)
(See Perennial Pages)**

Stocks

Prices on Flower Seeds are Prepaid

VERBENA

This well known annual of low-growing decumbent habit of growth is very desirable for massing in beds on the lawn. It is suitable also for borders and window boxes. Large clusters of showy flowers are borne in succession through a long season until frost. Each truss or cluster is about 2 or 3 inches across, and including a dozen or more single flowers about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch across, tubular with five spreading lobes. The length of stem and texture of the flowers make them of value for bouquets and table decorations. There is a wide range of color, shades and stripes, usually running from pure white to deep purple.

Plants grown from the seed are not only cheaper, but are strong and vigorous in growth, with rich, dark foliage. Sow seed early in cold frame boxes in light sandy soil, in a sunny window, or it may be sown thinly in shallow drills in open ground. When the young plants are well started, they should be thinned or transplanted to stand 12 inches apart in a row; 12 to 24 inches.

MAMMOTH—Mixed; White, extra choice; Purple Shades; Pink and Rose Shades; Dark Blue; Blue Shades.

DEFIANCE—Brilliant scarlet, true.

FIREFLY—Brilliant scarlet, white eye.

LUCIFER—Brilliant red, an improved Defiance.

MAYFLOWER—Pink.

LUTEA—Yellow.

PURPLE MANTLE; STRIPED; FINE MIXED.

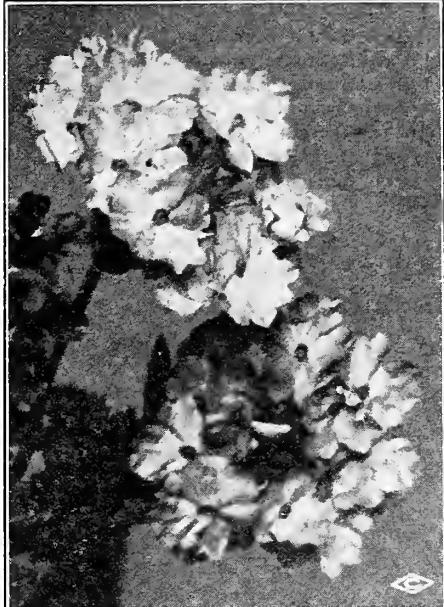
Any of the above, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.

GIGANTEA TYPE

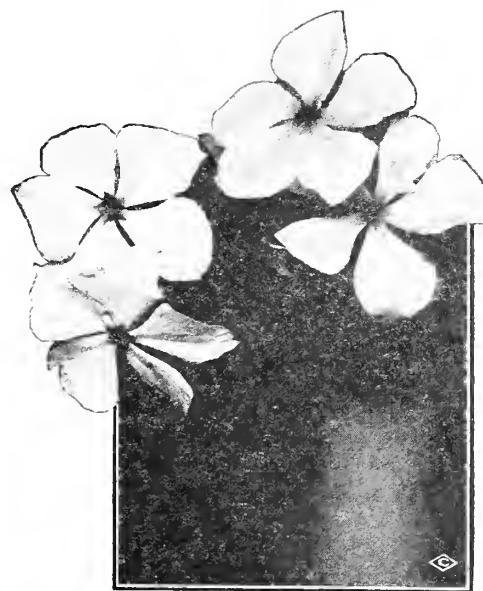
Gigantea Alba, very large, pure white; **Coccinea**, scarlet; **Luminosa**, luminous flame pink toning to softer shades of salmon flesh and coral; **Lucifer Red**; **Rosea Stellata**, pink, white eye; **Rose Cardinal**, bright red; **Violacea Stellata**; **Violet**, white eye; **Gigantea**; **Mixed**.

Any of the above, pkt., 25c.

LEMON (*Citriodora*)—Pkt., 15c.



Verbena, Gigantea



Vinca Rosea

VERONICA (Speedwell)

(See Perennial Pages)

VINCA ROSA (Periwinkle)

Ornamental free-blooming plants with dark laurel-like foliage and handsome pink and white flowers. Seeds should be sown early and then the plants will bloom the first summer; 12 inches. White, with eye, and pink. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.

VIOLA ODORATA AND CORNUTA

(See Perennial Pages)

VIRGINIA STOCKS

MALCOLMIA MARITIMA—An early-blooming annual, largely grown for edgings and borders. The plants are 6 inches in height and bear a profusion of small flowers continuously during cool weather. Scarlet, pkt., 10c; Mixed, pkt., 10c.

VISCARIA

CARDINALIS—An annual plant of easiest culture, admirably suited for bedding. It grows a foot high and produces freely large, single flowers of a bright crimson color throughout the summer. Pkt., 10c.

XERANTHEMUM (Everlasting)

ANNUUM—One of the prettiest and most satisfactory of the Everlastings, bearing an abundance of bright rose, purple and white flowers, which are not only showy in the garden, but very useful as dried flowers in winter bouquets. Grows about 3 feet high. Pkt., 10c.

We carry during April and May a complete line of Annual Plants for bedding. These include

Asters
Ageratum
Calendulas

Cosmos
Marigolds
Pansies

Petunias
Snapdragons
Salvias

All Reasonably Priced

Prices on Flower Seeds are Prepaid

ZINNIA

DAHLIA FLOWERED—In formation, the broad petals are closely imbricated, sometimes seeming almost to be piled one upon the other. The flowers often measure 4 inches in depth and 6 to 8 inches in diameter. In general appearance, the flowers compare with the Show Dahlias; 3 to 4 feet.

Buttercup Yellow; Canary Bird, primrose; Crimson Monarch, best red; Dream, deep lavender; Exquisite, light rose, center deep rose; Golden State, rich orange; Illumination, deep rose; Old Rose, art shade; Oriole, darkest red; Scarlet Flame, bright scarlet with blending of orange; Polar Bear, white. Purple Prince, a fine deep purple (Rhodanthe Purple). Lemon Beauty, Very large. Each of the above, pkt., 15c; any 3 pkts., 40c; 1 each of 15 varieties, \$1.50.

Dahlia Flowered Gold Medal Hybrids—A superior mixture containing many new varieties from the trial grounds of the originator and the better named varieties. Pkt., 15c; 6 pkts., 75c.

SPECIAL STRAIN OF ROBUSTA DOUBLE—3 to 4 feet. This is our own strain of this old favorite and continuous flowering annual. The flowers are of enormous size, thickly set with velvety petals. The plants are healthy, vigorous, freely branched and make excellent material for grouping or cutting. They attain a height of three to four feet.

Apricot Yellow (Light Canary); Buttercup; Burnt Orange; Cream; Crimson; Orange; Pink Shades; Purple Shades; Rose King; Rose Queen; Deep Flesh; Deep Salmon; Flesh Color; Golden Yellow; Lavender; Scarlet; Shrimp Pink; Salmon Shades; Violet; White.

Each of the above, pkt., 15c; any 3 pkts., 40c.

GIANT PICOTEE MIXED—3 feet. Pkt., 25c.

Golden Pheasant—Flowers deep orange tipped maroon. Pkt., 25c.

ZEBRA, or CARNATION STRIPED—Pkt., 10c.

CRESTED OR CURLLED—Mixed, pkt., 10c.

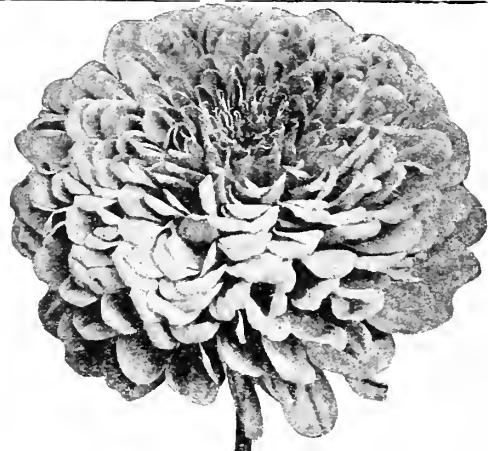
LILLIPUT—Double; 12 inch. The plants form handsome little bushes and fairly bristle with tiny, short-stemmed, very double flowers. They are very pretty plants; bloom all summer until late in the fall.

LILLIPUT-Mixed; Scarlet Gem; White Gem; Golden Gem; Dark Crimson; Salmon Rose.

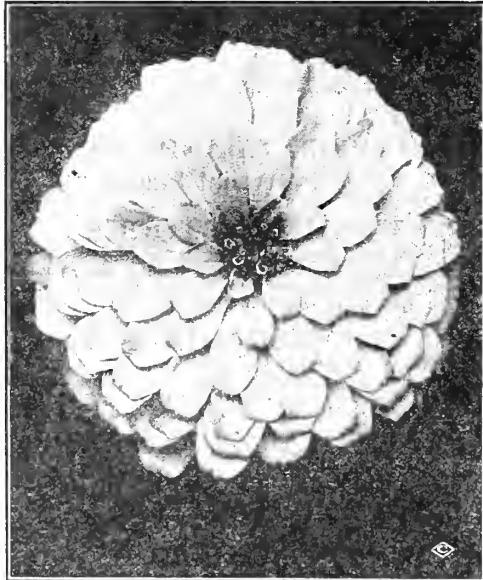
Each of the above, pkt., 10c.

GRACILLIMA fl. pl.—Coccinea (Red Ridng Hood). Pkt., 10c.

MEXICANA (Haageana) fl. pl.—8 inches; double yellow. Pkt., 10c.



California Giant Zinnias



Robusta Strain Zinnia

SPECIAL ZINNIA COLLECTION

\$1.35 Value, 8 Pkts., \$1.00

- 1 Pkt. Dahlia Flowered Mixed
- 1 Pkt. Robustia Mixed
- 1 Pkt. Giant Picotee Mixed
- 1 Pkt. Crested and Curled Mixed
- 1 Pkt. Lilliput Mixed
- 1 Pkt. Red Riding Hood
- 1 Pkt. Mericana
- 1 Pkt. California Giant Mixed

HYBRIDA—New Mexican Hybrids. Single. Pkt., 10c.

HYBRIDA—New Mexican Hybrids. Double. Pkt., 10c.

PUMILA fl. pl.—Mixed. Double Dwarf, extra choice, 18 inches; Alba Plena, snowball; Coccinea Plena, Fireball; Aurea Plena, gold-ball; Salmon Rose, remarkable shade, good for cut flowers.

Each of the above, pkt., 10c; 4 pkts., 30c.

CALIFORNIA GIANTS—3 to 4 feet. They are larger than Robustia and a cross between them and the Dahlia Flowered types. They have smaller flat centers with more loosely placed petals. The petals are decidedly imbricated and the flower from bud to full bloom presents a graceful appearance.

Lemon Queen. The petals are light canary on the upper and cerise on the lower side, the two shades blending as the flower develops. It is the only Zinnia with fragrance. **Orange King**. Similar in color to the Calendula of the same name. **Orange Queen**. Lighter than Orange King. **Purity**. A clean pure white. **Rose Queen**. This flower opens first as bright rose with a deep rose red center and gradually develops into a warm deep rose when in full bloom. **California Giants Mixed**.

Each of the above, pkt., 25c; 3 pkts., 60c.

95c

SPECIAL GARDEN COLLECTION

Regular \$1.20 Value

- 1 Pkt. Double Stock Flowered Larkspur
- 1 Pkt. Double Cosmos Mixed
- 1 Pkt. Purple Petunia
- 1 Pkt. Dwarf Nasturtium Mixed

- 1 Pkt. Dahlia Flowered Zinnia Mixed
- 1 Pkt. Sweet Peas Spencer Mixed
- 1 Pkt. Calliopsis Mixed
- 1 Pkt. Pansy Mixed

Prices on Flower Seeds are Prepaid

HARDY PERENNIAL SEEDS AND PLANTS

The demand for perennial plants is becoming greater every year. They demand so little attention, yet respond so well to any treatment, that they are rapidly gaining popularity. The plants we are offering are all selected, field-grown stock.

ACANTHUS (Bear's Breech)

MOLLIS LATIFOLIUS—A handsome decorative plant of stately effect, with deeply toothed, heart-shaped leaves, 2 feet long by 1 foot wide, either for planting as single specimens on the lawn or in the border, or for grouping with other plants for sub-tropical effect, producing 3 feet high spikes of curious rose colored flowers during August and September. The ornamentation of the Corinthian column is said to have been suggested by the leaf of this plant. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

ACHILLEA

THE PEARL—One of the best hardy, white perennials. Grows about 2 feet high and from spring till frost is covered with heads of purest white double flowers. Easily grown from seed, flowering the first season, if sown early, May to October. Seeds, pkt., 25c; plants, 25c each; doz., \$2.50.

AGERATUM—A pretty alpine of compact habit. Flowers yellow, sweet scented. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

MILLEFOLIUM KELWAYI—Dark blood red. Seeds, pkt., 50c.

ACONITUM

NAPELIUS—Hardy perennial plant, with showy panicles of helmet-shaped flowers; does well in shady places or under trees; 3 feet. August. (Monkshood). Blue. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

FISCHERI—A dwarf variety with pale blue flowers. September; 18 inches. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

ADLUMIA

An interesting hardy perennial climbing vine, with beautiful dark rose flowers and delicate foliage; 15 feet.

CIRRHOSEA—Mountain Fringe; Allegheny Vine. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

ADONIS

VERNALIS—18 inches. May. Large star-shaped yellow flowers. Seeds, pkt., 10c.



Achillea

AGATHEA

COELESTIS (Blue Daisy)—12 inches. Flowers sky blue with yellow disk, easy growth. Useful in the border, for bedding and as a pot plant. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

AGROSTEMMA

CORONARIA VARIETIES MIXED—Attractive free-flowering, producing bright colored flowers on long, slender stems like a single pink; blooms the first season; 2 feet. June to September. Seeds, pkt., 10c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

FLOS JOVIS—1 foot. Beautiful pink flowers. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

ALYSSUM (Mad Wort)

SAXATILE COMPACTUM ("Basket of Gold")—Showy golden yellow flowers; hardy perennial; blooms the first season; 6 inches. April and May. Seeds, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

AMPELOPSIS (Boston Ivy)

VEITCHII—A hardy perennial climber, with olive green leaves, which turn to scarlet in the autumn. The best and most popular climber for covering brick or stone walls. Seeds, pkt., 10c; plants, each, 50c.

ANCHUSA

DROPMORE—One of the best hardy perennials; grows 3 to 5 feet high and bears in abundance flowers of the richest gentian blue during May and June. Seeds, pkt., 15c; plants, each, 25c.

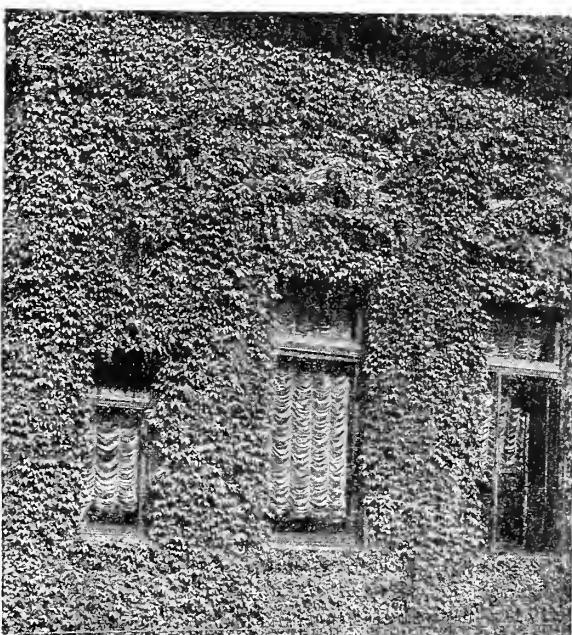
OPAL—3 to 5 feet. June to July. A splendid lustrous light blue. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

ANEMONE (Windflower)

A very pleasing perennial, producing large flowers; 2 to 3 feet. Few plants compare with them in beauty; fine for bouquets. Sow outdoors in spring, keeping shaded till the plants appear.

CORONARIA (Poppy Anemone)—Mixed colors. Seed, pkt., 10c.

ST. BRIGID—A beautiful selection of the above. Our seed comes from a famous Irish grower and comprises semi-double and double flowers in a wonderful array of colors. Seeds, pkt., 15c.



Ampelopsis, Boston Ivy

Prices on Seeds are Prepaid. Plants will be shipped at Customer's Expense by Express, Collect. If wanted by Parcel Post, add 20c per dozen or fraction thereof, to cover postage.

HARDY PERENNIAL SEEDS AND PLANT—Continued

ANTHEMIS (Marguerite)

These Hardy Marguerites are most satisfactory perennials, succeeding in the poorest soil, but needing full sun. The flowers are yellow.

KELWAYI (Hardy Marguerite)—2 feet. Daisy-like yellow blossoms, produced all summer. Excellent for cutting. Seeds, pkt., 10c; plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

TINCTORIA—Very useful yellow border plant 2 to 3 feet. June to October. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

ALBA—White; 2 feet. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

AQUILEGIA (Columbine)

The "Columbines" rank among the most beautiful and popular of all hardy plants, and, if once established in the garden, they will last many years, but should be taken up every two or three years to be replanted after dividing the clumps. May and June; 12 to 18 inches.

ALPINA—Deep blue. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

COerulea—Blue and white. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

ROSE QUEEN—Deep rose. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

CHRYSANTHA—Yellow. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

JAETSCHAU—Yellow, long red spurs. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

SKINNERI—Green and gold, long spurs. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

MRS. SCOTT ELLIOTT'S LONG SPURRED HYBRIDS—Fine run of colors and distinct shape. Seeds, pkt., 25c; plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

GRANDIFLORA ALBA—White. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

DOUBLE MIXED—Seeds, pkt., 10c.

IMPROVED LONG SPURRED VARIETIES, MIXED—Seeds, pkt., 15c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

ARABIS (Rock Cress)

ALPINA—Early spring flowering plants especially adapted for edging and rockery; plants form a dense carpet completely covered with pure white blossoms; perennial; April to May; 6 inches. Seeds, pkt., 10c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

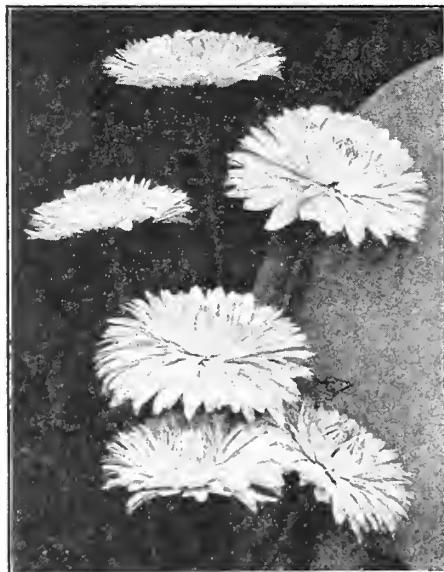
ARMERIA (Sea Pink or Thrift)

FORMOSA—A very pretty edging plant, bearing rosy pink flowers. Seeds, pkt., 15c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

HYBRIDA—Mixed. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

ARISTOLOCHIA (Dutchman's Pipe)

SIPHO—One of the best climbing vines, with immense heart-shaped leaves of a deep rich green color, invaluable for covering walls and trellises. Flowers yellow and brown mottled, curiously shaped. Seed should be sown very carefully and watered regularly. Plants covered during the winter. Height 50 feet. Seeds, pkt., 15c.



Bellis (English Daisy)



Aquilegia (Columbine)

ARTEMISIA

LACTIFLORA (Hawthorn-scented Mugwort)—A most effective flowering plant, with erect stems 3½ to 4½ feet high, clothed with elegantly cut dark green foliage and terminated by sprays of Hawthorn-scented creamy white Spirea-like light and graceful flowers. It is at its best from the latter part of August to the end of September, and is particularly valuable on this account, being unlike any other plant in bloom at that time. Seeds, pkt., 15c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

ASPERULA

ODORATA WOODRUFF, or WALDMEISTER—An herb whose leaves are used in making beverages or when dried used to lay among linens; 6 to 8 inches. Also useful for carpeting, shady places and for edgings. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

ASTER

CLIMAX—A wonderful new flowered light blue Hardy Aster. Without question the most showy of all. These plants will give perfect satisfaction the first year; 2½ to 5 feet. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

AUBRIETIA

LARGE-FLOWERED HYBRIDS—The beautiful mauve spring bedding plant makes the garden so gay in the early months of the year. Aubretas produce great masses of bloom and are charming companions to Yellow Alyssum and White Arabis. Grows well from seed. Sow in June and plant out in autumn where required for flowering in spring. A valuable strain including a wide range of many unusual colors which cannot be fixed and offered separately. Height, 6 inches. Seeds, pkt., 25c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

BOUGAINVILLEI—Same as above, only the color of the flowers is dark blue. Seeds, pkt., 25c.

BELLIS (English Daisy)

A favorite perennial which will stand the winter if given the protection of a little litter. In bloom from early spring until well on in the summer. Easily raised from seed, which may be sown any time from spring until August. For best results, new plants should be raised from seed each year. The following are the finest double-flowering kinds, selected after careful test out of over twenty sorts; 6 inches.

PERENNIS, fl. pl.—Etna, dark red; pkt., 10c. **Longfellow**, dark rosy; pkt., 10c. **The Bride**, pure white, large flowers; pkt., 10c. **Snowball**, white; pkt., 10c. **Montrosa**, mixed, robust growth, flowers extra large; pkt., 25c. **Alba**, pkt., 25c; **Rosea**, 25c; **Mixed** (Double Daisy), pkt., 10c.

Prices on Seeds are Prepaid. Plants will be shipped at Customer's Expense by Express, Collect. If wanted by Parcel Post, add 20c per dozen or fraction thereof, to cover postage.

HARDY PERENNIAL SEEDS AND PLANTS—Continued

BAPTISIA

AUSTRALIS—A very attractive hardy perennial, producing beautiful racemes of bright blue, pea-shaped flowers in June and July. Height, 2½ feet. Seeds, pkt., 15c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

BOLTONIA

A heavy, fall-blooming plant, growing 5 to 6 feet in height. They produce hundreds of aster-like blooms late in the season. White. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

BOCCONIA

CORDATA (Plume Poppy)—Five feet. A handsome border plant, having large lobed heart-shaped leaves with silvery undersurface and flower plumes of a pretty shaped cream color. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

BRIZA

MAXIMA—Quaking Grass; 2½ feet. Very ornamental for garden or cutting purposes. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

CARNATIONS

GRENADE—Scarlet, double. Extra fine; 12 to 24 inches. Seeds, pkt., 15c. White double. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

VIENNA—Early flowering, extra double dwarf mixed. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

TREE, or PERPETUAL FRENCH (Chabaud)—Mixed. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

TREE, or PERPETUAL—Scarlet rose, white, yellow. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

MARGARET, HALF DWARF—Finest mixed. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

MARGARET—Pure white, deep scarlet, yellow, crimson. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

CAMPANULA (Canterbury Bells)

The seeds should be sown by mid-April in finely prepared, rich soil—the colors in separate rows—and, if the weather is dry, they should be given a thorough watering late every afternoon. By the 15th of July the little plants should be transplanted, either to the places where they are to bloom the following summer, or else they may be set out temporarily in rows about a foot apart, the plants 8 inches. June and July.

CARPATICA (Harebell)—Blue, very useful perennial, trailing; 9 inches. Seeds, pkt., 10c. White; 9 inches. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

MEDIUM (Canterbury Bells)—White, blue and rose. 3 feet. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

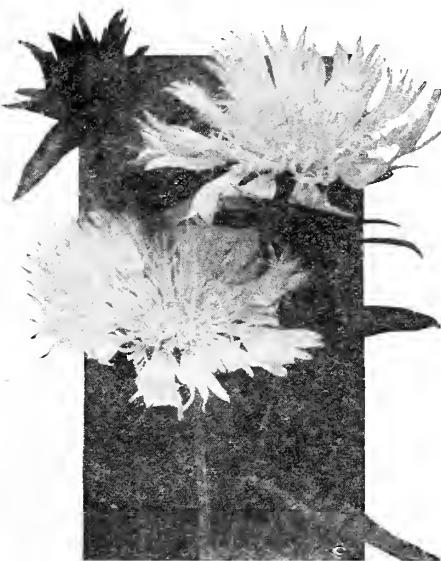
Double—White, blue or rose. Seeds, pkt., 10c. Single or Double Mixed—Seeds, pkt., 10c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

CALYCANTHEMUM (Cup and Saucer)—Blue; White; Rose; Striped; Mixed. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

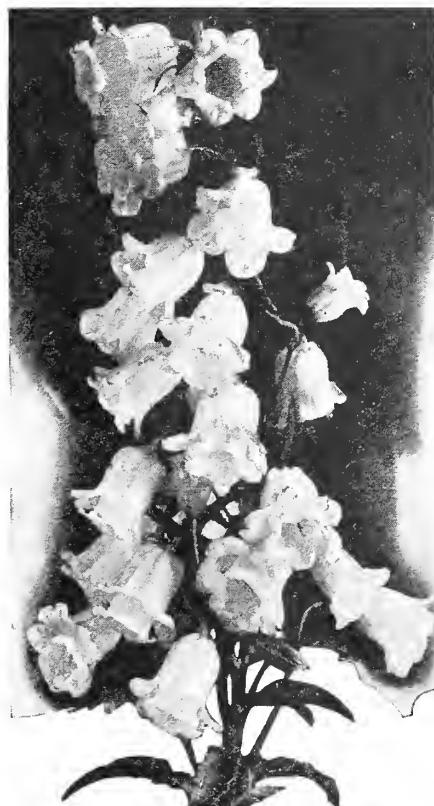
CENTAUREA

MONTANA (Perennial Corn Flower)—Grows 2 feet high, bearing large violet blue flowers from July to September. Seeds, pkt., 10c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

MONTANA—White. Seeds, pkt., 10c.



Centaurea (Montana)



Canterbury Bells

CERASTIUM (Snow in Summer)

MENTOSUM—A very pretty dwarf, white-leaved edging or rock plant, bearing small white flowers; 6 inches; hardy perennial. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

CHEIRANTHUS

ALLIONI—1 foot. Fine rock or border plant with orange flowers. Spring and summer. Seed, pkt., 10c.

CHELONE (Shell Flower)

BARBATUS COCCINEUS—A hardy border perennial of Pentstemons like habit, producing long racemes of scarlet flowers. Blooms June and July; 3 feet. Seeds, pkt., 15c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

CIMICIFUGA (Snake Root)

RACEMOSA—4 to 6 feet. White flowers in long racemes. September and October. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

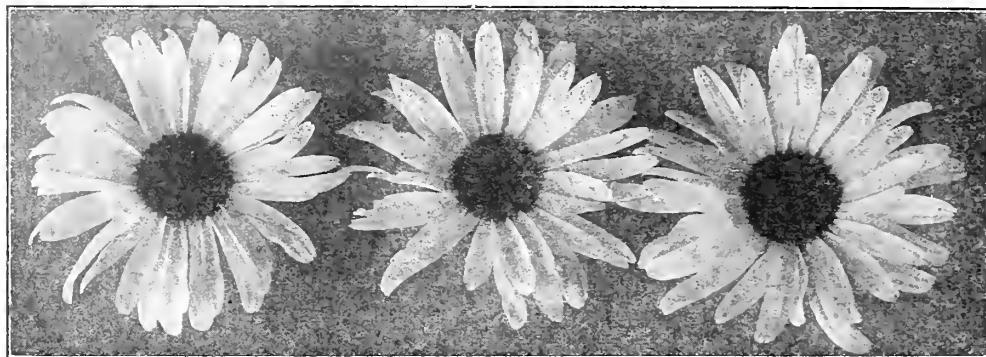
COREOPSIS

LANCEOLATA GRANDIFLORA—2 feet. This is one of the finest of hardy plants, with large, showy bright yellow flowers produced in the greatest abundance from June till frost. Easily grown from seed, flowering the first year if sown early. Seeds, pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c. Plants, each, 15c; doz., \$1.50.

CONVALLARIA (Lily-of-the-Valley)

MAJALIS—A great favorite for densely shaded situations, thriving as satisfactorily in such a position, if not better, than any other perennial plant. Large beds are often neglected, causing shy blooming, but a liberal dressing of well decayed manure in the fall or early spring will produce an almost immediate effect. Large Clumps, each, 60c; doz., \$6.00.

Prices on Seeds are Prepaid. Plants will be shipped at Customer's Expense by Express, Collect. If wanted by Parcel Post, add 20c per dozen or fraction thereof, to cover postage.

HARDY PERENNIAL SEEDS AND PLANTS—Continued**CHRYSANTHEMUMS**

MAXIMUM (Ox-Eye Daisy)—2 feet. Gives a wonderful show of large white flowers. Fine for cutting. May and June. Seeds, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

SHASTA DAISY ALASKA—A splendid hardy perennial variety with flowers rarely less than 4 inches across, pure white with broad overlapping petals, and borne on long strong stems; a beautiful cut flower, remaining in good condition a week or more. Seeds, pkt., 25c; 2 for 45c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

MAXIMUM KING EDWARD VII (Moonpenny Daisy)—Considered the finest of all, wth flowers of extraordinary size, of purest white, perfect form, and exceedingly free-flowering. A splendid addition to this useful hardy perennial. Blooms July to September. If sown early will bloom the first year; 3 feet. Seeds, pkt., 15c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

CLUMPS—The fragrant, old-fashioned kind that you have seen along the farm house and in the old-fashioned garden.

AUTUMN GLOW—Rose crimson, large.

EXCELSIOR—Bright orange yellow; very free. Large.

FIELD OF SNOW—Pure white button.

GOLDEN QUEEN—Yellow, large.

LADYSMITH—Earliest, deep rose pink.

MARY RICHARDSON—Reddish salmon, beautiful and distinct, large.

ROMAINE WARREN—A distinct variety, with handsome sprays which reveal each flower individually. Color orange yellow and light bronze, completing with a dark orange center.

RED BUTTON, SKIBO—Showy, golden button Pompon.

VICTORY—White, large.

Any of the above, plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

DOUBLE PERENNIAL—Mixed. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

DELPHINUM (Hardy Perennial Larkspur)

The Larkspur is one of the handsomest and more useful of plants and for large gardens is invaluable. June and July. Intermittently until frost.

BELLADONNA—The freest and most continuous blooming of all, never being out of flower from the end of June until cut down by hard frost. The clear turquoise blue of the flowers is not equalled for delicacy and beauty by any other flower. 3 to 4 feet. Pkt., 25c; 5 pkts., \$1.00. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

BELLAMOSUM—This is a dark blue form of the popular light blue Belladonna, with which it is identical in habit of growth, freedom and other good qualities, but with intensely rich, deep blue flowers. Each, 25c; doz., \$2.50. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

FORMOSUM—The old favorite dark blue with white center; 3 to 4 feet high. Very vigorous, free flowering and one of the best. Each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

FORMOSUM COLLECTINUM—Light blue. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

NUDICAULE—Dwarf brilliant scarlet flowers. Pkt., 25c.

ZALI—Sulphur yellow; 3 feet. Seeds of slow germination. Pkt., 25c.

GOLD MEDAL HYBRIDS—This stock came from England and is the finest strain of hybrids ever offered and consists of the best named varieties. The plants are of strong, vigorous habit, with large flowers on spikes 2 feet long and over, the majority running in the lighter shades of blue; 3 to 4 feet. Pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 75c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

ENGLISH WREXHAM or Hollyhock strain. Unquestionably the finest strain of mixed hybrids ever offered. A grand assortment of single and double flowers. Colors ranging from lightest blue to purple, with flower spikes two feet long. Seeds, pkt., \$1.00.

SINENSIS, or CHINESE—This is a perennial, but if planted in early spring, it will bloom in August. Its foliage is small and it is twelve to eighteen inches high; makes an attractive bedding plant and a fine cut flower.

CHINESE BLUE—Of intense gentian blue; Azure Fairy, Belladonna Blue; Dark Blue, Liberty Larkspur; Blue Butterfly Select; Alba, Pure White; Finest Mixed. Seeds, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30c.

Delphinium

Prices on Seeds are Prepaid. Plants will be shipped at Customer's Expense by Express, Collect. If wanted by Parcel Post, add 20c per dozen or fraction thereof, to cover postage.

HARDY PERENNIAL SEEDS AND PLANT—Continued

DIANTHUS

HARDY GARDEN PINKS

A magnificent genus, embracing some of the most popular flowers in cultivation, producing a great variety of brilliant colors and profusion of bloom. The varieties classed as annuals are really biennials, but are treated as annuals and may be sown out of doors when the danger from frost is past, and in a few weeks' time they are a mass of bloom, continuing so until after hard frost. As a rule, they survive the winter if given slight protection, flowering abundantly the following season. The following varieties, however, are perfectly hardy.

PLUMARIUS SEMPERFLORENS—Very beautiful, sweet scented double, semi-double and single flowers in great diversity of color. "Clove Pinks." Seeds, Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c.

PLUMARIUS CYCLOPS (Clove Pink)—An exquisite mixture of colors. Perennial; 12 to 18 inches. Seeds, pkt., 10c. Plants, each, 25c; dozen, \$2.50.

SWEET WILLIAM (*Dianthus Barbatus*)

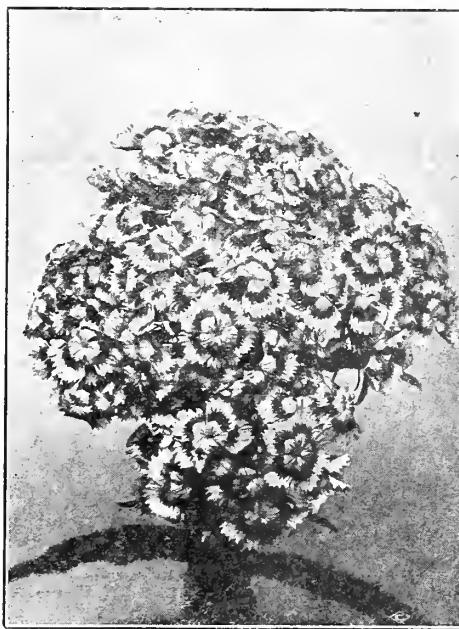
The "Sweet Williams" are perennial plants, but best results are obtained by treating them as biennials. They grow readily from seed and will bloom the year after sowing, which should take place in May or June.

They are stiff, formal plants, producing their bright colored flowers in large umbels upon upright stalks. Massed into solid beds, they are very effective; 1 to 2 feet.

JOHNSON'S DIadem—Extra large heads, rich crimson color, with white eye; very fine variety; Single, fine mixed; double, fine mixed, extra.

JOHNSON'S GIANT—Mixed, an exceedingly fine mixture, very large flowers; Giant White; Scarlet Beauty, deep rich scarlet; Auricula-eyed; Dunnett, dark crimson; Pink Beauty.

Seeds, any of above, pkt., 10c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.



Sweet William

DIELYTRA (*Spectabilis*)

BLEEDING HEART—One of the most beautiful hardy border plants. Flowers in early spring with rose-colored heart-shaped flowers on under side of stem. Perfectly hardy; 2 to 3 feet. Plants, each 55c.

DIGITALIS (*Foxglove*)

Handsome and highly ornamental hardy plants of stately growth, succeeding under almost all conditions, and with but little attention will give a wealth of flowers during June and July; 4 to 6 feet.

PURPLE—Seeds, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.

ROSE—Seeds, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.

YELLOW—Seeds, pkt., 10c.

WHITE—Seeds, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.

GLOXINAEFLORA MIXED—All colors. Seeds, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

THE SHIRLEY—Beautiful strain, large flowers from pure white to deep rose. Seeds, pkt., 15c. Plants, each, 35c; doz., \$3.50.



Bleeding Heart

Foxglove, Digitalis

Prices on Seeds are Prepaid. Plants will be shipped at Customer's Expense by Express, Collect. If wanted by Parcel Post, add 20c per dozen or fraction thereof, to cover postage.

HARDY PERENNIAL SEEDS AND PLANTS—Continued

DICTAMNUS (Gas Plant)

The seed of these is very slow to germinate.

FRAXINELLA—3 feet. June to July. An old and beautiful plant with ash-like foliage and large spikes of deep pink, purple veined flowers, excellent for cutting. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

ALBUS—3 feet. June to July. Spikes of attractive pure white sweet scented flowers. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

DORONICUM (Leopard's Bane)

EXCELSUM—Large bright yellow flowers and one of the most effective very early spring flowering perennials. There are many who have only seen this as a single plant, here or there in a hardy border, and have no idea of the effect it has when planted in a mass. It is also a splendid flower for cutting, as it carries well and stands a long time in water, opening out morning after morning; 2 feet. They succeed everywhere. Seeds, pkt., 20c. Plants, each, 35c; doz., \$3.50.

ECHINOPS RETRO

GLOBE THISTLE—An interesting thistle-like plant with large globular heads of bluish white attractive flowers. August to September; 3 feet. Perennial. Seeds, pkt., 15c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

EUPATORIUM (Perennial Ageratum)

Strong growing, hardy perennials, well suited for naturalizing, and deserve a place in every hardy border; they will grow and thrive in almost any situation; seed will flower the first year if sown early. Excellent for cutting.

COLESTINUM—September to October. Light blue; 2 feet. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

FUNKIA (Plantain Lily)

LANCEOLATA—Large thick, spoon-shaped leaves, rigidly formal; color a conspicuous blue green, densely pitted. Flower pale lilac, on medium-sized spikes; 2 feet. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

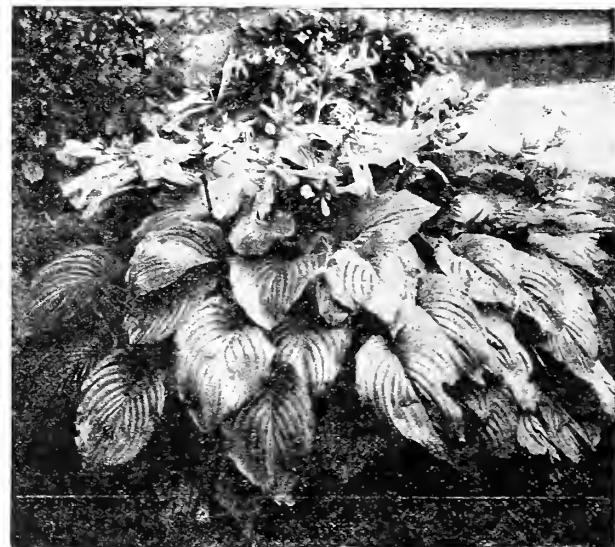
SUB-CORDATA (Day Lily)—Wide circles of broad leaves. Flowers large, waxy white, borne in large trusses. Very fragrant; 2 to 3 feet. Plants, each, 35c; doz., \$3.50.

GAILLARDIA

GRANDIFLORA COMPACTA—Is a very satisfactory hardy plant; begins to bloom in early summer and blooms until frost; brownish red center; petals shades into rings of orange, crimson and red. Long stems, fine for cutting; perfectly hardy; 2 feet. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50. Seeds, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.



Hibiscus, Mallow Marvels



Funkia

GEUM

Beautiful hardy perennial, bearing profusely large, showy double flowers, an elegant flower for bouquets. June and July; 12 inches.

LADY STRATHEDEN (New)—Double, golden yellow. Seeds, pkt., 25c.

MRS. BRADSHAW—Large, double, brilliant scarlet flowers. Seeds, pkt., 10c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

GYPSOPHELIA PANICULATA (Baby's Breath)

PANICULATA ALBA—Single perennial. The hardy favorite for cutting, will bloom the first year if sown early; 2 feet. Seeds, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

PANICULATA (fl.-pl.)—Fine clusters of double white flowers; rare; foliage very dainty and filmy; very fine for cutting; 2 feet. July and August. Seeds, pkt., 25c. Plants, each, 35c.

HEMEROCALLIS (Yellow Day Lily)

The Day Lilies are magnificent hardy plants and are undoubtedly among the finest plants for ordinary garden culture, as they will grow anywhere in either partial shade or full sun. The flowers are produced in spikes of from six to a dozen blooms, opening in succession, and are very useful when cut for indoor decoration. Good for borders, shrubberies, wild garden or naturalizing in grass.

FLAVA—July to August. Yellow; 3 feet. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

FULVA KWANSO, fl. pl.—June to July. Coppery red double; 3 feet. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

HESPERIS MATRONALIS

SWEET ROCKET (Evening Scented Stock)—Deliciously sweet scented flowers for garden or cutting; 2 to 3 feet. June to August. Sow in spring in boxes and transplant in April or May—or sow in open ground in April for later bloom.

PURPUREA—Purple. Seeds, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 30c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

ALBA—White. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

HIBISCUS (Mallow Marvels)

The colorings comprise rich dark red, soft mallow pink and pure white; the plants grow from 5 to 8 feet high, blooming from early in June until late in autumn; and are perfectly hardy. If sown early will produce plants that will flower the first year, 3 to 4 feet. Seeds, pkt., 10c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

Prices on Seeds are Prepaid. Plants will be shipped at Customer's Expense by Express, Collect. If wanted by Parcel Post, add 20c per dozen or fraction thereof, to cover postage.

HARDY PERENNIAL SEEDS AND PLANTS—Continued

HEUCHERA (Alum Root)

They are of the simplest cultivation, and thrive well in ordinary garden soil. Their dainty sprays of rose carmine flowers make them invaluable for cutting.

NEW HYBRIDS— $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet. All shades of red and coral pink.

This is a mixture which is highly spoken of because of its fine coloring, large flowers and free-flowering of the plants.

Plants, 3 for \$1.00; doz., \$3.50. Seeds, pkt., 25c.

SANGUINEA—2 feet. July-August. Long stems of large crimson-scarlet flowers. Splendid for cutting. Seeds, 25c per pkt.

BRIZOIDES GRACILLIMA—May to June. Rosy carmine; 2 feet. Seeds, pkt., 25c.

HOLLYHOCK

One of the most majestic of hardy plants, and a clump or line in any garden gives an effect not attainable with any other plant. For planting among shrubbery or forming a background for other flowers, it is without equal. Seed sown any time before midsummer will produce fine plants for flowering next year. To get results this season it is necessary to get year-old plants. July and August; 6 feet.

The seed offered under this head has been saved from the finest flowers only and is sure to produce satisfactory results.

HOLLYHOCK

ALLEGHENY SEMI-DOUBLE—Finest mixed. Seeds, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.

ANNUAL SEMI-DOUBLE—Finest mixed. Seeds, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

ANNUAL SINGLE—Finest mixed. Seeds, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c.

CHATER'S SUPERB DOUBLE

White, Crimson, Rose, Salmon, Yellow, Maroon. Seeds, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

NEWPORT PINK—Seeds, pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c.

FINEST MIXED—Seeds, pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c.

IBERIS (Perennial Candytuft)

Dwarf evergreen plants, 6 to 10 inches, covered with blooms in spring and early summer. Excellent for rockeries or borders where bright dwarf masses are wanted.

GIBRALTARICA—Plinkish white. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

SEMPERVIRENS—Flowers form a sheet of whiteness. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

INCARVILLEA

HARDY GLOXIANA—2 feet. June. Splendid gloxinia-like flower. Likes a sunny situation.

VARIABILIS HYBRIDS—Mixture from pink to salmon. Seeds, pkt., 25c.

LATHYRUS (Perennial Sweet Peas)

PINK BEAUTY—Pale pink variety. 8 to 10 foot vine. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

RUBRA—Bright rosy crimson. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

WHITE—Large sprays of the purest white flowers. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

MIXED—The above colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

LAVANDULA (Lavender)

VERA—The true sweet lavender growing about 18 inches high and bearing delightfully fragrant blue flowers in July and August. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

LIATRIS (Gay Feather)

PYCNOSTACHYIA—Showy and attractive native plants, succeeding anywhere, producing large spikes of light rosy purple flowers in July and August; 5 feet. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

LINUM (Flax)

PERENNE—A very desirable plant for the border or rockery, growing $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet high, with light, graceful foliage and large blue flowers from May to August. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

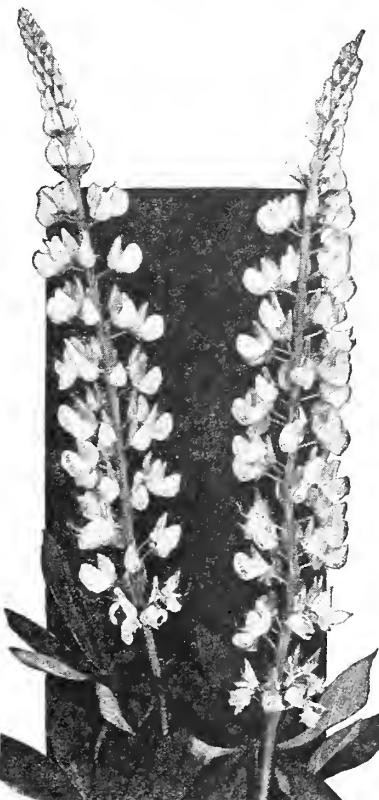
LUNARIA

ANNUA (Biennis)—Honesty or St. Peter's Penny—Flowers purple, followed by silvery seed pods, prized for winter decoration; self-sows. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

LOBELIA

Splendid plants for the border, which afford a most brilliant effect from June to September. Will thrive in ordinary garden soil, but prefer a moist loam where they will not suffer from drought.

CARDINALIS—Our native Cardinal flower. Spikes of brilliant scarlet, thriving in moist locations. Blooms the first year if well started with heat. The flowers are said to be the most brilliant scarlet tint that occurs in nature. Height, 3 feet. Blooms from July to September. Seeds, pkt., 25c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.



Lupins

LUPINUS (Polyphyllus)

Most beautiful hardy border plants producing tufts of soft green foliage, from which arise in continuous succession the stately spikes of bloom. June to September.

BLUE—3 feet. Stately spikes of blue. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

ROSEUS—4 feet. Light and dark rose flowers on long stem; fine for cutting. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

MIXED—Seeds, pkt., 10c.

HARNDEN'S SWEET SCENTED—These are a decided improvement over the old stock of Lupines, to which is added a marvelous range of the pastel colors so deservedly popular in our gardens, an added length of bloom spike, averaging from $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet and rivaling the Gladiole for showy bloom spikes, and a wonderful perfume entirely new to the Lupine family, all of which adds to their effectiveness. Like the original stock of Lupines, these are perfectly hardy and will bloom profusely from year to year, when established. Seed germinates easily, and plants will bloom from seed the first year if started early. Seeds, pkt., 50c.

LYCHNIS

ARKWRIGHTII (New)—A cross between Chalcedonia and Haageana; 2 to 3 feet. May. Rich, effective colors. Seeds, pkt., 25c.

CHALCEDONICA (Jerusalem Cross)—3 feet. June to August. Burning Star. Flowers which are of the most fiery red imaginable appear in clusters, each individual blossom a Maltese cross. Will bloom from seed the first year. Seeds, pkt., 10c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

FLOS-CUCULLI (Ragged Robin)— $1\frac{1}{2}$ foot. May to August. Very pretty rose pink flowers. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

HAAGEANA HYBRIDS—1 foot. June to July. Mixed, ranging from nearly white to bright scarlet. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

VISCARIA SPLENDENS— $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet. Makes large clumps of almost evergreen foliage. Comes into bloom in early June and continues for six weeks or more. Its flowers are bright crimson; useful for cut flowers. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

Prices on Seeds are Prepaid. Plants will be shipped at Customer's Expense by Express, Collect. If wanted by Parcel Post, add 20c per dozen or fraction thereof, to cover postage.



Phlox

MECONOPSIS

WALLACHII—The rare blue Himalayan Poppy. Beautiful pale blue with golden stamens. Prefers a half shady spot; 2 feet. Seeds, pkt., 25c.

CAMBRICA—2 feet. A charming new double form in striking orange yellow tints. Seeds, pkt., 25c.

MYOSOTIS (Forget-Me-Not)

Well known pretty flowers for borders and beds, their various shades being very effective. June until October; 6 inches.

ALPESTIS (Alpine Forget-Me-Not)—Mixed, blue, rose, white, and mixed varieties. Seeds, pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

DISTINCTION—Early and everblooming hybrid. Clear blue. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

RUTH FINCHER—Extra valuable on account of its exceptional large and long blooming season. Distinct, compact and robust plant. Seeds, pkt., 25c.

PALUSTRIS SEMPERFLORENS—A clear blue variety that is hardly ever out of flower; useful in a shady spot in the border. Seeds, pkt., 15c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

OENOTHERA (Evening Primrose)

Showy and beautiful plants for borders, beds, etc., flowering from June to October.

LAMARCKIANA—2 feet. Large flowered, yellow. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

YOUNGII—Yellow; 1 to 3 feet. Seeds, pkt., 20c.

PAPAVER (Poppy)**NUDICIAULE (Iceland Poppy)**

Elegant free-flowering plants bearing flowers in abundance all summer; 15 inches. May to August.

NUDICIAULE—Yellow, Orange, White, Mixed. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

ORIENTALE (Oriental Poppy)

For gorgeous coloring, the Oriental Poppies have few rivals among hardy plants. They produce magnificent effect in shrubberies and herbaceous borders, while for cutting they are invaluable; 3 feet. May to June.

MRS. PERRY—Delicate salmon rose. Seeds, pkt., 25c.

PRINCESS VICTORIA LOUISE—Large flower, soft lilac rose color. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

ORIENTALE RED—Very striking color. Seeds, pkt., 10c. Plants, each, 35c; doz., \$3.50.

ORIENTALE HYBRIDS—Mixed. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

PENTSTEMON

BARBATUS TORREYI (Scarlet Beard Tongue)—Close-set spikes of small brilliant scarlet flowers; July and August. The flower stems shoot straight up from the ground 3 to 4 feet, and are brightly attractive as they nod and sway above surrounding plantings. Seeds, pkt., 10c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

Prices on Seeds are Prepaid. Plants will be shipped at Customer's Expense by Express, Collect. If wanted by Parcel Post, add 20c per dozen or fraction thereof, to cover postage.

PHYSOSTEGIA (False Dragon Head)

Fine for a cool situation and rich, light soil, bearing erect spikes of pretty tubular flowers. Useful for borders, wild gardens and for cutting.

VIRGINICA—Dense bushes with spikes of delicate pink tubular flowers; 3 feet. June to September. Seeds, pkt., 10c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

PHLOX

No plants of the hardy perennial class are of more importance than the Phloxes. They may be used as borders or massed together, but still with the same pleasing effect as to make the Hardy Phlox a necessity to every hardy garden; 2 to 3 feet.

ATHIS—Deep clear, salmon.

CLAIREUR—Bright carmine with light halo, large flower.

ELIZABETH CAMPBELL—Bright salmon pink with lighter shading and dark crimson eye. There is no better pink Phlox and few as large.

MRS. JENKINS—Tall. The best tall, early white for massing.

MISS LINGARD—This grand white variety is the best Phlox in cultivation; it grows about 2 feet high, and starts to bloom in May, continuing to flower until late in October.

PANTHEON—Bright carmine red, very effective.

PEACH BLOSSOM—Delicate pink.

RYNSTROEM—Lively rose pink.

Any of the above plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

Seeds, mixed only, pkt., 25c.

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Any of the above

HARDY PERENNIAL SEEDS AND PLANTS—Continued

SAPONARIA

OXYMOIDES—Very showy hardy perennial rock plant, producing during the summer months masses of small, bright rose flowers; 9 inches. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

SCABIOSAS

CAUCASICA (Blue Bonnet)—One of the handsomest of hardy perennials, especially valuable for cutting, the blooms lasting a long time in water; color soft lavender blue; 2½ feet. Seeds, pkt., 15c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

SCUTELLARIA

BAICALENSIS—A new perennial from Siberia, freely blooming during the summer. The flowers, in long racemes of heavenly blue, are borne on unilateral compact spikes. It attracts everyone's attention because of its perfect coloring; 1½ feet. Seeds, pkt., 25c.

SEDUM

ACRE—Golden moss. Much used for ground covering and rock gardens; 6 inches. Seeds, pkt., 15c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

SPECTABILE—Brilliant. The finest of the erect varieties. Foliage light green. Flower trusses amaranth red; 18 inches. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

SILENE (Catchfly)

Useful plants for front row of Herbaceous border, bearing quantities of bright flowers.

ORIENTALIS—8 inches. Handsome rosy pink flowers. Seed, pkt., 10c.

STACHYS

LANATA—1½ feet. Grown for the effect of its dwarf, white woolly foliage; the flower spikes should be removed. Seeds, pkt., 10c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

STATICE (Sea Lavender)

Large spreading panicles of light graceful flowers, much prized for winter decoration when dried.

CASPIA—The multitude of small flowers composed in spikes of a height of 2 to 3 feet are of a tender lilac color. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

LATIFOLIA—2 feet. Dense branching plumes of deep blue flowers. Seeds, pkt., 10c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

STOKESIA

CYANEA CORN FLOWER ASTER—One of the most charming hardy plants, freely blooming from July to October. Flowers of Centaurea shape, 1½ to 2 feet. Blue. Seeds, pkt., 10c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

SWEET WILLIAM (See Dianthus)

THALICTRUM (Meadow Rue)

Very graceful, pretty flowered plants, with finely cut foliage; great favorites for planting in the hardy border; the dwarfer varieties also being effective and useful in the rockery.

ADIANTIFOLIUM—A beautiful variety, with foliage like the Maidenhair Fern and miniature white flowers in June and July; 1 to 2 feet. Seeds, pkt., 10c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

DIPTEROCARPUM—A pretty and distinct species, with flowers of a charming shade of lilac mauve, which is brightened by a bunch of lemon yellow stamens and anthers. The plant is of strong growth, about 4 feet high; the dainty flowers are produced in graceful sprays during August and September. Splendid for cutting. Seeds, pkt., 25c.

GLAUCUM—Fine cut foliage; bronzy yellow flowers in June; 2 feet. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

TRITOMA (Red-hot Poker)

PITZERII (The Everblooming Flame Flower)—The early free and continuous blooming qualities of this variety has made it one of the great bedding plants. Succeeds in any ordinary garden soil, but responds quickly to liberal treatment; hardy if given protection, but the most satisfactory method of wintering is to bury the roots in sand in a cool cellar. In bloom from August to October, with spikes 3 to 4 feet high, and heads of bloom of a rich orange scarlet, producing a grand effect either planted singly in the border or in masses. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

Prices on Seeds are Prepaid. Plants will be shipped at Customer's Expense by Express, Collect. If wanted by Parcel Post, add 20c per dozen or fraction thereof, to cover postage.



Tritoma

TUNICA

SAXIFRAGE—A neat, tufted hardy perennial plant, growing but a few inches high, and bearing throughout the entire season numerous elegant pink flowers. Will thrive anywhere, but is especially adapted for the rockery or the margin of the hardy border; blooms the first season; 10 inches. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

VALERINA (Garden Heliotrope)

COCCINEA—Showy heads of reddish pink flowers in long, upright, dense panicles. These are excellent for bouquets, as well as for edging. June to October; 2 feet. Seeds, pkt., 10c. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

OFFICINALIS—Sweet scented white. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

VERBASCUM

HYBRIDUM—Hardy biennial. The large flowers are produced in stately spikes, rising to a height of 5 to 6 feet and continue from July to frost. A lovely white variety. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

OLYMPICUM—Yellow flowering, very showy silver white foliage. Seeds, pkt., 15c.

VERONICA (Speedwell)

SPICATA—Long spikes of bright blue flowers; 2 feet. July and August. Seeds, pkt., 10c. Plants, each, 25c.

PERENNIAL VARIETIES MIXED—Seeds, pkt., 10c.

VIOLETS

ODORATA—The variety suited for garden culture; they are perfectly hardy, and when grown in the open border are covered with flowers in early spring; 10 inches. Plants, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50. Seeds, pkt., 10c.

WALL FLOWER

Deliciously fragrant and combine many shades of color; the orange, purple and chocolate predominating; tender perennial; 1½ feet.

DOUBLE MIXED—Seeds, pkt., 10c.

VIOLAS, or TUFTED PANSIES

The improved forms of *Viola Cornuta* are rapidly growing in favor. They flower continuously for nearly eight months in the year; and while their flowers are not so large as those of the Pansy, their bright colors and floriferousness make them welcome additions to any garden.

Blue Perfection, deep purplish blue; Rose Queen, rose lilac; Lutea Splendens, rich golden yellow; Magnifica, rich purple. Any of the above, pkt., 10c.



CANNA ROOTS

No other bedding plant will give the same uniform good results in our varied and trying climate. They do well in all sections of the country, and stand pre-eminently at the head of the list; succeeding in any sunny position in any kind of soil, but responding quickly to liberal treatment. For best results, the beds should be spaded 2 feet deep and a liberal amount of well decayed manure of any kind thoroughly incorporated, and at all times supplying water freely. For best effect, plant in large masses of one color, setting out the plants 2 feet apart.

CITY OF PORTLAND— $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet. The flowers are of the largest size, borne on heavy trusses. The color is a glowing shade of pink. The foliage is substantial and strong, of rich green color and free from defects. Prepaid, each, 25c; dozen, \$2.50; per 100, \$18.00.

GLADIOFLORA—3 feet. Crimson, changing to carmen rose and edged with gold. Bronze foliage. Prepaid, each, 15c; dozen, \$1.50; per 100, \$10.00.

GOLDEN GATE—4 feet. The flowers open almost pure gold, but soon become richly rayed with orange-crimson and apricot centering to the throat. Prepaid, each, 15c; dozen, \$1.50; per 100, \$10.00.

ITALIA—5 feet. Orchid flowering variety. Color scarlet, broadly edged golden yellow. Prepaid, each, 15c; dozen, \$1.50; per 100, \$10.00.

KARL MERCK—4 feet. Flower a pure yellow with tinge of orange and flecked with pink dashes becoming red in throat. Fine large flowers and large truss. Strong grower. Each, 20c; dozen, \$2.00.

KING HUMBERT—Nothing to equal it for "blazey" effects in bedding. Easily ahead of all bronze leafed Cannas, both in foliage and flower. Color fine orange scarlet, flaked carmine. Grows 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ feet high and makes fine large clumps. (Orchid-flowered). Prepaid, each, 20c; dozen, \$2.00; per 100, \$14.00.

KING MIDAS—5 feet. A new red canna of remarkable beauty. Orchid type, flowering with immense trusses of large flowers often repeated; will become a great favorite. Each, 25c; dozen, \$2.50.

LOUISIANA—6 feet. An orchid flowering variety of vivid scarlet. The long silky flowers are borne well above the foliage. Prepaid, each, 15c; dozen, \$1.50; per 100, \$10.00.

METEOR— $4\frac{1}{2}$ feet. Deep dazzling crimson flowers, produced in mammoth clusters. Considered by many to be the best crimson. Each, 20c; dozen, \$2.00.

MRS. ALFRED F. CONRAD—A most remarkable variety, with exquisite salmon pink flowers of largest size in erect and abundantly furnished heads, freely produced; green foliage, 4 feet. (Orchid flowered). Prepaid, each, 25c; dozen, \$2.50; per 100, \$18.00.

THE PRESIDENT—4 feet. This Canna is superior to any other red variety in the quality and also the quantity of bloom. Color rich glowing scarlet and the immense firm flowers are produced on strong erect stalks well above the large, rich green foliage. The foliage is entirely free from disease. Prepaid, each, 20c; dozen, \$1.00; per 100, \$15.00.

YELLOW KING HUMBERT—The same graceful heart-shaped leaves, but all green, instead of bronze; the same regal type and immense size of flower, but a brilliant yellow instead of red, and produced more abundantly. Although the general effect is yellow, each petal is beautifully spotted with red; without question one of the most handsome varieties in this type. Green foliage; 4 to 5 feet. Prepaid, each, 20c; dozen, \$2.00; per 100, \$12.00.

TUBEROSES

EXCELSIOR DWARF PEARL (Mammoth)—One of the most delightfully fragrant and beautiful of the summer flowering bulbs. By skillful management a succession of flowers may be obtained all the year round. For early flowers they can be started in February or March in the greenhouse or hothouse; and for a succession they can be planted as late as July. For flowering in the open border, plant about the middle of April or as soon as the ground becomes warm. Large bulbs. Prepaid, each, 10c; dozen, 75c; 25 for \$1.50.

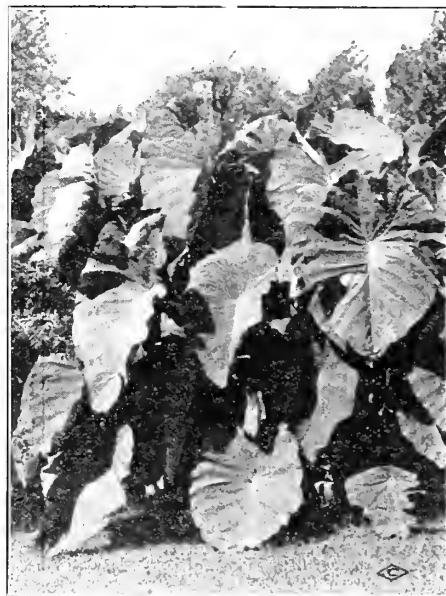
MEXICAN TUBEROSE—These come from the high table-land of Central Mexico. They have tall, stiff stems, flowers pure white, single true tuberose fragrance. Prepaid, each, 5c; dozen, 50c; 25 for \$1.00; 50 for \$1.75.

HYACINTHUS CANDICANS

SUMMER HYACINTH—Perfectly hardy and of vigorous growth. Flowers are pure white and pendulous; 4 feet high. Prepaid, each, 15c; dozen, \$1.50.

ISMENE CALATHINA

PERUVIAN DAFFODIL—A grand summer-like, pure bulb, producing with great freedom large Amaryllis-like, pure white, fragrant blossoms. Keep the bulbs in a dry, warm place, and plant out in June. Bulbs can be taken up in October, and, after a few weeks' rest, potted and flowered in the house in the winter, or kept over for planting out another season. Prepaid, each, 25c; dozen, \$2.50.



CALADIUM ESCULENTUM (Elephant Ear)

One of the most effective foliage plants for beds and borders. Can be used with good effect as a border for tall-growing Cannas when edged with Coleus or other low-growing foliage plants.

EXTRA LARGE—9 to 11 inch circumference. Prepaid, each, 25c; by express, dozen, \$2.25.

MAMMOTH SIZE—12 inch and up circumference. Prepaid, each, 50c; by express, dozen, \$5.00.

Mailing weights for each size per dozen bulbs are as follows: Extra, 10 lbs.; Mammoth, 17 lbs.

DAHLIAS OF SPECIAL MERIT

All of our Dahlia Tubers are grown by a leading specialist. They are well formed, selected Tubers and have strong crown cuttings. We take pride in presenting the following list of leading novelties and old favorites:

The Peony Type has a decided single or double outside row of petals with the inner petals incurving over the center. The newest type and very attractive for cutting.

The Cactus Type has long twisted petals of varying color.

The Decorative Type is readily recognized by its larger blossoms and flat petals.

The Collerette Type has single flowers with an additional row of short petals around the disc usually of a contrasting color.

The Show or Fancy Type is the old-fashioned ball Dahlia that produces such an abundance of smaller blooms.

AMUN RA, or THE SUN GOD—Amun Ra is wonderfully distinct both in color and formation, and while a giant in size is without coarseness, it being perfect in shape. The outer petals of the mammoth flowers are of gorgeous copper and orange tones shading to gold and amber, deepening in the center to a dark reddish brown, the effect as a whole being that of a gorgeous sunset. The stems are stout and hold the immense flowers well above the strong vigorous plants; the flowers keep for many days when cut. Each, \$1.50.

A. D. LIVONI (Show)—Clear, bright pink, quilled petals, the best pink show dahlia. Prepaid, each, 35c; dozen, \$3.50.

BILLIE (Peony)—Color, light rose, tipped violet rose with a suggestion of yellow at the base of the petals, the general effect being a bright rose pink. Flowers are of beautiful form with petals curved and twisted, averaging at least six inches across on long stems. Prepaid, each, 50c.

COMRADE (Cactus)—A very pleasing variety of dwarf-branched habit, producing the clear salmon pink flowers freely on stiff stems well above the foliage. Prepaid, each, 35c; dozen, \$3.50.

COUNTESS OF LONSDALE (Cactus)—A peculiar, but pleasing blending of salmon pink and amber, a color difficult to describe. Blooms freely under all conditions. Prepaid, each, 35c; dozen, \$3.50.

CRIMSON KING (Cactus)—The plant is strong, vigorous grower and a wonderful bloomer late in the season when most cactus come open centered. It is a Florida production that does even better in the north than in the south. Color, rich crimson. A cross of Yellow King and Norman, and is far stronger than either parent. The flowers are of perfect shape with long narrow, incurved and twisted petals; plants 4 feet high. Prepaid, each, \$1.00.

CRYSTAL (Cactus)—One of the very finest, clear, soft pink Cactus. Flowers are of large size with narrow incurved petals and full centers. A strong, vigorous grower and profuse bloomer. An excellent variety for exhibition and garden. Prepaid, each, 50c; dozen, \$5.00.

DELICE (Decorative)—Still one of the loveliest of this class, on account of its wonderful color; a bright luminous pink entirely distinct. The flowers are held facing, well above the foliage on straight stiff stems. Prepaid, each, 35c.

DREAM O' LOVE (Peony)—One of the most strikingly effective of this class. The flowers are of large size and beautiful form, with outer petals reflexed, whorled and twisted; while the inner petals are also whorled and twisted, but incurved. The color is the brightest, most luminous geranium red, richly shaded, and each petal is distinctly tipped yellow. The flowers have great depth and substance; are splendid for cutting and decorations. The plant is a very sturdy grower, of branching habit and produces the flowers freely on stiff stems, making it an ideal garden plant. Roots, prepaid, each, \$1.00.

F. R. AUSTIN (Peony)—One of the most striking and valuable peony Dahlias in existence. The beautifully colored flowers are of large size, averaging 6 to 8 inches across. Color, the outer petals are very long, creamy yellow, suffused, banded and shaded rich crimson the inner petals are yellow at base, tinting lighter, and suffused pink and crimson. The plant is a strong, vigorous grower, an extremely early and free bloomer, and continues to bloom the entire season, making it most valuable for garden and exhibition. Prepaid, each, 35c; dozen, \$5.50.

GOLDEN WEST (Cactus)—This is a California variety that is in a class by itself in its color, has rich golden, bronzy yellow, with the scarlet shading at the base of the petals and the center. It is a wonderful grower, strong and sturdy, with heavy, clean, healthy leaves and branching habit, producing the large flowers freely on long, stiff stems. The flower is large, 6 to 8 inches across, the outer petals reflexing somewhat, and a full, high center, making it very deep. Prepaid, each, 50c; dozen, \$5.00.

HORTULANUS FIET (Decorative)—Immense size, with full, well formed center. Flowers often measure more than 9 inches across, and borne on long, stiff stems; lovely shades and tints of rich salmon pink. Prepaid, each, 60c; dozen, \$6.00.

JACK ROSE (Decorative)—The best crimson for garden or cutting—that brilliant crimson red that makes the "Jack" rose popular and suggested the name. Prepaid, each, 35c; dozen, \$5.50.

JOHN WANAMAKER (Decorative)—One of the loveliest formed, no two petals or flowers just alike. Color soft orchid pink. An extremely early and profuse bloomer. Should be disbudded to give large long-stem flowers. Prepaid, each, 50c; dozen, \$5.00.



Mrs. I. De Ver Warner (Larger Dahlia)

JEAN CHAZOT, or GAY PAREE (Hybrid Cactus)—This French introduction is one of the very best all around varieties that has yet been produced. It is a fine exhibition flower, splendid for garden decoration, and unsurpassed by any of the autumn tints as a cut flower. The habit of the plant is all that could be wished for, a free upright grower, long stiff, wiry stems hold the flowers well above the foliage in such a manner as to display their full beauty; it is one of the most prolific to flower, coming into bloom early and continuing in good condition to the end of the season; we have never seen an imperfect flower. These are of good size, of splendid hybrid-cactus form, and in color a beautiful golden bronze with just a faint suffusion of Nasturtium red that intensifies its brilliancy and adds to its charm. Each, \$1.00.

JERSEY'S BEAUTY (Decorative)—Not only the finest true pink decorative variety, but we are tempted to say the best all around Dahlia for any purpose yet introduced. It has been one of the outstanding features of the Eastern shows for the past three seasons where it has been awarded many medals, certificates and prizes. The beautiful large pink flowers are of perfect form, supported on long, stiff straight stems. It is early and free flowering, continuing perfect to the end of the season. As a cut flower it is one of the best keepers and is equally valuable for garden decoration. No one will be disappointed in planting Jersey's Beauty, and with this in view we have prepared a large stock which enables us to offer strong tubers at the greatly reduced price of \$1.00 each.

JUDGE MAREAN—A very large flower of perfect decorative shape. The colors changing as the flowers pass through different stages of development are a combination of glowing salmon pink, red, iridescent orange, yellow and gold, all blending most harmoniously. Each, \$1.00.

KALIF (Cactus)—A very large, pure scarlet red. A strong plant, producing the giant flowers freely on long stiff stems. This is undoubtedly the most popular red Cactus Dahlia today and one that gives universal satisfaction. Prepaid, each, 50c.

LAWINE (Cactus)—A magnificent flower on long stems. A large white, lightly suffused pink. A strong vigorous grower, early and profuse bloomer. One of the best for commercial cut flowers and for garden. Prepaid, each, 25c.

MILLIONAIRE (Decorative)—Very large full regular decorative form. Lavender pink, tinting to white at center. Prepaid, each, 30c.

MINA BURGLE (Decorative)—A champion variety, producing flowers of gigantic size and remarkable beauty. The best in existence; in color, a glowing and most brilliant scarlet. The flowers are of perfect Decorative type and borne upon long, wiry stems, well above the foliage. Prepaid, each, 35c; dozen,



Alice Tiplady Gladiolus

DAHLIAS—(Cont'd)

MRS. I. DE VER WARNER—The best known and one of Judge Marean's finest introductions. A wonderful Dahlia that has justly gained a great reputation, produces great masses of absolutely perfect flowers under all conditions. In color it is of that refined pleasing mauve-pink that is usually referred to as an orchid coloring and which everyone loves. The flowers are large, of perfect form, on long stiff stems and are so placed as to show their full profile. It comes into flower early and continues in good shape to the end of the season. **Each, \$1.00.**

PATRICK O'MARA (Decorative)—The color is an unusually soft and pleasing shade of orange buff, slightly tinged with Neyron rose. It is very large, 7 to 9 inches in diameter, and borne on long, strong, erect stems. It is a strong, vigorous grower and free bloomer. The giant flowers are well formed, with good full center, while the outer petals are most pleasingly irregular. **Prepaid, each, 50c; dozen, \$5.00.**

QUEEN OF HEARTS (Cactus)—A beautiful pure white, with yellow at the base of petals. **Prepaid, each, 40c; dozen, \$4.25.**

SUNSET (Cactus)—The best of the bronzy autumn shades. Yellow at base, shading to bright apricot; full and free, with stiff stems. A fine garden and cut flower. **Prepaid, each, 50c; dozen, \$5.50.**

YELLOW (Show)—One of the largest of all Show Dahlias, being of gigantic size. Color light yellow, tinting to cream at the tips, giving it a most pleasing effect. The immense flowers are borne on long stiff, but slender, stems. **Prepaid, each, 35c.**

GLADIOLI

Gladioli do best in a sunny location; a good sandy loam suits them best; they will do equally well in heavy soil if the drainage is perfect. Plant the bulbs 6 to 9 inches apart and from 2 to 4 inches deep.

ALICE TIPLADY—A wonderful variety of an entirely new and distinct color, a rich orangy saffron, very beautiful and artistic blooms, the largest and finest of the Primulinus hybrids to date. **Prepaid, each, 15c; dozen, \$1.00; per 100, \$7.00.**

AMERICA—Conceded to be one of the finest varieties for cutting or bedding ever sent out; color a beautiful soft flesh pink, orchid-like in its coloring and texture; growth and habit perfect. **Prepaid, each, 6c; dozen, 60c; per 100, \$3.00.**

ANNA EBERIUS—Dark velvety purple, throat deeper. **Each, 20c; dozen, \$1.25; 100, \$8.00.**

E. J. SHAYLOR—Tall, beautiful, pure deep rose pink. **Each, 15c; dozen, \$1.25; 100, \$8.00.**

EVELYN KIRTLAND—Geranium pink, shading to pale pink. Lower petals blotched brilliant scarlet. An unusually beautiful variety. Spike strong and straight. Well arranged flowers. **Each, 10c; dozen, \$1.00; per 100, \$7.50.**

HALLEY—Salmon, white blotched. **Prepaid, each, 10c; dozen, 75c; per 100, \$5.00.**

MAIDENBLUSH—An exquisite pink with lighter throat. Very dainty flower on graceful spike. **Each, 10c; dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$7.00.**

MRS. DR. NORTON—Pure, soft white, with tips of petals suffused LaFrance Pink. Wonderful variety. **Each, 12c; dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$7.00.**

MRS. FRANCIS KING—A striking shade of light scarlet; one of the most effective, both in the border and when cut. **Prepaid, each, 7c; dozen, 60c; 100, \$4.50.**

MRS. FRANK PENDLETON—The flowers are of largest size, borne on strong, straight spikes. In color a lovely salmon pink, with brilliant deep, red blotches in the throat. A color combination rivaling many of the finest orchids in its richness, exquisite in every way. **Prepaid, each, 10c; dozen, 75c; 100, \$5.50.**

ORANGE GLORY—Bright orange, with slight purple and white markings in throat. **Each, 20c; dozen, \$1.60; 100, \$12.00.**

PRINCE OF WALES—Very large, delicate salmon pink. A lovely variety. **Prepaid, each, 15c; dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$12.00.**

PRINCEPS—Immense wide-open amaryllis-like flowers of a rich dazzling scarlet, marked with white on the lower portion, which serves to intensify the brilliancy of the scarlet. **Prepaid, each, 12c; dozen, \$1.10; 100, \$8.50.**

SCHWABEN—A most meritorious imported variety of wonderful vigor, with strong erect spikes and large, well expanded flowers of a clear canary yellow, with a small blotch of deep garnet in the throat. This may now be considered the best and freest growing yellow variety. **Prepaid, each, 10c; dozen, 60c; 100, \$4.00.**

VESTA TILLY—First class certificate, Haarlem, August, 1922. Will surely become a money maker like Le Marachal Foch. Its color is very vivid pink with a small violet blotch; this blotch makes it very charming. It is very early. Dr. F. E. Bennett states in his report: "One of the daintiest Gladioli in color and formation that one could wish for. If I had a collection of Gladioli to suggest, this would certainly be among those named." **Each, 20c; dozen, \$2.00.**

WAR—A magnificent dark variety with tall spikes well filled with large flowers of a rich blood red, shaded with crimson black. **Prepaid, each, 12c; dozen, \$1.25; 100, \$8.00.**

MIXED (Fine Named)—This mixture contains many of named sorts, insuring a wide range of colors, shades and types. **Prepaid, dozen, 50c; 100, \$3.00.**



Gladioli

LILIES

Select a well drained spot, dig deep and enrich well with manure. Plant the bulb from 6 to 8 inches deep, according to size; mix sand with the soil and be sure no manure comes in contact with the bulbs, as it would cause them to decay. Plant as soon as the ground can be worked.

AURATUM (Mammoth Bulbs)—The glorious, gold banded Lily of Japan. Ivory flowers are thickly studded with yellow; each petal has a golden band. Each, 50c; dozen, \$5.00; Largest size.

AURATUM PLATYPHYLLUM—Undoubtedly the choicest of all Auratum varieties. Enormous white flowers richly spotted yellow. Extra selected bulbs. Each, 75c; dozen, \$7.50.

BATEMANII—A vigorous lily growing three to five feet high. Bears from 5 to 12 orange red lilies, sometimes tinged pink, unspotted. July and August. Each, 40c; dozen, \$4.00.

HANSONII—Sometimes called the Golden or Japanese Turk's Cap. Grows 3 to 5 feet high and produces 5 to 10 clear golden yellow, fragrant blooms, slightly spotted brown. Is easily grown, robust, and permanent. June. Each, 75c; dozen, \$7.50.

HENRYI (The Yellow Speciosum)—A superb new Chinese Lily. A heavy bloomer, its 3 to 5 foot flower stalks often carry 7 to 9 flowers of a deep apricot yellow, spotted with brown. Each, 75c; dozen, \$7.50.

REGALE—A new Lily of remarkable beauty. Color is white, delicately shaded pink with a clear yellow center. Equally well adapted for garden or forcing. Each, 60c; dozen, \$6.00.

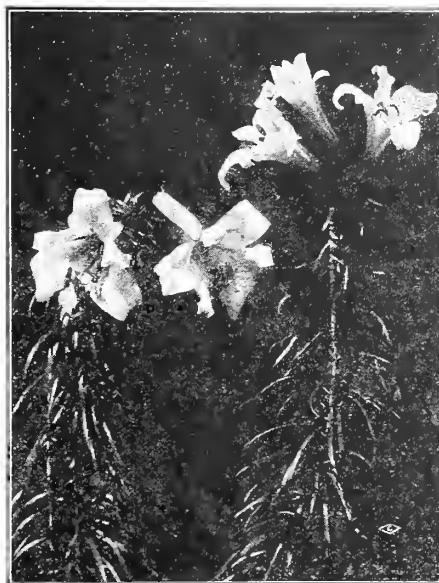
RUBELLUM—A lovely fragrant lily growing 3 feet high, producing 6 to 8 flowers 4 inches across usually of a clear rose pink color, sometimes deepening to a deep lilac color or fading to blush. Closely allied to the rare Japonicum which it resembles, but is more robust and permanent. June. Each, 75c; dozen, \$7.50.

SPECIOSUM RUBRUM—Its broad white or pink petals are thickly dotted with rose or carmine spots. Height outdoors in the open, usually two to four feet. Each, 50c; dozen, \$5.00.

SPECIOSUM ALBUM—Pure white flowers with a greenish band through the center of each petal. Each, 60c; dozen, \$6.00.

TIGRINUM FLORE PLENO—Similar in growth and color to the Tigrinum Splendens, except that the flowers are double. Each, 25c; dozen, \$2.50.

TIGRINUM SPLENDENS—This is a development of the Tiger Lily. It is sturdier, has better form and larger flower spikes. It blooms during July and August. Each, 25c; dozen, \$2.50.



Regale Lily

well unless the ground is well drained. Spring is the best time for planting. Throughout the summer the surface of the soil should be cultivated weekly. The Tea and Hybrid Tea varieties should be set 18 inches apart and the Hybrid Perpetual varieties 2 feet apart.

COLUMBIA—It is of strong vigorous habit of growth and exceptionally free-blooming. The flowers, which are of good size, are perfect in form, both in bud and when fully expanded. In color it is a most pleasing shade of rose pink and delightfully fragrant.

GRUSS AN TEPLITZ—This is a rose for everybody, succeeding under the most ordinary conditions. In color it is of the richest scarlet, shading to a velvety crimson; very fragrant; a free, strong grower and in bloom all the time.

JONKHEER J. L. MOCK—The flowers are extra large and of more than ordinary beauty. The bright cherry red on the outside of the broad petals and the shining silvery white on the inside make a double-colored bloom. Fine autumn bloomer and a favorite with all rose lovers.

KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA—As hardy as any of the Hybrid Tea Roses, and blooms from early spring until late frosts; fully as free-blooming as any Tea Rose. Color, delicate creamy white; large, full double flowers and very fragrant. The buds are very long and pointed and the blooms are large and of a lovely flesh color, shaded white and suffused pale pink; delicately perfumed. Vigorous grower; very free bloomer.

KILLARNEY—It has all the good qualities demanded in a rose. The buds are very long and pointed and the blooms are large and of lovely flesh color, shaded white and suffused pale pink, deliciously perfumed. Vigorous grower; very free bloomer.

LADY HILLINGTON—Deep apricot yellow, beautiful in both bud and flower, vigorous grower, and a free bloomer.

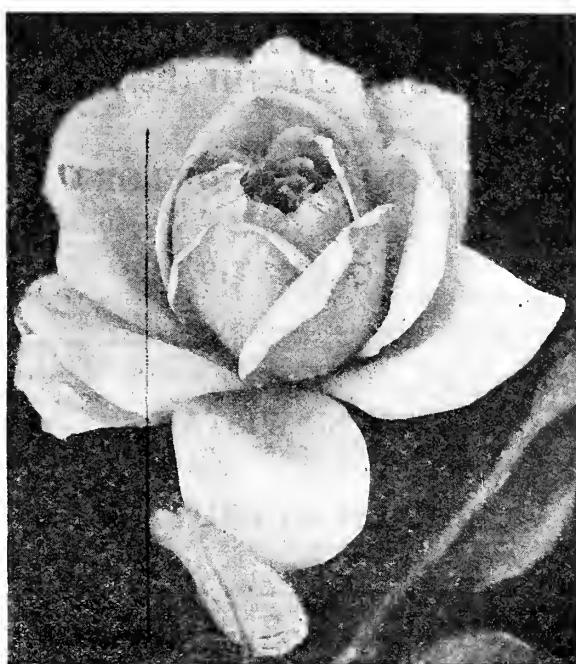
LOS ANGELES—Los Angeles is, by all odds, one of the finest roses ever introduced. The growth is very vigorous and produces a continuous succession of long-stemmed flowers of a luminous flame pink, toned with coral and shaded with translucent gold at the base of the petals.

MADAME BUTTERFLY (T.)—An offspring of the favorite variety Ophelia. All the colors of Ophelia are intensified, making it a symphony of bright pink, apricot and gold. Is fuller petaled, more prolific, and of greater color appeal. The buds are a rich Indian red, yellow at base.

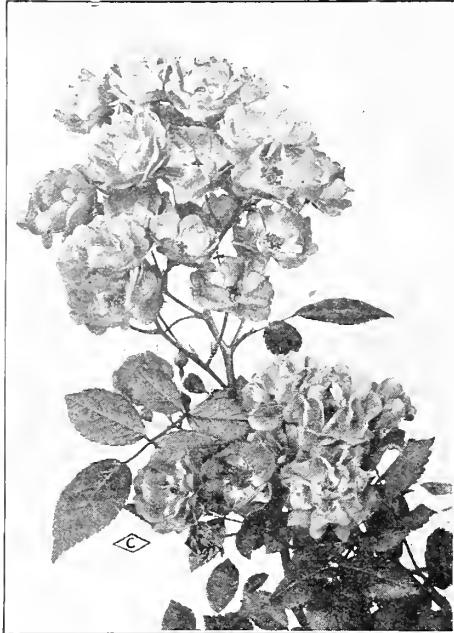
MRS. AARON WARD—A remarkably floriferous variety of strong, vigorous, but compact growth; the flowers, which are of splendid form, full double, are equally attractive when full blown as in the bud state; in color a distinct Indian yellow, shading lighter toward the edges.

OPHELIA—The blooms are large in size, full in form, and of very attractive appearance. The color is light Salmon pink flesh, shading to yellow at the base of the petals.

RADIANCE—An ideal bedding Rose of American origin that continues to produce its large flowers throughout the most unfavorable summer weather when frequently many other varieties fail; in color a brilliant carmine pink, with salmon pink and yellow shadings at the base of the petals; truly a rose for every garden.



ROSES—(Cont'd)



Rambler Rose

RED RADIANCE—A counterpart of Radiance, except in color, which is a clear cerise red, a most valuable addition to our list of bedding Roses.

SENSATION—The most brilliant introduction in many years. The flower is of a rich crimson, bearing long pointed buds, opening to extremely large, beautiful, full flowers, which hold their color to the last. The stems are long-jointed and strong, making a most valuable variety for cutting. It is a very strong grower and a profuse bloomer.

SOUVENIR DE CLAUDIOUS PERNET—A recent introduction of Mr. Pernet-Ducher, French Rose Specialist. His own description: "A most vigorous flower, or erect branching habit, beautiful, brilliant, green foliage, long pointed buds of exquisite shape, carried on long, stiff stems. Very large full flowers with elongated deep petals, a beautifully formed bloom. Color most striking sunflower yellow, deeper in the center, without any color blending, and which is retained without fading even in the warmest weather."

SUNBURST—A truly great Rose, which is now classed with the American Beauty and Killarney. It rivals Mrs. Aaron Ward, being a rich copper yellow of good size and form. Is a strong grower, and, having long, strong stems, is very fine for cut flowers.

PRICE

Strong plants of any of the above, by express, each, 75c; any 3 Plants, \$2.00; any 6 plants, \$3.50; any 12 Plants, \$6.50.

HARDY CLIMBING OR RAMBLER ROSES

Since the introduction of the Crimson Rambler, in 1894, this class of roses has continued to gain in popularity. Many splendid new varieties, both in single and double-flowering forms, have been added during the past years.

AMERICAN PILAR—The enormous single flowers are produced with the greatest freedom, fairly covering the bush. Color is rose pink. Broad, glossy, deep green foliage.

CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY—Color a rosy crimson, with exquisite fragrance, a quality rarely found in climbing roses. The plant is of strong habit of growth, and as hardy as an oak. The flowers are produced in great profusion, not only in May and June, but there is a fair sprinkling of flowers throughout the growing season.

CRIMSON RAMBLER—The Crimson Rambler is the most popular of the Rambler varieties. It begins to flower about the middle of June and remains in flower longer than any other hardy outdoor Rose. May be grown in any position. Pegged down to the ground in beds, trained to porch pillars, the side of a building, or on trellises.

DR. V. VAN FLEET—A Rose which, on account of its dainty color and exquisitely shaped buds and flowers, has become a great favorite. The long pointed buds are of a rich flesh pink on stems 12 to 18 inches long; splendid for cutting.

DOROTHY PERKINS—Properly classed as a climbing Rose; sweet scented, hardy and vigorous; a profuse bloomer; flowers double, bloom in clusters of from six to ten, with crinkled petals; buds pointed. Color, a beautiful shell pink, lasting a long time without fading.

EVERBLOOMING CRIMSON RAMBLER (Flower of Fairfield)—A sport from the famous Crimson Ramblers. Has immense trusses of bloom similar in color, but more brilliant and lasting. It starts blooming in early spring and continues to bloom until late in the autumn. It is rightly termed perpetual bloomer.

MARY WALLACE—Named by the Portland Rose Society in honor of the daughter of Secretary of Agriculture Wallace, originated at the Maryland Station of the Department of Agriculture by the late lamented Dr. W. Van Fleet. The Department describes it as a pillar Rose, making a fine strong self-supporting plant 6 to 8 feet high, with large glossy foliage, blooming with great freedom in spring and bearing a considerable number of fine buds in summer and fall. Flowers very large, generally exceeding 4 inches across; well formed, semi-double, of a bright clear rose pink with salmon base to the petals. Each, \$1.00.

PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER—This new climbing Rose is undoubtedly the most brilliant addition to Roses in many years. It is a vivid scarlet, shaded with bright crimson, and does not burn or fade until petals fall.

SILVER MOON—Four to five inch semi-double flowers; pure white with thick cluster of yellow stamens.
TAUSENDSCHEIN—Entirely distinct. The individual flowers are very large. Beautiful as a semi-double Azelea. In color it is a most delightful shade of soft pink when first opening, changing to carmine on the reverse of petals when fully expanded. These are produced in trusses of from ten to fifteen flowers.

Price: any of the above except "Mary Wallace," each, 50c; dozen, \$5.00; by express.

PEONIES
Double Herbaceous Peony

Peonies, especially the modern introductions, are probably the most valuable and most beloved of all perennial plants. Planted in sun or semi-shade in single clumps or long beds, or bordering lawns, shrub rows and carriage drives, they give a grand display of large, fragrant blossoms of brilliant colors during June, followed by their exquisite foliage, which is very ornamental during summer months. They are also most effective for home and table decorations, and last longer in water than many other perennials. Avoid buying cheap Peonies; they require just as much care as the better kinds and are disappointing in the end.

PLANTING—Peonies may be planted in the spring or fall, but we advocate early planting wherever possible. Peonies respond to any care bestowed on them and they should be thoroughly mulched after planting, not only to help them in starting, but to prevent the ground from heaving. Plant them upright with the eyes about three inches under the ground. Too deep planting hinders their blooming. Once planted, do not disturb for several years, and then only if necessary. These are carried during early spring in a number of fine varieties and colors. Write or telephone for prices.

HARDY CLIMBING VINES
AMELOPSIS VEITCHII (Boston Ivy)

One of the finest climbers for covering walls, as it clings firmly to the smoothest surface, covering it smoothly with overlapping foliage. Prepaid, each, 50c.

BIGNONIA GRANDIFLORA

TRUMPET VINE—Climbs to dark or walls; fern-like foliage, orange scarlet; trumpet-shaped flowers. Prepaid, each, 75c; dozen, \$7.50.

CLEMATIS

JACKMANNI—Probably the most beautiful climber in cultivation, with rich, deep, velvety purple flowers. Two-year-old roots, prepaid, each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00.

PANICULATA—This is a valuable Japanese introduction; one of the finest additions to our list of hardy climbers; a very strong, vigorous plant and as easily grown as the common. Prepaid, each, 50c; dozen, \$5.00.

CHINESE WISTARIA

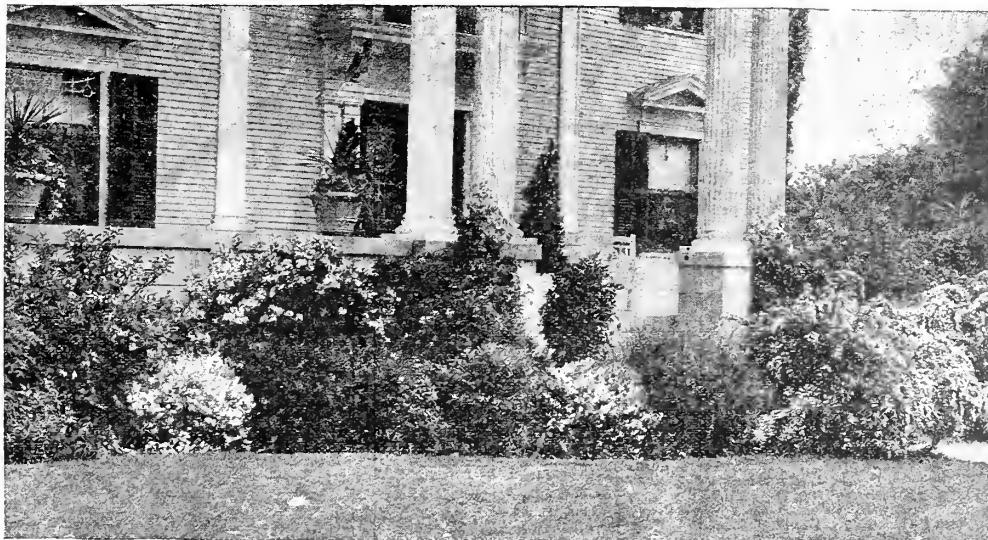
Beautiful climber of rapid growth, producing long, pendulous clusters of pale purple flowers, is very hardy. Prepaid, each, 75c; dozen, \$7.50.

CHINESE KUDZU VINE

JACK AND THE BEANSTALK VINE—A vine that will grow and flourish where nothing else will. Invaluable for covering fences, porches, old dead trees. Its large, bright green leaves afford a dense shade. It is hardy and will last for many years. Prepaid, each, 50c; dozen, \$5.00.

HONEYSUCKLE

HALLEANA—White, sweet scented. Prepaid, each, 50c; dozen, \$5.00.



HARDY ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS

The planting of shrubs and shade trees adds to the beauty of the home surroundings, whether city residence or country home. The effect produced in future years should not be lost sight of by anyone desiring to increase the value of property.

All shrubs offered below are two or more years old, transplanted. Prices are f. o. b. at express office, Kansas City, Mo., but not prepaid.

BARBERRY (*Thunbergiana*)

Dwarf, neat, and dense of growth, yet graceful because of its drooping branches. Yellow flowers are followed by vivid scarlet fruits, the foliage changing in fall to scarlet and gold. Prepaid, each, 60c.

BUDDELYA

(Butterfly Bush or Summer Lilac)

VARIABILIS VEITCHIANA—A medium-size shrub, producing long, lilac-like blooms from twenty to thirty inches long. It requires some protection during the winter months. Pale lilac. Two-year stock. Prepaid, each, 60c.

CALYCANTHUS

(Sweet Scented or Allspice)

A handsome shrub; with an exquisite purple flower and fragrant wood. Prepaid, each, 60c.

DEUTZIA (Pride of Rochester)

Early spring flowering shrub, with long, graceful spikes of white flowers from every bud or eye; handsome lawn shrub. Prepaid, each, 60c.

DESMODIUM

A nice shrub; flowers in September; has sweet pea-shaped flowers; rose and white. Prepaid, each, 60c.

FORSYTHIA (*Viridissima*)

Graceful drooping plant, with bright yellow sprays of flowers. Prepaid, each, 50c.

HYDRANGEA PANICULATA

GRANDIFLORA—Blooms profusely from July until frost, in immense white panicles, often measuring ten to twelve inches, gradually changing to rose color. Prepaid, each, 75c.

ARBORESCENS GRANDIFLORA—Comparatively an unknown variety that was found growing wild in the woods on the Ohio River that deserves attention. It is dwarf in habit, growing about 3 feet in height at maturity. Is perfectly hardy and grows best in a shady place. It produces panicles of white snowball-like blossoms from May until September. Two-year. Two to three feet. Prepaid, each, 75c.

ALMOND, FLOWERING

PRUNUS SINENSIS—An old favorite; blooms early in the spring before the leaves appear; very attractive in borders and foundation plantings; in two colors, either pink or white. Valuable because of its early flowering period. Prepaid, each, \$1.00.

LILAC, PERSIAN

SYRINGA PERSICA—A graceful shrub with finely cut foliage and delicate lavender blossoms. Blooms are not so large as the Common Purple, but it is a more graceful shrub. Prepaid, each, 75c.

BUSH HONEYSUCKLE

LONICERA—A beautiful shrub of upright habit, producing a wealth of blooms during May, which are followed by vari-colored fruits. The foliage is a clear, glossy green and admirably adapted to screen purposes. Pink and red. Three to four feet. Prepaid, each, 60c.

PHILADELPHUS

(*Syringa* or Mock Orange)

Vigorous growing shrubs, with fine pure white flowers and bright, handsome foliage. Prepaid, each, 60c.

PLICATUM (Japan Snowball)

Used extensively for decorating. Flowers pure white, large balls, frequently borne in clusters of five or six. Prepaid, each, 60c.

WEIGELA

Beautiful shrubs, bloom June and July; very desirable for border or grouping. Double white and double pink. Prepaid, each, 60c.

SPIREAS

ANTHONY WATERER—A valuable and distinct variety color bright crimson. It is of dwarf, dense growth, never exceeding thirty inches in height; in bloom the entire summer and fall. Prepaid, each, 60c.

THUNBERGII—One of the most charming of all low-growing shrubs, with fine delicate foliage and a profusion of small white flowers in spring. Prepaid, each, 60c.

VAN HOUTTEI—The grandest of all the white Spireas. It is of compact habit and a beautiful ornament for the lawn at any season, but when in flower it is a complete fountain of white bloom, the foliage hardly showing. Clusters of twenty to thirty white florets make up the raceme, and are set close along the drooping stems. Prepaid, each, 50c.

HEDGE PLANTS

CALIFORNIA PRIVET (*Amoor River*)—The great hedging plant, conceded the best plant for hedging purposes. Remarkable for the beauty of its evergreen foliage and strong, regular, symmetrical growth. Foliage dark green, very glossy and wax-like; hardy everywhere. Better than Boxwood. Large plants, two years old, prepaid, each, 15c; dozen, \$1.50; per 100, \$12.00.

BERRIES and SMALL FRUITS and NURSERY STOCK

GRAPES

Two-year-old. Not prepaid, each, 15c; per dozen, \$1.50; per 100, \$9.00.

CONCORD (Black)—Too well known to need much description; is considered by many to be the best all-round grape grown; is extremely hardy, vigorous and productive; bunches large, compact; berries large and juicy, buttery and sweet; will succeed well almost anywhere.

AGAWAM (Red)—Bunch medium to large, quite compact, fresh, rich, sweet and best quality; color, dark crimson or brownish red; vine vigorous and hardy.

MOORE'S EARLY (Black)—Bunch large, berry round, with a heavy blue bloom; quality said to be better than Concord; hardy and prolific; a good market berry; ripens about two weeks before Concord.

NIAGARA (White)—One of the leading white sorts; bunch large, shouldered, compact; berry large, yellowish-white, juicy, vinous and sprightly, quality good; skin tough, making it a good shipper and market berry.

STRAWBERRIES

CULTURE—To produce large fruit, keep in hills, pinching runners as soon as they appear. In the winter a covering of straw or leaves will protect the plants. Do not cover them, however, until the ground is frozen and then not so deep as to smother them. Plant in rows 3 to 3½ feet apart, 15 to 18 inches in a row. Packed 25 to the bunch. Per bunch, prepaid, 40c; per 100 plants, \$1.25; per 1,000 plants, \$7.50.

SENATOR DUNLAP—A vigorous growing plant, yielding large quantities of solid, regular-formed, bright red berries. A splendid keeper; excellent for canning and is extensively used by shippers. (Perfect flower.)

AROMA—An early strawberry. Has an excellent flavor, is of medium size, and solid in texture. A fine variety for shipping. (Perfect flower.)

KELLOGG'S PRIZE—A recently introduced variety that has rapidly gained popularity because of its heavy bearing qualities. Berries are of large size, good coloring, and excellent quality. (Perfect flower.)

EVERBEARING PROGRESSIVE—A fall-bearing strawberry of good size and excellent quality. Its color is a bright, rich red. The plants are strong growers, and spread rapidly. Probably used most extensively for fall crops of any of the ever-bearing varieties. (Perfect flower). Prepaid, per bunch, 75c; per 100 plants, \$2.00; per 1,000 plants, \$15.00.

GOOSEBERRIES—(Two-Year-Old)

Not Prepaid, each, 30c; per dozen, \$3.00.

GOOSEBERRIES—Plant in good, rich soil and give a liberal dressing of manure every season. Regular pruning every year is essential for the production of fine fruit.

DOWNING—Large, handsome, pale green and of a splendid quality for both cooking and table use; bush a vigorous grower and usually free from mildew.

CURRENTS

Two-year-old. Not prepaid, each, 30c; per dozen, \$3.00.

LARGE CHERRY—The largest of all red currants. Berries sometimes measure half-inch in diameter. Bushes are short and very vigorous grower. Best variety for the home garden.

Note—Gooseberry and Currant bushes cannot be shipped west of the Missouri state line.

CHERRY

The cherry is one of the finest and most delicate dessert fruits. The acid varieties are also highly esteemed for preserving and cooking purposes. Although a very perishable fruit, the period of its use may be prolonged to six weeks by a proper selection of varieties. The trees thrive well in any soil which is sufficiently well drained, but will not succeed a long time where the sub-soil is wet.

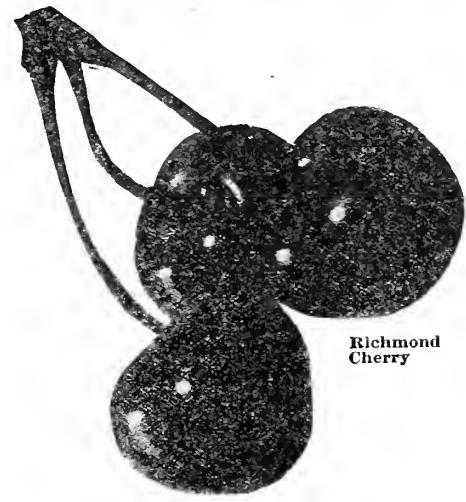
Our Cherry trees are all budded on Mahaleb stock, which makes a healthy tree, and does not sprout from the roots, which is a nuisance when common Morello stocks are used. Plant 20 feet each way; 109 trees to the acre.

Pruning at time of planting. Sour Cherry should have at least one-third the previous year's growth taken off in such a manner as to leave a symmetrical well balanced head.

RICHMOND—Medium size, light red; melting, juicy, sprightly acid flavor. Tree healthy and productive. One of the most popular early cherries. Each, 75c; 3 for \$2.00. If to go by express add 25c on any tree or lot of trees for packing.

MONTMORENCY—Large red cherry, ripening ten to fourteen days after Early Richmond. Tree a slow but stiff grower; very profitable bearer; valuable late sour cherry. Each, 75c; 3 for \$2.00. If to go by express add 25c on any tree or lot of trees for packing.

MORELLO—Good size, very dark red when fully ripe, rich, acid, juicy, excellent for canning. Later than Montmorency. Each, 75c; 3 for \$2.00. If to go by express add 25c on any tree or lot of trees for packing.



PEACH

The Peach is probably the finest of our fruits; everybody delights in the flavor of a fine, juicy Peach. In this section, select high, dry lands, northern or western exposure preferred.

Pruning at time of planting. Cut away all side branches to within 2 inches of the body and shorten the leaders to form a balanced low and compact head. Branches that are too low should be cut somewhat to the body.

In order to preserve the continued healthy growth of the trees and the fine quality of the fruit, the trees should have careful pruning at least every two years, so as to preserve a round, vigorous head, with plenty of young wood. The land should not be seeded to grass, but kept in constant cultivation. **CHAMPION**—Originated at Nokomis, Ill. Flavor delicious, sweet, rich, juicy, surpassing all other early varieties. Skin creamy white with red cheek. Early, productive and large. Perfect freestone. August 10th to 15th. Each, \$1.00. If to go by express add 25c on any lot of trees for packing.

ELBERTA—Supposed to be a seedling of Chinese Cling, but is entirely free. Very large, yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow, firm, juicy and of high quality; exceedingly prolific; sure bearer and hardy. August 15th to 20th. Each, \$1.00. If to go by express add 25c on any lot of trees for packing.

PLUM

The Plum demands a rich soil well drained and additional fertility given after a few years proves beneficial. The trees usually are planted about 20 feet apart and can be used as a filler in an orchard between permanent trees. They thrive especially well in back yards, gardens and in chicken runs.

For home consumption the fruit should be allowed to ripen on the tree but for shipping they should be gathered a few days earlier. Some varieties always over-bear and thinning should be done to increase the size of the fruit.

DAMSON (Common Blue)—A valuable market sort. It bears enormous crops. Thousands of bushels are annually sold on our markets. It is the best plum for preserving. August and September. Each, \$1.00. If to go by express add 25c on any lot of trees for packing.

WILD GOOSE—Well known, large, deep red when ripe. Good quality; one of the best native plums; should be in every orchard. July. Each, \$1.00. If to go by express add 25c on any lot of trees for packing.

APPLES

Owing to its adaptability to various soil conditions, its hardness, productiveness and commercial value, we must consider the apple the most important of our tree fruits. Planted only in well-drained soil, with proper care taken in the selection of varieties one may expect fruit from early summer throughout the winter months.

GRIMES—Medium to large, roundish, oblate, slightly conical, large specimens oblong. Skin yellowish-white, with a mild sub-acid, agreeable good to best flavor. September to December.

JONATHAN—Medium size, unless thinned on tree, when it becomes a fair size; form roundish, conical; skin thin and smooth, the ground clear, light yellow, nearly covered with lively red stripes and deepening into brilliant or dark red in the sun; flesh white, rarely a little pinkish; very tender and juicy; mild, sprightly vinous flavor.

DELICIOUS—This variety should be in every orchard. Fruit large, almost covered with beautiful dark red, blending to yellow at the blossom end. Sweet, pleasant flavor, only enough acid to make it pleasing. Flesh crisp, juicy, fine grained, melting.

Each, \$1.00. If to go by express add 25c on any lot of trees for packing.

FARM SEED DEPARTMENT

PRICES named below are for the benefit of those who only want a few pounds of seed for experimental purposes. Prices of Farm Seeds often change and when in the market ask for MONTHLY PRICE LISTS WHICH ARE COMPLETE and WE GLADLY SEND FREE.

Benefits of Inoculation

The principal reasons for inoculation can be stated in five short paragraphs, viz.:

First—Inoculated legumes take nitrogen from the air to supply the plant, resulting in faster growth, earlier maturity and larger crops.

Second—Inoculated legumes take up more nitrogen than the plant itself requires, the surplus remaining to the benefit of future crops.

Third—Inoculated legumes develop larger root systems than when not inoculated and therefore reach the im-

mense store of potash and phosphorus in the sub-soil, bringing them up to supply the plant. When the roots and stubble decay these elements are also returned to the soil in a form available for future crops.

Fourth—Inoculated, legumes, by taking their nitrogen from the air, save the soil. When not inoculated they drain the soil of its nitrogen just the same as wheat or timothy or other non-leguminous plants.

Fifth—Inoculated legumes contain more protein matter than when not inoculated, greatly increasing their feeding value.

Summary—Inoculation hastens maturity, increases the crop, improves its quality, enriches the soil and saves fertilizer bills.

ALFALFA

GRIMM ALFALFA

Is past the experimental stage. Grimm Alfalfa is becoming more popular every year, for several distinct reasons, principally because it is very hardy and will not winter-kill during the cold months as common alfalfa often does. It can be cut with greater safety late in the fall, and will bear more abuse in the way of pasturage. The crown is four or more inches below the surface and the young shoots are protected by the soil from winter freezing.

The crown of the plant is very heavy stolting, often three or four hundred shoots. The roots are branching instead of the long single tap root of the common alfalfa. This enables the plant to live in poorly drained soils. Sow 10 to 12 lbs. of seed per acre. Northern grown seed by reliable growers in Dakota or Wisconsin. Per lb., 50c; 10 lbs. for \$4.50.

KANSAS ALFALFA

From Kansas we obtain a high grade of seed that is hard to beat for corn belt conditions. The fact is, we have learned

to depend upon Kansas-Nebraska seed and seed from the Dakotas, anywhere in the United States. This strain is usually priced lower than the Northern varieties, owing to the fact that there is a larger supply of seed of this strain than any other. Use 15 to 20 pounds of seed per acre. Per lb., 35c; 10 lbs., \$3.00.

DAKOTA NO. 12

By the process of elimination, or survival of the fittest, a number of fields planted to Alfalfa in the Dakotas years ago have hung on against great odds, until today, the seed coming from these old established fields is much in demand. This seed is known as Dakota No. 12. Many fields are doubtless of the Grimm type, but due to the change of land ownership, the pedigree has become lost, and therefore, an affidavit cannot be furnished. To those demanding a hardy field of Alfalfa and not wishing to pay the higher cost of Grimm, by all means choose Dakota No. 12. Our trade is rapidly turning to this variety. Use from 15 to 20 pounds per acre. Per lb., 45c; 10 lbs. for \$4.00.

SWEET CLOVER

WHITE BLOSSOM SWEET CLOVER (Biennial)—The White Blossom variety is the one most generally used, and is the type most valuable as a soil restorer and general purpose crop. It is a very rank grower, which makes it especially valuable for plowing under as a green manure crop, and it is also a very heavy nitrogen builder.

When used as a pasture crop, the stock should be turned in on it while it is young and tender, and at this stage it is very palatable to all live stock, and a longing taste is acquired for it.

No other crop will add as much fertility to the soil. As a feed crop it ranks on a par with alfalfa. As a hay crop it will yield more per acre than other types and is conceded to be the most desirable under average conditions. Per lb., 20c; 10-lb. lots, per lb., 15c.

YELLOW SWEET CLOVER (Mellilotus Officinalis)—Also a biennial and is similar to the White except that it is about two weeks earlier, and not quite so tall, and does not get so heavy and coarse. Lays closer to the ground. Considered better for pasture, and makes a finer grade of hay. Will carry three head of cattle per acre all season. Use from 15 to 20 lbs. of seed per acre. Thick seeding makes a finer hay and pasture. Per lb., 20c; 10-lb. lots, per lb., 15c.

HUBAM CLOVER

ANNUAL WHITE SWEET CLOVER—Hubam Clover is an annual which makes seed and dies the year it is seeded. Hubam Clover will outgrow and overcome the annual weeds and, therefore, can be sowed and successfully grown broadcast. It grows slowly at first, and therefore, would be easily killed in case it came up a volunteer crop where you wanted to use some other crop. Fine hay or pasture proposition, and an excellent bee pasture. Blooms abundantly long after other bee pastures are gone. Use 12 lbs. of seed per acre. See price list for latest prices. Per lb., 60c; 10 lbs. for \$5.50.

NITRAGIN, The Original SOIL INOCULATOR

Alfalfa, Sweet Clover, Soys, Clovers, Peas, Beans, Vetch, Cowpeas—all legumes.

The 1 bu. size will inoculate one bu. or sixty pounds of any legume seed. Other sizes in proportion.

1/4 bu. size.....\$0.40 1 bu. size.....\$1.00

1/2 bu. size.....\$.60 5 bu. size.....4.75

Prices reduced on Soys and Cow Peas.

1/2 bu. size.....\$.40 1 bu. size.....\$.70

5 bu. size2.60

Always state kind of seed-legumes only.

McQUEEN'S INOCULATOR

For Soy Beans, Cow Peas, Vetch, Peas and Beans
1 Bu. Size.....\$0.50 2 Bu. Size.....\$1.00

For Alfalfa and Clovers

1/2 Bu. Size.....\$.50 1 Bu. Size.....\$1.00

ASK FOR FARMERS' SPECIAL PRICE LIST ON FARM SEEDS**CLOVERS**

K. C. BRAND CLOVERS are of the Highest Quality, Well Cleared and Tested.

ALSIKE, OR SWEDISH CLOVER—This is one of the hardest varieties known. It is perennial and does not winter kill. It will do better on moist land than any other variety of Clover, and is suitable for either hay or pasture. When sown with other grasses, it forms thick undergrowth and greatly increases the yield. It is frequently sown both with Medium Red Clover and with Timothy, and the quality of hay thus produced is excellent. It is finer and more leafy than Medium Red Clover although it does not grow so high. It is very fine for honey bees, and cattle prefer it to other clovers. Sow 5 to 8 pounds to the acre. Per lb., 45c; 5-lb. lots, per lb., 40c.

MEDIUM RED CLOVER—This is regarded as the most valuable of the Clover family. It is sometimes called June Clover and is a dependable all-round variety for farmers and stockmen. It makes two crops each year. The first is usually cut when it is in blossom for hay; the last crop may be harvested for seed, cut for hay or plowed under to add fertility to the soil. Will grow in most any soil, makes excellent hay. Sow from 8 to 10 pounds per acre. Per lb., 45c; 5-lb. lots, per lb., 40c.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER—This hardy species of Perennial Clover is prostrate and creeping in habit. The stems lying on the ground take root freely at the nodes, from which may arise independent plants. While White Dutch Clover is used principally for lawns a small proportion in permanent pasture often fills up many a bare spot and produces valuable grazing for all kinds of live stock. It is very hardy and will thrive on almost any soil. Best growth is obtained, however, on moist well-drained soil. Per lb., 60c; 10-lb. lots, per lb., 50c.

DWARF ESSEX RAPE

Grows two to four feet high. Produces from 25 to 30 tons of green fodder to the acre.

Produces feed in from six to ten weeks from sowing. Sow five pounds to the acre. This is an ideal sheep feed, easily grown; perfectly hardy and possesses remarkable fattening properties. One acre will pasture 36 head of sheep two months and lambs will make a gain of 8 to 12 pounds a month. Pigs and cattle are also very fond of it. It is a rank grower and should have heavy manuring as well as high cultivation. Any corn soil will grow Rape. Sow the seed by the end of June and the crop can be ready to feed at a season when it is most needed. It does well sown with oats. After oats are cut the rape grows rapidly. If the soil is rich and clean, sow broadcast; if not so clean, sow in drills and cultivated as for corn. When sown broadcast use 5 lbs. and if in drills 2 lbs. to the acre. Prepaid, per lb., 20c; 10 lbs., \$1.50.

VETCH—King of Soil Builders**SAND OR WINTER VETCH**

The Sand Vetch, also called Winter Vetch or Hairy Vetch, is an annual plant, similar in growth to a Pea Vine, but more slender, more branching and leafy; it will grow from 6 to 10 feet tall.

INOCULATE THIS SEED WITH NITRAGIN

As the name indicates, it has a special adaptation for sandy soils; it succeeds well on light soils, too poor for clovers, cow peas, etc., but will give bigger crops on richer land.

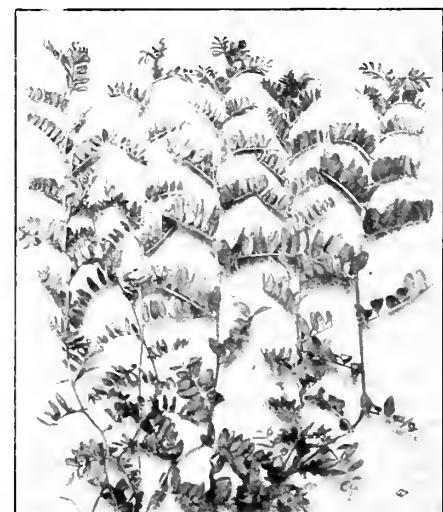
Sand Vetch is of great value for pasture and hay, and the fodder, either green or dried, is much relished by all stock; it is very nutritious, containing even more protein than Alfalfa. It is cut for hay when pods are forming; the average yield of hay is from 3½ to 4 tons per acre.

Sand Vetch is a good cover crop for orchards. Sand Vetch is sown in spring and in fall, in this section not later than the middle of October, but later farther south. It grows best in cool weather. If sown before July 1st, it generally freezes out, but if sown later it lives over winter, goes to seed in June, then dies.

VETCH—Best Potato Fertilizer

Kaw Valley potatoe growers turn under hundreds of acres of Vetch each year for fertilizer, better results being obtained than from any other green manure crop, which has been tried. Should be sown during August or September with wheat or rye; using about 20 lbs. of Vetch and one bushel of either grain to the acre.

We handle this seed in large quantities and will make very attractive prices in larger lots. Prepaid, per lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$2.00.



HARNDEN'S FIELD AND PASTURE GRASSES

SEE INSIDE COVER PAGE FOR HARNDEN'S SPECIAL LAWN GRASSES

ASK FOR FARMERS' SPECIAL PINK LIST ON FARM SEEDS

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS (*Poa-Pratensis*)—Among all the grasses for pastures, meadows, ball grounds, golf links, lawns, polo grounds and all school and public grounds, the Kentucky Blue Grass ranks first; it is the Great American Grass. The farmer knows its good qualities and the city people know that there is nothing more beautiful than a well kept blue grass lawn. It can be sown either in the spring or fall. Sow 25 to 30 pounds per acre for meadows and pasture, 50 to 75 pounds per acre for lawns. Per lb., 40c; 10-lb. lots, per lb., 35c.

ORCHARD GRASS—A valuable hay and pasture grass. This is one of the best grasses for upland, loamy or moderately stiff soils. In fact no other grass except Red Top or Herds will succeed on so many different kinds of soil. Swampy or marshy land is the only kind on which it will not grow. Orchard grass should be cut for hay when in blossom. If harvesting is postponed after this stage is reached, the grass becomes woody and is not relished by stock.

As Orchid Grass matures about the same time as Red Clover, it is advisable to sow these two together. 20 lbs. of orchard grass and 6 lbs. of Red Clover make an ideal hay combination; when sown alone, 2 bu. to the acre. Per lb., 30c; 10-lb. lots, per lb., 25c.

MEADOW FESCUE, OR ENGLISH BLUE GRASS (*Festuca Pratensis*)—A permanent pasture grass; grows from 2 to 3 feet high and is the earliest and most nutritious of grasses; makes excellent hay, and cattle will thrive on it. It grows better in poor soil than any other grass. The roots grow from 12 to 15 inches under the ground. It can stand extremely dry weather; also will stand more freezing than any other variety. Sow 15 to 20 pounds per acre. Per lb., 30c; 10-lb. lots, 25c.

TIMOTHY (*Phleum Pratense*)—Timothy in this section of the country is used more extensively for hay than any other grass. It is relished by all kinds of stock, especially horses, and yields more nutritious matter than any other grass. Farmers in this country know its qualities and in a great many instances sow it with Alsike, or Red Clover. When

used alone sow 15 pounds to the acre; when used with Clover, sow 7 to 9 pounds of Timothy and from 5 to 8 pounds of Clover. Prepaid, per lb., 15c; 10-lb. lots, per lb., 10c.

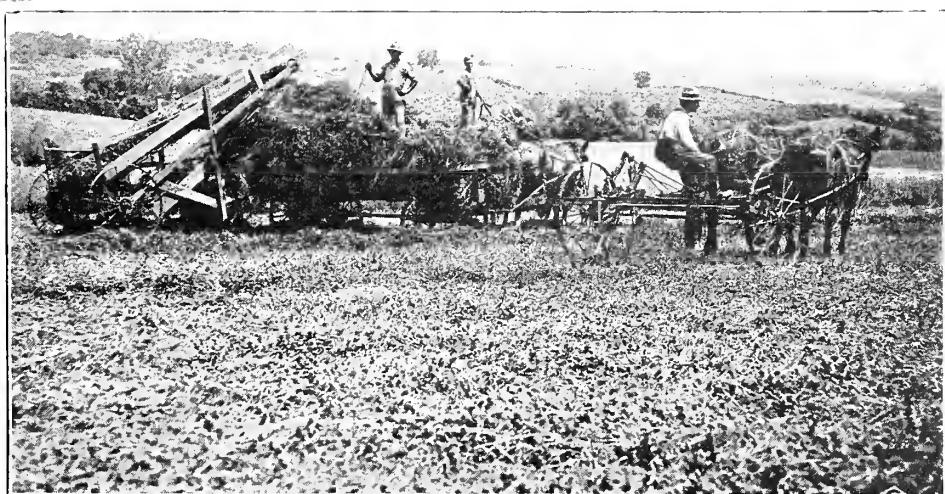
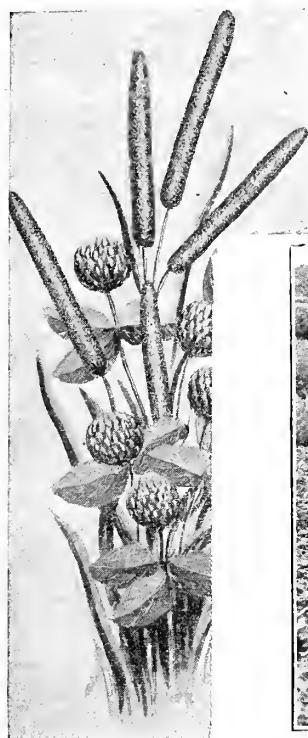
ITALIAN RYE GRASS (*Lolium Italicum*)—A quick growing grass and is often used as a nurse crop for Kentucky Blue Grass and in lawn mixtures. Will make a quick showing and is used where something green is wanted in a hurry; it is of no use for permanent pastures, as it lasts only two years. Sow 35 to 40 pounds per acre. Per lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$2.00.

PERENNIAL ENGLISH RYE (*Lolium Perenne*)—A hardy rye grass which grows well on clay soil and withstands drought reasonably well; grows quick and is a good pasture grass. This has been used by the Kansas City Park Board for large plots where the soil is not good and has given good satisfaction, making a good sod. White clover is sometimes used with this when for lawn purposes. For pasture sow 25 to 30 pounds to the acre, for lawns 50 to 60 pounds to the acre. Per lb., 30c; 10 lbs., \$2.50.

FANCY RED TOP (*Agrostis Vulgaris*)—A grass particularly adapted for wet soils and for ground that washes. It is often sown with Alsike clover, which together make a good hay. Is quicker to start than any other grass and on moist soil will grow about 2 feet high, and on gravelly or poor soil 1 foot high. If used for pasture should be fed close, as after it has gone to seed cattle will refuse it. It is also used for terraces and patches in lawns, where blue grass will not grow. Sow from 15 to 20 pounds to the acre. Per lb., 40c; 10 lbs., \$3.50.

BERMUDA GRASS (*Cynodon Dactylon*)—This is the standard grass of the South and is used in Oklahoma, Texas and other Southern states for both pasture and hay crop. Is also used for lawn purposes, as it runs over the ground rapidly, forming a dense turf; will not stand cold weather and is not used north of the southern boundary of Kansas, but is a drought resister and will stand all kinds of hot and dry weather. Sow 3 to 5 pounds per acre. Per lb., 65c; 10-lb. lots, per lb., 60c.

ALSIKE AND TIMOTHY MIXTURE—This seed has been grown mixed, and cannot be separated. We have purchased this mixture for less money than we could have separated seed, and can therefore sell it for less. Those desiring to sow Alsike and Timothy together therefore can save money by buying this mixture. It is, we believe, the cheapest Clover and Grass Seed Mixture you can buy. Alsike and Timothy make an excellent combination for hay and pasture; they are adapted to the same kinds of soil and mature together; they will do well on most any land where other grasses and clover grow, but give the best results on moist lands. Both varieties are perennials, are very hardy, do not winter kill, and when once established, they will live for years. This mixture is of the highest feeding value for stock. Sow at the rate of 10 to 12 lbs. of seed per acre. It can be sown alone or with small grain in the spring or fall. Per lb., 20c; 10-lb. lots, per lb., 18c.



Alsike and Timothy

ASK FOR FARMERS' SPECIAL PRICE LIST ON FARM SEEDS**FARM SEEDS****SOY BEANS—COW PEAS—ALL SOIL BUILDERS—
FIELD PEAS AND BEANS****USE NITRAGIN AND INCREASE THE CROP FOR
FORAGE, SOIL IMPROVEMENT AND TABLE USE**

Prices on Cow Peas and Beans listed on this page change with the market. Write us for current prices. We are always glad to quote lowest ruling prices.

COW PEAS

The U. S. Department of Agriculture says: "No one thing can add more to the agricultural wealth than the growing of Cow Peas." There is no cheaper, surer, or more permanent way to improve our land, and keep the soil in first class mechanical condition. Corn, potatoes, tobacco and other crops following Cow Peas do not suffer from the effects of hot, dry weather, as they do when planted on lands deficient in vegetable matter. Sow in May, June and July, at the rate of 1 to 1½ bushels to the acre. They may also be put in

with drill and worked. Cut when pods commence to turn yellow. The hay cures easier and better at this stage of growth.

WHIPPOORWILL—A favorite early bunch-growing variety; has brown speckled seeds, which are more easily gathered than the vine-growing sorts. This variety is a prime favorite on account of its early maturity and habits.

NEW ERA—This Pea is fully two weeks earlier than the popular Whippoorwill variety; a very great advantage to the farmer. In size it is one-third smaller than the Whippoorwill—another great advantage. It is a so-called Bunch Pea, similar to the Whippoorwill in growth. In sections of Missouri and Illinois the New Era Pea is planted after the wheat crop has been cut, and matures early enough in the fall to harvest in time to sow winter wheat on the same field. This cannot be said of any other variety of Cow Peas.

SOY BEANS

Soy Beans may be utilized either as a soiling crop, pasture crop, hay crop or grown for seed. As a soiling crop for cows, no crop surpasses them for producing a high yield of milk. Hogs turned into a patch of Soy Beans, as the beans are commencing to form, will make a phenomenal growth.

As a grain crop, it is as paying as any crop you sow. The average yield is around 25 bushels to the acre and is as rich as oil meal in feed, being worth about 3 cents per pound. You also have the threshed hay, which compares favorably with clover hay. You will be surprised to see how all stock love this threshed hay and how they thrive on it. We recommend planting this crop with corn, especially if you intend to use your corn in the silo. The custom is to harvest the beans right along with the corn when filling the silo.

The outlook is for a big demand for seed. More Soy Beans will be planted this year than ever before. It is to your interest to use Soy Beans either for soiling or as a feed crop as they are bound to please.

VARIETIES—We are only listing the three best varieties and believe we are offering you the best selection on Soy Beans you can obtain. Our stock is all high grade, testing high on germination and our prices are low.

The Soy Beans will produce under favorable conditions 12 to 13 tons of fresh fodder per acre, containing large amounts of crude protein and fat, which makes an excellent forage to mix with corn fodder or other forage plant high in carbohydrate but low in protein.

All varieties listed below are recommended by the Missouri and Kansas department of agriculture, as being best adapted for this section of the country.

WILSON—White flowers; whitish hairs on mature pods; black, glossy seed, medium small, flattened and sometimes kidney-shaped; tall, slender, leafy plant, with tendency to vine. Matures in about 115 to 120 days. Probably the best hay variety for average land.

MIDWEST—Purple flowers; tan-colored hairs on mature pods; yellow, glossy seed, medium small and somewhat flattened; seed scar of a color similar to seed coat; erect plant, not quite so coarse as Morse, but sometimes slightly taller. Matures in about 110 to 115 days. One of the most popular kinds for this section; a heavy seed yielder and good for pasture. Inoculate.

VIRGINIA—Purple flowers; tan-colored hairs on mature pods; tan or brown seed, medium small, flat and kidney-shaped; inconspicuous seed scar; tall, slender, leafy plant—taller and somewhat coarser than Wilson—with tendency to vine, especially on rich land. Matures in about 125 to 130 days. The best all purpose variety on thin soil.

SUDAN GRASS**A Heavy Yielder, Making Hay of Excellent Quality.**

Sudan Grass, which is one of the sorghums, is very similar in growth to Johnson Grass, but differs from the latter in that it is entirely free from the persistent underground root system which makes Johnson grass sod so difficult to eradicate. Sudan Grass, being an annual and having fibrous roots similar to wheat or oats is as easily controlled and eradicated as millet at the close of the growing season.

This grass is even more thrifty in growth than Johnson grass, reaching from 4 to 7 feet in height, producing medium small stems and an abundance of broad linear leaves. The color of the plant is a shade paler, and is more palatable than any other sorghum hay. One plant produces from 80 to 100 culms.

A SILAGE CROP

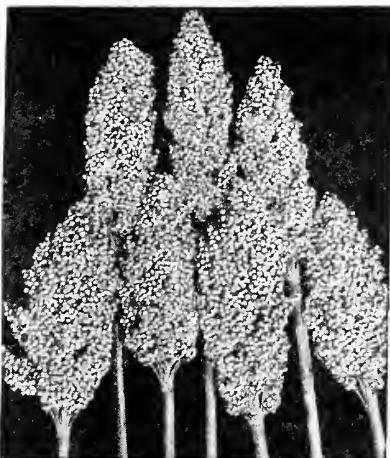
Sudan has become so plentiful that it is being grown extensively for silage. It is the universal opinion of those who have grown it that it is destined to make one of the very best ensilage crops known. It will be even better when grown with soy beans or cow peas, as this combination would make an enormous yield of ensilage that would be very palatable and well balanced.

HOW TO PLANT

Sudan Grass may be planted in cultivated rows, in close drills or broadcast. Plant in cultivated rows, 30 to 36 inches apart. Only 3 or 4 pounds of seed to the acre will be required. An ordinary corn planter with the sorghum plate or a specially prepared plate may be used for the row planting. The most popular method and the best results will be had by planting with a drill or broadcast at the rate of 25 to 30 lbs. per acre. Prepaid, per lb., 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.25.



ASK FOR FARMERS' SPECIAL PRICE LIST ON FARM SEEDS



Kaffir Corn

The earliest of the drought resisting sorghums. In a dry year it will outyield all other Sorghums. Resembles Milo excepting that the stems are uniformly erect and the seed is larger and softer. Per lb., 10c; 10 lbs., 75c.

YELLOW MILO MAIZE

A variety of Sorghum, non-saccharine, stalks 8 to 10 feet high. It stands dry weather and makes its crop where Corn would fail. It ripens seed in 90 to 110 days, making it suitable for high altitudes. The culture for Milo Maize is the same as for Kaffir Corn. Per lb., 10c; 10 lbs., 75c.

MILLETS

Millet is a short season crop and may be sown in July and still produce a good crop of hay. There is probably nothing so well adapted to cover up shortage in hay crops as Millet. Being of rank growth it is also one of the best crops for smothering weeds. While a drought resister, Millet does best on moist and well prepared soils.

GERMAN OR GOLDEN—Grows very rank stalks, 4 to 5 feet high, covered with fine narrow leaves, making excellent hay, which is sweet, palatable and milk-producing. On good rich soil it yields five tons of hay and more per acre. The hay seems coarse, but is very tender, and cows, horses and all other farm stock are exceedingly fond of it. Should be cut when in full bloom. Sow 25 to 40 pounds per acre. Per lb., 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.00.

SIBERIAN—Resembles Golden Millet in manner of growth and productiveness, but is about two weeks earlier and the seed is orange red. It stools quite heavily, is very leafy and bushy and a heavy yielder of both hay and seed, producing 50 to 70 bushels of seed and 4 to 5 tons of hay per acre. It will ripen in 60 to 70 days from sowing. It is rust-proof, and chinch bugs do not trouble it. It requires less seed to sow one acre of this variety than of others on account of its great stooling habit. Per lb., 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.00.

HOG OR BROOM CORN MILLET—This Millet has the branching head, resembling Broom Corn, hence the name. It is a very early variety, ripening in 50 to 60 days from time of sowing. The seed ripens while the fodder is yet green, so it can be cut and used for both hay and seed with good success. Is a sure cropper and makes excellent feed for Hogs and Poultry. Per lb., 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.00.

KAFFIR CORN

Makes Large Yield of Fodder. About Equal to Corn in Feeding Value. Stands Dry Weather. Valuable for Poultry.

The value of this crop has been largely appreciated in the West. We find that it does just as well in the South. It is noted for its drought resistant qualities and adaptability to a wide range of soils. Long spells of dry weather may check its growth, but as soon as rain falls it commences again, without injury by the check received. It is valuable sown with Cow Peas. One bushel of peas and 15 pounds of Kaffir Corn seed an acre. The grain is a valuable feed for stock, hogs and poultry. When sown alone, about 3 pecks to the acre broadcast, or 8 pounds per acre in drills 3½ feet apart. Per lb., 10c; 10 lbs., 75c.

CANE OR SORGHUM

FEEDING VALUE—It is known quite definitely that an acre of sorghum will produce more food value, more pounds of beef or pork, when properly fed, than an acre of corn. The main use of the crop, however, is for a winter supply of forage, and it has this advantage over corn or any other kind of grain, that it can be sown late. It furnishes fodder in 70 to 90 days and matures seed in about 100 days.

CULTURE—Plant from April to August, in rows 3 feet apart, drilling 20 pounds per acre, or broadcast at the rate of 1 bushel per acre.

EARLY AMBER—The earliest variety known, making in 65 to 90 days; also very productive, yielding as high as four tons per acre. Per lb., 10c; 10 lbs., 75c.

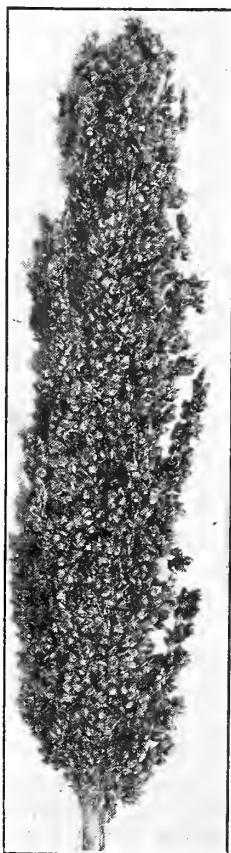
EARLY ORANGE SORGHUM—Very productive, allowing 3 cuttings from same seed. About 10 days or 2 weeks later than the Early Amber. Sow thickly, and will make a fine forage crop. Per lb., 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.00.

SUGAR DRIP—Not only makes a large yield of green forage, but is very sweet and is used for making syrup. With the ordinary farm mill this variety usually yields about 65 per cent of its weight in juice; a better machine gets a still higher per cent. This is a distinct variety and grows very large and tall, producing immense quantities per acre. Per lb., 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.25.

Any of the above crops can be planted after early crops have been harvested. Don't permit your ground to lie fallow, but plant one of the above forage crops and make your ground give you a double return.



A Fine Field of German Millet



ASK FOR FARMERS' SPECIAL PRICE LIST ON FARM SEEDS FARM SEEDS

Broom Corn—Buckwheat—Sunflower—Castor Beans—Flax—Peanuts—Stock Beets

BROOM CORN

MISSOURI EVERGREEN—This Broom Corn grows about 8 to 10 feet high and is of the standard variety, stands up well and is entirely free from crooked brush. The fibre is long and fine. Its great value is that it will not get red in the field before it is cut, but it is strictly a green variety of brush commanding a high price. Will produce well on ordinary corn ground. Sow 10 pounds to the acre. Per lb., 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.00.

OKLAHOMA DWARF—Originated in Oklahoma, is of the dwarf variety and is earlier than all other varieties. Brush long and well fibered and is a drouth resister. On new breaking it does splendidly, leaving the ground in fine condition for a fall wheat crop; only a slight discing to prepare the soil, averages 5 feet in height, making it convenient for pulling brush; is a great yielder, often making 1 to 3 tons of fine long brush to the acre; stalks make excellent fodder if cut at once after brush is pulled. Sow 10 to 20 pounds per acre. Per lb., 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.00.

BUCKWHEAT

Should be sown about the middle of June, at the rate of from one-half to three-fourths bushels per acre. You will avoid the danger of its spoiling, by threshing as soon as dry.

Buckwheat is one of the very best cover crops that can be grown in the orchard and the flowers are very much relished by bees. Buckwheat is the cool seasons crop and one which can be sown very late in the season and will produce very satisfactory returns. It can be handled at a time when other crops are not needing attention and we believe it should be much more generally sown than it is at present. It is exceptionally well suited for late planting on wet ground or after the grain crop is harvested.

JAPANESE—This is a very popular variety of buckwheat. The plant is of stronger growth than common buckwheat and resists drought and blight much better. The grains are a rich dark brown, has a thin hull and larger grain than Silver Hull. It ripens a week earlier than other varieties and is perhaps the best for light or sandy soils and for the dry climate of the western plains. Per lb., 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.25.

MAMMOTH RUSSIAN SUNFLOWER

While many prefer Sunflower to corn for silage, where both can be grown successfully, in the higher altitudes where the season is short we especially recommend Sunflower for silage. Sunflower matures in about two weeks less than corn; thus you are always assured of a good crop for your silo.

Sunflower gives a much larger yield than corn, yielding on dry land 10 to 15 tons of silage per acre, and under irrigation 30 to 35 tons. It is claimed to be of equal feeding value to corn for dairy cows, sheep, etc.

The Sunflower grain is greatly relished by poultry, and is a very good feed and tonic for them. Many people throw the heads of the Sunflower into the poultry yard. Per lb., 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.25.

SEED FLAX

It will pay you to sow nice, pure, high-grade flax seed. Our seed is thoroughly cleaned, free from mustard or any other weed seed and is as good as can be purchased anywhere. One of the most profitable crops, especially on new land. Per lb., 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.20.

CASTOR BEANS

Are largely grown in our state, and have paid well the past few years. Will do well on any good corn land. One bushel plants 15 acres. Per lb., 20c; 10 lbs., \$1.50.

PEANUTS

This crop is naturally adapted to a light, sandy land. When properly cared for, it will yield a good profit as a market crop or as pasture for hogs. Shell the seed before planting, and plant in rows 3 feet apart, hills 10 inches apart. Peanuts should be planted in May or June.

SPANISH—For home use we think this variety by far the superior of any that we know. The kernels are sweet, with a rich flavor. This is a very prolific variety. Per lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$2.25.

SELECT VIRGINIA—A large, heavy yielding variety. This variety is more widely grown in the South than any other. It is the standard commercial variety and commands top prices. The nuts are large and well-shaped, containing 2 and often 3 kernels. Per lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$2.25.



Broom Corn

MANGEL STOCK BEETS or Corn Saver

The value of Mangels for stock feeding is quickly seen in the improved health and condition of the animals, the increased flow and quality of milk from the cows, and the saving in fodder. Mangels yield enormously and can be grown at a trifling cost. Every one who keeps even one cow should grow a patch of Mangels for winter feed. They make excellent and rich feed for poultry. Can be stored in a cellar or covered up in the ground and kept all winter, feeding as you need them.

A GREAT HOG FEED

HOW TO FEED—Feed hogs one-third corn, one-third alfalfa, and one-third of the new CORN SAVER BEET. The amount of alfalfa hay and corn may be reduced from time to time until you will have to average more than one small ear of corn to each hog, with very little alfalfa hay and the balance CORN SAVER BEET. Give them all they can eat and the hogs will get rolling fat and healthy.

CULTURE—Sow in the early spring as soon as seed bed can be put in proper condition, in drills 2 to 3 feet apart. Cover the seed with 1 inch of soil and thin to stand about 8 to 12 inches apart in the rows. Use 1 ounce to 100 feet of drill, 5 to 6 pounds per acre. A light loamy soil is best. Cultivate frequently. Keep free from weeds.

MAMMOTH LONG RED—Select strain, often growing from 12 to 24 inches in length, weighing from 10 to 25 lbs. It grows well above the ground and is easily harvested. It is of immense size, is enormously productive and profitable when grown on rich deep soil, and is an excellent keeper. This variety will yield more tons per acre than any other. Prepaid, per lb., 50c; 10 lbs., \$4.50.

GOLDEN TANKARD—The flesh is rich deep yellow, differing in this respect from other Mangels, surpassing them in milk-producing qualities. Sheep and other stock thrive on this variety. It yields an enormous bulk on good land. Prepaid, per lb., 60c; 10 lbs., \$4.50.

SEE FARMERS' SPECIAL PRICE LIST FOR PRICES

HARNDEN'S TESTED SEED CORN
YELLOW VARIETIES

KAW-CHIEF (95 to 105 Days). The corn is of a deep, golden yellow color, the ears are large, measuring up to 13 and 14 inches in length, and have 16, 18, and 20 rows to the cob. The grower had in mind constantly not so much a very large ear, but an ear that was well filled at both tip and butt, and kernels that were large and square-shouldered. This is the kind of corn that yields heaviest when shelled. A bushel of Kaw-Chief Corn on the ear will yield 58 to 60 lbs. of shelled corn. Kaw-Chief Corn matures in from 95 to 105 days, and ordinarily yields from 75 to 80 bushels per acre and makes a good growth of foliage. It does well on both upland and bottom land. Our supply of Kaw-Chief is always exhausted before the end of the season, so send your order early.

REID'S YELLOW DENT (100 Days)—The standard yellow Corn of America, and the most popular variety grown. The number of acres planted to Reid's Yellow Dent is simply enormous. Very popular because of the large ears, which are uniformly smooth and light yellow in color. An ideal show variety, and easy to sell because of its uniformity and large percentage of grain to a cob. Shells 88 per cent of grain and often better. Ears run 8 to 11 inches long in different localities and 7 to 8 inches in circumference. An immense yielder on good soil. Very rich in fattening qualities, such as starch, protein, and especially vitamins.

IOWA GOLD MINE (95 Days)—Next to Reid's Yellow Dent this variety is most popular yellow corn grown. It is successfully raised in most every state in the Union, and is the all-purpose corn. A good yielder, either on hill or bottom ground, and is about 10 days earlier than Reid's Yellow Dent. Makes excellent feeding corn and is very valuable for ensilage, on account of the heavy growth. Ears are medium length and small cob, grain deep and pure golden color and closely packed.

PRIDE OF THE NORTH (90 Days)—This variety has smaller ears than the late kinds, but is valuable as it matures early. Planted as late as July 4 it has fully matured by October 2. The ears have from 14 to 16 rows, growing 8 to 10 inches in length, slightly tapering. The kernels are closely set together on the cob, and of a light orange color. The stalks usually grow 6 to 8 feet in height, producing 1 or 2 good ears. Our seed of this variety has been grown for us with special care from the original stock.

MAMMOTH CALICO DENT (110 Days)—This variety is perhaps the largest and best yielding corn that we have today. It is an improvement over the old Bloody Butcher and is considered one of the best varieties for feeding purposes, as it is not flinty like some other corns. This corn made a remarkable yield for us this season, averaging 85 bushels to the acre.

WHITE VARIETIES

CHAMPION WHITE PEARL (90 Days)—The stalk is short and thick. The ears grow long on the stalk, from 7 to 12 inches in length almost parallel throughout, of medium size, averaging 16 rows of grains. The grains are pure white, very deep, compact and heavy. The cob is small. It makes a superior quality of corn meal. Also used for roasting ears on account of its close resemblance to sweet corn when green. Can be planted as late as July 15 for this purpose.

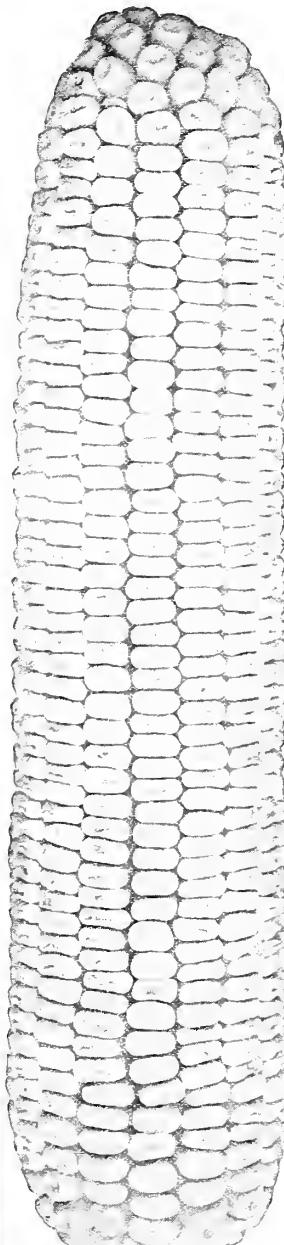
IOWA SILVER MINE (90 Days)—The stalk grows to a height of 7 or 8 feet, and set the ears about 3½ to 4 feet from the ground. The ears measure from 10 to 12 inches in length. They are very uniform in size and shape, sixteen to twenty straight rows of deep, pure white kernels, on a small cob. It is the heaviest yielder we know, having yielded over 100 bushels to the acre. Seventy pounds of ears will make sixty-two pounds of corn. It is entirely distinct and will give satisfaction.

HICKORY KING (110 Days)—This is an entirely distinct variety amongst the white corn, combining the largest grain with the smallest cob. A single grain will completely cover the cob of an ear broken in half. It is a great yielder, giving more shelled corn to the acre bulk of ears than any other variety. It is satisfied with any kind of soil, and will produce good strong stalks, bearing two, and occasionally three good ears. A good drought-resister. We recommend it very highly.

BOONE COUNTY WHITE (110 Days)—Boone County white is a very large, white corn, something like Silver Mine, but larger and later in maturing. Ears are well filled out at both ends, cylindrical, 9 to 11 inches long, averaging 20 rows, some 18 to 22. Grain very deep; a little rough. Cobs white of medium size. Boone County is a show corn, and has carried off many premiums offered at corn contests—state and county fairs.



Kaw-Chief (A Large Yellow Dent)



Champion White Pearl

ASK FOR PRICES ON LARGE QUANTITIES Harnden's Fertilizers—For All Purposes

ALL PRICES
SUBJECT TO
MARKET
CHANGES

ADCO ARTIFICIAL STABLE MANURE—Make it yourself, in your own garden. To each ton of straw, hay, cornstalks or dried leaves, add 150 pounds Adco to make four tons of fresh or three tons of rotted manure. Adco contains nothing injurious to health or harmful to animal or plant life. Shipments accompanied by full directions. Price: 25 lb. bag, \$2.50; 150 lbs., \$12.50. Write for booklet.

ACID PHOSPHATE—Sixteen per cent available. Animal or bone phosphate the most available form. Used on grain crops and others requiring an excessive amount of phosphoric acid. Price: 5 lbs., 35c; 25 lbs., \$1.25; 50 lbs., \$1.75; 100 lbs., \$2.25; 1,000 lbs., \$18.00; 2,000 lbs., \$35.00.

FINE BONE MEAL—It is ground fine, hence acts quickly. Free from acid and is a superb article. It is made from bone accumulated in large slaughter houses, and should not be compared with the Bone Meal made from cattle heads and feet gathered upon the Western prairies. Our Bone has been slightly steamed to soften it and is thus quicker in its action. Analysis: Ammonia 4½ to 5½ per cent; total phosphoric acid, 22 to 25 per cent; bone phosphate, 48 to 54 per cent. For permanent pasture and mowing lands ½ to 1 ton per acre; for trees and vines, 2 to 4 quarts each; for top dressing 1,000 to 1,500 pounds per acre; rose beds and plants, 1 quart to about 50 of soil; for starting a new lawn, as a base, 3 to 5 pounds per 100 square feet. Price: 5 lbs., 45c; 10 lbs., 80c; 25 lbs., \$1.50; 50 lbs., \$2.25; 100 lbs., \$3.75; 500 lbs., \$15.00; 1,000 lbs., \$28.50; 2,000 lbs., \$53.00.

DRIED BLOOD—For top dressing, for mixing with the soil, and for applying in liquid form, it is one of the best and safest nitrogenous fertilizers. It is splendid for roses, carnations, chrysanthemums and all kinds of pot plants. Price: 5 lbs., 45c; 10 lbs., 85c; 25 lbs., \$2.25; 50 lbs., \$3.75; 100 lbs., \$6.75.

CHARCOAL—Ground, coarse, or fine—A soil purifier and is used for drainage in potted plants by placing a small quantity in the bottom of each pot. Per lb., 10c; 10 lbs., 75c; 50 lb. bags, \$2.50.

HARDWOOD ASHES—This is also a splendid fertilizer for the lawn and garden, containing all of the fertilizing elements except nitrogen. If used on the lawn at the rate of a ton or more per acre as a first application, and annual dressing of three hundred pounds afterward, will insure a thrifty growth of dark color, exemption from ill effects of dry weather and freedom from weeds. Per lb., 10c; 5 lbs., 40c; 25 lbs., \$1.25; 50 lbs., \$1.65; 100 lb. bag, \$2.25; 500 lbs., \$10.00.

HORN SHAVINGS—Quick-acting and lasting; heavy in potash. Price, 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.75; 25 lbs., \$2.65; 50 lbs., \$4.50; 100 lbs., \$8.00.

HYDRATED LIME—Hydrated lime used for top dressing on lawns and mixing soil for potting plants; also will prevent soil in lawns from becoming sour or acid. 25 lbs. to cover 1,000 square feet. 10 lbs., 40c; 50 lb. bags, \$1.50.

GYPSUM—A high grade lime product for sweetening heavy and sour soils. Per lb., 10c; 5 lbs., 30c; 25 lbs., \$1.25; 50 lbs., \$1.65; 100 lbs., \$2.25; 500 lbs., \$10.00; 2,000 lbs., \$27.50.

PULVERIZED LIMESTONE—The agricultural value of lime has been known for centuries; it is an economic neutralizer for soil acidity, also beneficial to the soil in many other ways; it improves the texture of the soil, lets in air and moisture liberates nitrogen and other plant food, makes your soil sweet—enlivens it—that is, makes conditions favorable to plant growth by giving life to the soil bacteria which make it productive. Lime will be found very beneficial in the growing of all garden crops, fruit trees and flowers. Try it on the lawn too. Apply after the land is plowed or dug for a crop, scattering with a lime distributor, 2 tons or more per acre, or by hand in small gardens—about a large handful to a square yard. Price: 10 lbs., 35c; 25 lbs., 75c; 50 lbs., \$1.25; 100 lbs., \$1.75; 500 lbs., \$5.50; 1,000 lbs., \$9.50; 2,000 lbs., \$18.00.

NITRATE OF SODA—Nitrate of Soda is not a substitute for other manures, but we recommend it as the cheapest and best form in which to apply Nitrogen to plants. Gardeners who are using farm manure should continue to use it, but use Nitrate of Soda in addition to other fertilizers.

Remove the lumps before using and break them up, which can be done by pounding. Use as a top dressing at the rate of 100 pounds per acre on the following vegetables, when the plants are well established: Beets, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Cucumber, Celery, Egg Plant, Lettuce, Spinach, Onions.

For the Home Garden, apply as a solution, one ounce to two gallons of water.

Price (subject to market changes), per lb., 10c; 5 lbs., 40c; 25 lbs., \$2.00; 100 lbs., \$5.75.

GRANULATED PEAT MOSS—Is used with good results in flower and vegetable beds, around bush fruit, vines, shrubs, hedges and under fruit and ornamental trees. Peat Moss stimulates the development of roots of all plants, which results in a quickened growth, because of the improved water and air supply highly recommended for top dressing on lawns as it guarantees a soil that is light and friable, has good drainage and will not crust or bake after watering. 1-lb., pkg. 25c. Large Bags (covers 240 square feet one inch deep) \$5.50.

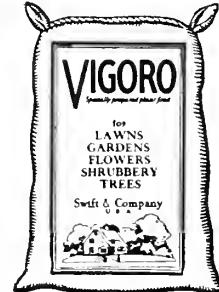
WIZARD SHEEP MANURE—Is a concentrated natural plant food and soil-builder. Convenient, easy to use, and is good for everything that grows. It is carefully prepared by an extensive process of direct heat, drying, sterilizing and grinding. A safe and dependable fertilizer for finest landscape and garden use, and for all crops. 5 lb. box., 35c; 10 lb. box., 50c; 25 lb., bag, \$1.00; 50 lb. bag, \$1.45; 100 lb. bag, \$2.50; 500 lbs., \$10.00; 2,000 lbs., \$36.00. Prices in carload lots quoted on request.

MURIATE OF POTASH—Imported Potash once again available, should be used liberally, especially for all root crops. Price: 1 lb., 10c; 5 lbs., 40c; 25 lbs., \$2.00; 50 lbs., \$3.00; 100 lbs., \$5.50.

SULPHATE OF AMMONIA—Used for its Nitrogen. A very desirable fertilizer for all plants in which a large leaf development or rapid growth is desired. Use 1 pound to 50 square feet of ground or bench, or a tablespoonful to a bushel of soil, or 3 gallons of water. Price: 1 lb., 10c; 5 lbs., 40c; 25 lbs., \$2.00; 50 lbs., \$3.50; 100 lbs., \$6.00; 500 lbs., \$27.50.

STIM-U-PLANT—Simply insert tablets in soil near plants, or dissolve in water at the rate of four tablets to the gallon and apply as liquid manure. Complete directions with every package.

Order Stim-U-Plant tablets with your seed and plant order. Small size, 30c; 100 tablets, 75c; 1,000 \$3.50.



VIGORO—A Complete Plant Food—Is especially prepared plantfood that furnishes to grass, trees, shrubbery, and flowers the plantfood elements necessary for maximum growth and flowering. Packed 25, 50, and 100-pound paper lined bags; it is free from dust, has no unpleasant odor and is easy and pleasant to apply.

Vigoro is a superior combination of plantfoods that meets nature's most exacting requirements. It is completely balanced in every sense of the word. When Vigoro is used, no supplementary substances such as bone meal, potash, liquid manure, etc., are required.

VIGORO FOR LAWNS—The first application of VIGORO should be made early in the spring when the grass first starts to turn green. It should be applied at the rate of 4 pounds per 100 square feet of lawn. It should be spread evenly and the lawn should then be wet down, taking care, however, not to flood the plantfood away.

VIGORO FOR FLOWERS AND SHRUBS

VIGORO used in the flower bed produces an abundance of early blooms of most brilliant colors, pleasing fragrance, and lasting beauty.

In making a new flower bed or setting out new shrubs VIGORO should be applied at the rate of 2 to 4 pounds per 100 square feet, mixing it thoroughly with the top 2 or 3 inches of soil. After applying VIGORO, wet down thoroughly and allow to remain a day before planting or setting out the plants.

When flowers start budding, make another application of 2 pounds per 100 square feet. Work the VIGORO into the soil between the rows or around the plants, keeping the VIGORO about three inches from the stalk or stems.

VIGORO FOR GREENHOUSE USE

For general potting, mix 8 to 12 ounces of VIGORO thoroughly with a wheelbarrow of soil—about two and one-half bushels.

In preparing the soil for bench use, mix 4 pounds of VIGORO thoroughly with each 100 square feet of bench, about four inches deep. For top dressing, use about 2 pounds to 100 square feet of bench. Soak the soil with water the day before VIGORO is put on.

VIGORO is a product with no unpleasant odor. It is easily applied. It is packed in heavy cotton paper-lined bags in convenient sizes of 25, 50, and 100 pounds. In each bag is placed a booklet, giving full instructions as to the application of VIGORO, as well as much valuable information on making your home and its surroundings more beautiful.

Price: 5 lb. pkg., 50c; 25 lb. bag, \$1.75; 50 lb. bag, \$3.00; 100 lb. bag, \$5.00.



Insecticides and Spraying Materials

READ THIS

PRICES—Ask for prices in large quantities; we will do our best to trade.

MAIL—Poisons can not be sent by mail.

SPRAY CALENDAR—Complete spray calendar sent free, giving time to spray, quantities, and materials to use.



ACME ALL AROUND SPRAY—The latest improvement in the insecticide field; one product which will combat blight and fungous diseases, control sucking insects and destroy chewing insects in one application. Safe to use on almost all fruits, vegetables, flowers and shrubs. Write for descriptive circular. Prices: $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 85c.

ARSENATE OF LEAD—An effective insecticide for leaf-eating insects and particularly suitable for tender foliage. Due to the light fluffy character of this material and its adhesive qualities, it insures quick and effective control. Under favorable conditions will not injure the foliage. Can be used on Apple, Pear, Peach and Plum trees, Potatoes, Corn and Vegetables of all kinds that may be attacked by leaf-eating insects.

Can be used either dry or as a spray. The person having a small garden and a few trees will find the dry method the more practical.

Dust the trees or plants lightly, putting on just enough so that the foliage on close observation will show a lustre of metallic tinge. Dust vegetables when the bugs first appear, using 4 to 5 pounds to the acre. To control the corn ear worm, dust the silk as soon as it appears. Treat each ear. The worm works only on fresh silk and works into the ear. For effective control, keep the fresh silk treated.

When used as a spray, use 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 lbs. to 100 gallons of water for trees and 2 to 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. to 100 gallons of water for potatoes. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 50 lbs., \$9.50; 100 lbs., \$15.50.



ACME BAIT-M—An effective insecticide bait which will throw a ring of protection around shrubs, flowers and plants in garden and lawn. For use against snails, cutworms, sow bugs, grasshoppers and many other insects which migrate along the ground. 1 lb., 35c; 3 lbs., 65c.

BLACK LEAF 40—This is the insecticide that is so highly recommended by Experiment Stations. It destroys Aphis (plant lice), Thrips, Leaf-hoppers on all trees, bush and vine fruits, vegetables, field crops, flowers and shrubs; also Apple Red Bug, Pear Psylla and similar soft-bodied sucking insects—all without injury to the foliage.

May be combined with other sprays. Highly concentrated. Soluble in water—easy to mix—does not clog nozzles.

You cannot go wrong by ordering "Black Leaf 40" for sucking insects.

1 oz., \$0.35—Makes 6 gallons spray.
 1 lb., 1.25—Makes 40 to 120 gallons spray.
 2 lbs., 3.50—Makes 160 to 500 gallons spray.
 10 lbs., 13.50—Makes 800 to 2,500 gallons spray.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE (Powdered)—The finest and best article of its kind made in America. Ready for immediate use. Works freely, without clogging in any spraying machine. To be diluted 25 to 50 times with water and sprayed. The uniformity of its consistency permits a very fine spray and consequent economical distribution of a small quantity evenly over a large area of surface. Prevents black rot, mildew and rust. Destroys fungus growth on vegetables. 1 lb. pkg., 40c; 4 lb. pkg., \$1.00; 24 lb. box, \$4.75; 100 lb. drum, \$15.00.



CARBOILA—A disinfecting, germ-killing whitewash paint. Is in powder form which has been combined with a disinfectant many times stronger than carbolic acid. 5 lb. pkg., 75c; 10 lb. pkg., \$1.25.

CARBON BISULPHIDE—Used by grain dealers, seed dealers, etc., for killing weevils in different seeds and grains. Kills by evaporation. Also will kill tree borers if properly used. 1 lb. can, 60c.

"CYANOGAS" CALCIUM CYANIDE—A new and valuable insecticide for the destruction of Aphis, White Fly, Soft Scale, Thrips, etc., in the greenhouse. Calcium Cyanide when exposed to the air gives off hydrocyanic acid gas for a long period of time, which makes it a safe and effective material. 100 lb. drums, per lb., 30c; 25 lb. tins, per lb., 40c; 5 lb. tins, per lb., 60c; 1 lb. tins, per lb., 75c.

FISH OIL SOAP—Prepaid, 1 lb. box, 40c; 5 lb. box, \$1.65; 10 lb. box, \$3.25.

FUNGTROGEN—Destroys mildew and black spot—the two most dangerous enemies of the rose; and at the same time supplies an essential fertilizer that assures luxuriant foliage and vigorous plants, with amazing blooms. By its use the amateur rose grower is able to produce results comparable to the professional. Make this test. Apply FUNGTROGEN to part of your roses. Then compare the results. 1 pint can, \$1.25; 1 quart, \$2.00.

GRAPE DUST—A light weight powder fungicide, especially valuable for preventing mildew on roses, grapes and vining plants, such as cucumbers and melons. Put up in 1 lb. sifter top carton. Each, 35c; 5 lb. pkg., \$1.25.

HELLEBORE—For aphids and for the currant worm. To apply as a liquid, use 4 oz. to from 2 to 3 gallons of water; dry, use 1 lb. to 5 lbs. of flour or hydrated lime. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 65c.

KEROSENE EMULSION—Used as a summer wash against scale, plant lice and aphids. Ready for use by simply adding water. 1 qt. can, 75c; 1 gal., \$2.00; 5 gal. can, \$6.85.

LEMON OIL—Effective against scale and aphids. Particularly recommended for use indoors, since it has a pleasant odor. Dilute 1 part to 10 parts of water. 1 qt., \$1.10; 1 gal., \$3.25.

LIME SULPHUR (Powdered)—A perfect scale and fungus destroyer; special for plum and peach trees, which need fall and spring treatment; cures peach leaf curl. Use during dormant period. Protect the hands with gloves when applying.

For dormant spraying against such scale insects as San Jose Scale and Oyster Shell Scale, use 10 to 14 pounds of dry or powdered lime sulphur. Dissolve in 50 gallons of water. For summer spraying against fungus diseases that have been successfully controlled with liquid lime sulphur, use from 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 lbs. dry lime sulphur to 50 gallons of water in combination with the usual proportion of Dry Arsenate of Lead. 1 lb. pkg., 35c; 5 lb. pkg., \$1.50; 10 lb. pkg., \$2.25; 25 lb. pkg., \$3.75; 50 lb. drum, \$6.75; 100 lb. drum, \$12.00.



NICO-DUST

A Preparation for the Control of Those Pests Which Commonly Infest Cultivated Plants

GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

NICO DUST is a contact insecticide and therefore should be applied carefully and thoroughly in order for the material to come in actual contact with the bodies of the insects. The dust is most active when the temperature is high, and most effective when the air is still. Hence, applications should be made when it is as warm and as quiet as possible. A light, thorough, evenly distributed application is the most desirable.

The insects concerned have the power to multiply rapidly under favorable conditions. Therefore it is often necessary to make a second or a third application to keep infestation completely in check. These should follow in about one or two weeks from the previous application.

Early application is very important when the insects first appear and before they get numerous. The infestation should be checked before any damage is done.

NICO-DUST 6%—For aphids on lettuce, cabbage, cauliflower, flowers, shrubs and general florist's use. 5 lb. pkg., \$1.75; 25 lb. steel drum, \$7.50; 100 lb. steel drum, \$22.50.

NICO-DUST 10%—For cantaloupe, watermelon, cucumber and squash. Experiments show a killing effect of nearly 100% almost instantly. 5 lb. pkg., \$2.75; 25 lb. steel drum, \$9.00; 100 lb. steel drum, \$30.00.

NICO-DUST 10% WITH ARSENATE OF LEAD—For cantaloupe, watermelon, cucumber and squash. 5 lb. pkg., \$3.00; 25 lb. steel drum, \$10.00; 100 lb. steel drum, \$32.50. For striped beetles and aphids.

MELROSENE—The most effective remedy for killing fullgrown rose bugs. Will not discolor flowers. Dilute 1 part to 20 parts of water. Trial size, prepaid, 50c; 1 pt., \$1.00; 1 qt., \$1.75; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., \$3.25; 1 gal., \$6.00.

Insecticides and Spraying Materials—Continued

NICO FUME TOBACCO POWDER—A specially prepared tobacco powder containing 12½% nicotine which makes a simple and effective fumigator for greenhouses. 1 lb. can, \$1.00; 5 lb. can, \$4.00; 10 lb. can, \$7.50.

"NICO-FUME" PAPER—Sheets of paper treated with high-strength refined nicotine solution. Especially suitable for fumigation or cut flowers, to destroy aphids and thrips. Very convenient. Eight or ten sheets fumigate 16,000 cubic feet of space. 24 sheets, \$1.25; 144 sheets, \$5.25; 288 sheets, \$9.50.

NICO-FUME—Liquid. An effective vaporizing liquid. ¼ lb., 75¢; 1 lb., \$2.00; 4 lbs., \$7.00; 8 lbs., \$13.00.



PARIS GREEN is a stomach poison which has been used for many years. In order to prevent injury to the foliage, it is always desirable to add some lime to the preparation of the spray. One pound of lime and one pound of Paris Green are used with 75 to 200 gallons of water, depending upon the susceptibility of the foliage to burning. It is always safer to have a slight excess of lime in the mixture. The Paris Green becomes more thoroughly diffused in the water if its first mixed to a paste. ¼ lb., 25¢; 1 lb., 50¢; 4 lb. pkg., \$1.85; 14 lb. pkg., \$4.50. Ask for prices in larger lots.

PYROX (Bordeaux Arsenate of Lead, Paste)—A combination of Bordeaux Mixture and Arsenate of Lead, forming thereby a remedy for fungus and leaf-eating insects. Use 1 lb. to a gallon of water. 1 lb., 60¢; 5 lbs., \$2.00; 25 lb. drum, \$7.00; 100 lb. drum, \$20.00.

PARA-DICHLOROBENZENE—A remedy for peach tree borers. Use about 1 oz. to a tree. 1 lb., 65¢; 5 lbs., \$3.00.

SCALECIDE—A spray for scale. Dilute 1 gal. to 15 gals. of water. 1 qt., 75¢; 1 gal., \$1.75; 5 gals., \$7.00.

SLUG SHOT—It kills potato bugs in all stages of growth, except in the eggs. It kills the black fleas on cabbages, turnips, beets, radishes and egg plants. Apply by dusting over the plants. It kills the cabbage worm and also the currant and gooseberry worm, the aphid or green fly on roses and other flowers. Has prevented the ravages of the curculio and canker worms on fruit trees, has likewise been used around beans, melons, squashes, etc., with great success. Keeps the striped bug from all vine crops.

FOR SLUGS ON ROSES—Slug shot is a sure killer. Apply with a dust sprayer after a dew or rain, on both under and upper side of leaf. Price per 5 lbs., 65¢; 10 lbs., \$1.20; 25 lbs., \$3.00; 100 lbs., \$11.00.

Carts with perforated tops, 1 lb. Slug Shot in each, 20¢; postage extra.

SULPHUR (Powdered)—For mildew. 1 lb., 15¢; 5 lbs., 50¢; 50 lbs., \$3.00; 100 lbs., \$5.00.

SWEENEY'S POISON WHEAT—Sure death to mice, rats, moles and gophers. Pkt., 15¢; large box, 75¢.

TOBACCO DUST—Fine. Used for fumigating and for dusting plants affected with aphids. 1 lb., 15¢; 3 lbs., 35¢; 25 lbs., \$2.00; 100 lbs., \$5.50.

TERRA ANT KILLER—Will rid place of ants in 24 hours, easy to use. 2 oz. bottle, 50¢.

SEMESAN (Du Pont)

The Premier Seed Disinfectant

Controls Disease, Increases Yields, Improves Quality
SEMESAN—This modern disinfectant can be applied in either the liquid or convenient dust form to prevent or control effectively a most diversified variety of parasitic diseases and fungoid growths borne by seeds, seed pieces, plants, grafts and soils. Semesan is harmless to seed and plant life, but extremely poisonous to disease and fungous organisms. It generally also hastens germination, produces sturdier plants, promotes earlier maturity and increases both the quantity and quality of crop yields.

SEMESAN JR.—A less expensive, but equally effective form of Semesan for the dry dust disinfection of both field and sweet corn seeds against the ear, root and stalk rots. Under Government conducted field tests, Semesan Jr. successfully prevented or controlled these diseases and at the same time increased the yields obtained from diseased seeds by 10 to over 40 per cent.

SEMESAN BEL—Applied to whole or cut seed potatoes, either as a dry powder or a whitewash-like water mixture, Semesan Bel will prevent or control the common seed-borne potato diseases. In widely separated potato growing sections it has caused quicker sprouting, earlier maturity and greater yields.

Prices for Du Pont Semesan

2 ozs.....\$0.50	5 lbs.....\$13.00	1 lb.....\$1.75
8 ozs.....1.60	25 lbs.....62.50	5 lbs.....8.00
1 lb.....2.75	50 lbs.....122.50	25 lbs.....37.50

Free Descriptive Booklets Sent Upon Request.

Semesan Jr. and Semesan Bel

Semesan Disinfectants Make Good Seeds Grow Better.
TREE TANGLEFOOT—To protect trees against all climbing insect pests in the most efficient, economical and simple way, use TREE TANGLEFOOT. A sticky substance applied directly to tree trunks. Will not injure trees. Once applied remains sticky three to four months in all kinds of weather, or ten to twenty times as long as any other known substance. Easily applied with wooden paddle. A pound makes about 9 linear feet of band. Needs no mixing, always ready for use. 1 lb. can, 60¢; 5 lb. cans, \$2.75; 10 lb. cans, \$5.25; 25 lb. pail, \$11.00.

THRIP JUICE—A contact insecticide for destroying sucking insects, such as Aphids or Plant Lice, Red Spider, Black Fly, Thrips, White Fly, Soft Scale and Mealy Bugs. Can be used either in greenhouses or hotbeds, and is very valuable for outside work. To be diluted with water to the extent of one portion of Thrip Juice to 40 parts of water. Price, 1 pint can, 85¢; 1 quart, \$1.25; gal., \$3.75.

VOLCK—A powerful insecticide also safe to use; kills Red Spider, mites, aphids, (greenfly) thrips, meal bugs, scales, white fly, Caterpillars, leaf rollers. 1 pint can, 75¢; 1 qt., \$1.00; 1 gal., \$5.00; 5 gals., \$12.00.

WEED KILLER—Destroys Poison Ivy, Weeds and Grass on paths among cobble or brick gutters, or anywhere that vegetation is not wanted. To be diluted at the rate of 1 gallon to 30 or 40 gallons of water. Gallon can, \$2.25.

ZENKE'S LIQUID FUNGICIDE—An efficient fungicide especially for the control of fungous diseases of ornamentals and greenhouse plants where it is desired to avoid spotting the foliage and flowers. It will kill mildew on roses, chrysanthemums, sweet peas, also black spot on roses. Per gallon can, \$3.75.

Legumes Should Be Inoculated

The Improved Soil Inoculator, Nobbe-Hiltner Process



Restores and Maintains Soil Fertility

THE ORIGINAL SOIL INOCULATOR

Raise legumes—grow alfalfa, clovers, soy, vetch, peas and beans—they are valuable feed crops—but be sure to inoculate them. All Agricultural Colleges advise this. Inoculated legumes draw their nitrogen from the air—not from the soil. They are soil builders, not soil robbers. Inoculation will produce more vigor and vitality, increasing the yield, quality, and add fertility to the soil.

Sold in tins packed in a rich, soil-like granular medium, easy to mix with seed. Contents always fresh and bacteria active and vigorous.

The original Soil Inoculator—Registered in the U. S. Dec. 6, 1898—over 28 years ago.

ALFALFA, CLOVERS, PEAS, BEANS, SOYS, COWPEAS

1/4 bushel size.....\$0.40	Prices Reduced on Soy Beans, Cowpeas
1/2 bushel size.....60	
1 bushel size.....1.00	1/2 bushel size.....\$0.40
5 bushel size.....4.75	1 bushel size.....70

Always state kind of seed.

NITRAGIN FOR GARDEN USES

Every garden needs Nitragin; garden size is for Peas, Sweet Peas, and Beans including Lima (3 in one inoculant). Price, 20¢.

MCQUEEN'S INOCULATOR

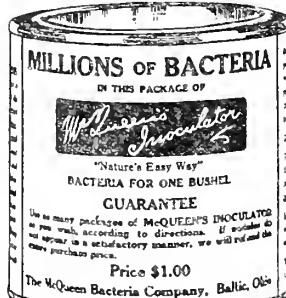
McQueen's Inoculator has a marvelous record—because it is field bred and farm grown, making it virile, kicking and ready to go. It makes poor land good—good land rich. It is "Nature's Easy Way" of enriching the soil and making greater crops—not only of legumes, but of the following crops. McQueen's Inoculator is backed up by so strong a guarantee. This is for your protection. You are the judge of results.

GUARANTEE

Use as many packages of McQueen's Inoculator as you wish, according to directions. If nodules do not appear in a satisfactory manner, we will refund the entire purchase price.

ATTRACTIVE PRICES	
For Soy Beans, Cow Peas, Vetch and Other Peas	For Clovers and Alfalfa
1 Bu. size.....\$0.50	1/2 Bu. size.....\$0.50
2 Bu. size.....1.00	1 Bu. size.....5.00
3-2 Bu. size.....2.50	10-1 Bu. size.....7.50
6-2 Bu. size.....5.00	Garden size, peas, sweet peas, beans and Lima beans .20
10-2 Bu. size.....7.50	Postpaid.

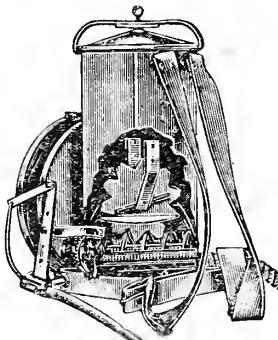
Always state kind of seed you wish to inoculate



Price \$1.00

The McQueen Bacteria Company, Baltic, Ohio

Spray Pumps

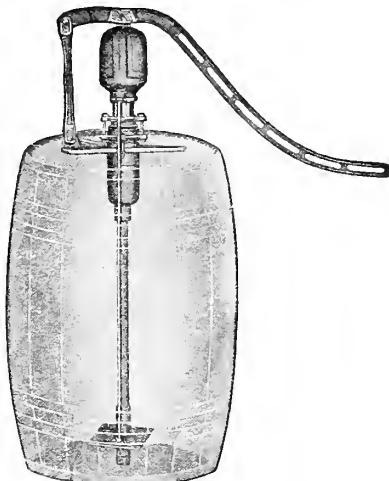


AMERICAN BEAUTY DUSTER

THE AMERICAN BEAUTY DUST SPRAYER is the most powerful, efficient and fastest dusting machine ever built. A powerful bellows drives the dust 25 feet high and averages 8 acres per day on trees, with corresponding acreages on field and truck crops.

In the Vineyard it is admittedly the world's best; it does the work thoroughly and quickly. Always ready, it requires less than five minutes to get into action, a feature that is of the utmost importance when a serious infestation occurs and a crop is in danger. Delay at this time frequently means a ruined crop and a season's loss. It is crop insurance.

In dusting potatoes, tomatoes, melons, and similar crops, a fast walk is maintained and heavy acreages covered. The powerful blast penetrates the heaviest leaf and blossom clusters and thoroughly protects the plant. The under sides of the leaves are dusted as well as the upper sides. Each, \$20.00.



AUTO-SPRAY NO. 41

This pump will handle two nozzles without exertion. This pump has plenty of capacity and is an excellent barrel pump.

The AUTO-SPRAY No. 41 is guaranteed to give satisfaction. It is constructed of heavy castings with a plunger of seamless brass tubing two inches in diameter.

The AUTO-SPRAY No. 41 will handle whitewash and all heavy solutions. It is an excellent pump for use in the orchard.

Auto-Sprayer No. 41 is equipped with fifteen foot $\frac{3}{4}$ inch discharge hose, 8 foot iron extension and non-clog junior nozzle. Each, \$23.50.

NO. 9 BARREL CART

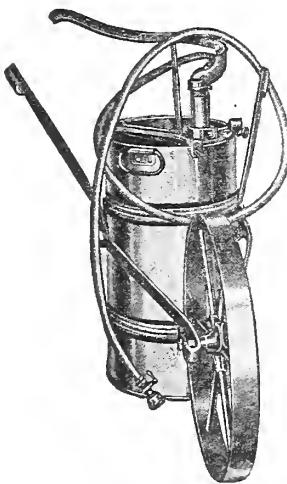
36 inch wheels will easily carry a 50 gallon barrel. Each, \$19.00.

50 gallon Oak Barrel, Each, \$6.00.

AUTO-SPRAY NO. 3E

12 gal. Brass Tank, steel air pressure Tank on Wheel Cart. Each, \$35.00.

We carry at all times Washers and Extra Parts for Auto Sprayers which are listed above.



AUTO-SPRAY NO. 3D

General purpose orchard, field and whitewash sprayer. We recommend the Auto-Spray No. 3D for whitewashing buildings containing between 3,000 and 60,000 square feet of floor space, as constructed in accordance with the requirements of DAIRY FARMERS throughout the world. THE AGITATION IS PERFECT.

The Auto-Spray No. 3D is made in two sizes as listed below. It is furnished with galvanized iron reservoir. The machine has a capacity of 12 gallons. It is furnished in connection with the truck which saves considerable labor.

The pump itself is on the principle of a force pump and will generate a pressure of at least 150 pounds to a square inch. Care should be taken after each time whitewash is used in this or any sprayer. All the parts should be thoroughly cleaned. It is not a bad idea after the pump has been cleaned to pump a few gallons of water through the pump.

IN DETAIL

TANK—Galvanized Steel.

CAPACITY—12 gallons.

PUMP—Plunger style. Graphite packing, adjustable by tightening the nut on the top of plunger head. No leather cups.

PLUNGER—Brass $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, 3 inch to 5 inch stroke as desired.

VALVES—Brass ball valves.

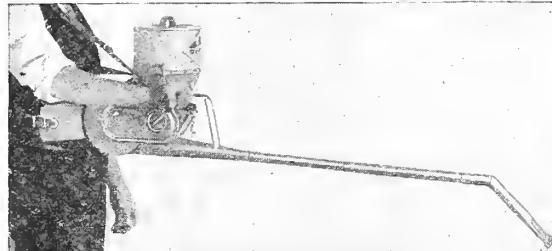
SUCTION PIPE—Fitted with brass strainer.

AGITATION—Mechanical and effective. Operated from the handle.

EQUIPMENT

Eight feet high pressure $\frac{3}{4}$ inch hose, lever shut-off and latest pattern screen nozzle. Repairs list with formula for mixing whitewash and cold water paint with each machine.

SHIPPING WEIGHT—12 gal. with truck crated 75 lbs., net 58 lbs. Each, \$35.50.



D&B DUSTER

The D&B represent correct design and mechanical perfection among dusters. For years they have been standing paramount in the duster field. Many important and patented improvements are embodied in these machines.

The D&B Duster is best suited for low-growing crops such as potatoes, tomatoes, cabbage, berries, melons, tobacco, cotton, etc. It can also be used effectively on shrubs and small trees.

Duster is made of heavy sheet steel, lead coated and painted. Gears are of steel, machine cut and enclosed in dust-proof case, packed with grease. Bearings are self-lubricating and need very little attention. Working parts are well protected, but easy to get at.

No. 100—5 lb. Capacity, Each \$11.00

No. 200—10 lb. Capacity, Each 15.50

Spray Pumps—Continued



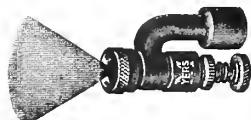
THE AUTO-SPRAY NO. 9

Is the strongest and most simple in its working parts of any compressed air sprayer. Two pumpings of about 15 strokes on the plunger will discharge the contents under high and constant pressure. After pumping, the operator has nothing to do but direct the spray. This sprayer is equipped with our patented NON-CLOGGING Nozzle.

USES—For spraying trees, shrubs, vines, field crops, greenhouses and poultry houses; for applying Paris Green, arsenate of lead, bordeaux, lime and sulphur emulsions, disinfectants, cattie-fly oil, whitewash, cold water paints, etc.

CONSTRUCTION—It consists of a solution tank holding 3½ gallons. The tank is made of galvanized steel or heavy sheet brass, as ordered. (WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND THE BRASS BECAUSE IT WILL NOT CORRODE WITH STRONG SOLUTIONS AND WILL LAST INDEFINITELY.)

BRASS TANK—Each, \$9.00. **GALVANIZED TANK**, Each, \$6.50.



SPRAY NOZZLE No. 2



SPRAY NOZZLE No. 3

No. 2 SPRAY NOZZLE—Bordeaux and whitewash. **Prepaid**, each, \$1.25.

No. 3 SPRAY NOZZLE—Vermorel, for general spraying. **Single**, prepaid, each, \$1.25.



AUTO SPRAY No. 5

AUTO-SPRAY NO. 5

The pump is made entirely of brass. It has two ball valves so arranged that they may be instantly cleaned. The threads are all cut, not rolled, so that there is no chance for leakage. Pumps double acting and will generate a pressure of 180 lbs.

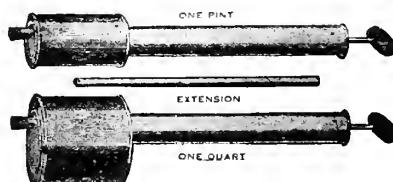
The knapsack tank is also extra and is essential where the sprayer has to be continually moved about, such as spraying rows of potatoes. **Auto-Spray No. 5, pump, hose, nozzle and strainer complete, \$5.50.** Extension, prepaid, 75c. **Galvanized Iron Reservoir** (for use on potatoes or field crops), \$3.25.



AUTO SPRAY No. 26

NO. 26 AUTO-SPRAY

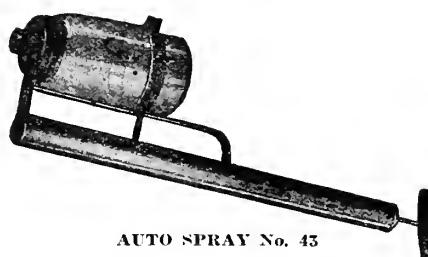
This efficient outfit is so designed that the down stroke generates sufficient pressure to produce a continuous mist-like spray. A decided advantage over intermittent sprayers. Container may be detached for refilling and cleaning by simply unscrewing from the pump cylinder. The ball valve may also be readily removed. For spraying home gardens, in greenhouses, applying floor oil, handling disinfectants and insecticides. Can be used with all spraying solutions. Every household should have one for fly and ant extermination and for moth proofing clothes. **All Brass**, each, \$1.50.



BROWN DUSTER No. 2

BROWN DUSTER NO. 2

The Duster Brown, with its direct compression on the mixing chamber, ejects a volume of dust with surprising force forming a large, well diffused dust cloud that envelopes every leaf and twig on the infected plant. Only a stroke or two with the Duster Brown is necessary for medium sized shrubs or crops as the heavily-laden dust cloud does the work with half the time and effort of the ordinary duster. It is the dust volume per stroke that counts. **Each, \$1.25.**



AUTO SPRAY No. 43

AUTO-SPRAY NO. 43

For all kinds of small spraying and disinfecting. This glass tank atomizer has a number of advantages as follows: Double system of air chambers which makes the same amount of solution cover about twice the surface with fewer strokes of the plunger. Receptacle, being of glass, cannot corrode, and if broken, is easily replaced. **Each, \$1.00.**

AUTO-SPRAY NO. 6

Is probably the most powerful bucket pump manufactured. This sprayer can easily generate a pressure of 200 lbs. The ease with which this pump can be operated is very noticeable. **Made of Brass**. The pump and valves complete are made entirely of brass. For that reason this pump lasts much longer than a bucket pump made of other material. **Each, \$4.50.**

Greenhouse and Garden Supplies

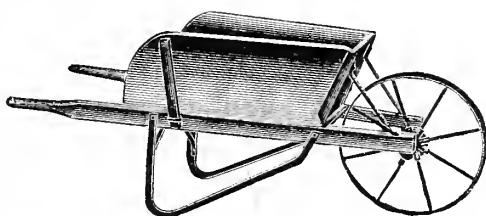
CELLO GLASS

Will take the place of glass in hotbed sash, unbreakable and very light in weight, put up in rolls 3 feet wide up to 100 feet long. Price per square yard, \$1.65; in lots of 10 yards, \$1.60 yd.

GLASS CLOTH

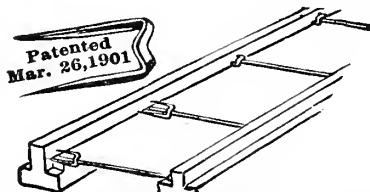
Ideal for hotbeds. Much cheaper than glass. Admits violet rays. Plants grow harder and transplant better. Comes in 25 yard, 50 yard and 100 yard rolls, 36 inches wide.

Per yard .....	.35
25 yard roll .....	.33
50 yard roll .....	.32
100 yard roll .....	.30



WHEELBARROWS

Dimensions are as follows: Box, 16½ inches wide at wheel end; 11¾ inches deep. The wheel is of steel, 20 inches high, with 1½ inch tread. The barrow is 21 inches wide over all, and is made of the best material. Legs reinforced. Each, \$9.00



PEERLESS GLAZING POINTS

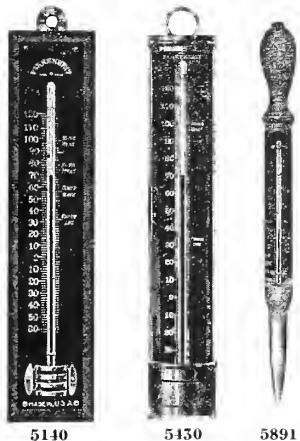
Galvanized; once used, always used. The Peerless Glazing Point is the only perfect Point known. The latest improvement is that both points are beveled on top and will hug close to glass when driven. Two sizes: No. 2, for medium double thick glass; No. 2½ for large double thick and skylight glass. Price per 1,000, 85¢.

GLAZING POINTS, ZINC CITY

These Points can be driven right or left on any size or thickness of glass. The offset head makes them easy to drive or extract, and absolutely prevents glass from slipping. Made from pure zinc. Put up in one-pound packages, ¾ inch, 1,300 to pound, ⅜ inch 1,200 to pound. Lb., 60c; 10 lbs., \$5.50.

PEERLESS GLASS REPAIR CLAMP FOR GREENHOUSE ROOF

Simple device for repairing broken greenhouse glass. Easily adjusted from inside of house—saves labor, coal and glass. If applied as soon as crack is noticed, the pane is strong as before and will not sag or drop out. Price, per box of 100 Clamps, \$1.50.



HOT-HOUSE THERMOMETERS

If wanted by mail add 10c for postage.
No. 5140—8 inches highly polished, wood back thermometer, with rounded edges, white filled graduations, nickel trimmings. Magnifying red mercury tubes graduated approximately minus 30 to plus 120 degrees F. Each, 90c.
No. 5450—8 inch copper case Thermometer, red mercury, graduated from minus 30 to plus 120 degrees F., black oxidized scale, white figures and graduations, each in a box, standard quality. Each, \$1.25.
No. 5891—16 inch Soil Thermometer, hard wood frame, oxidized brass scale, mercolor filled tubes, graduated approximately to 20 to 180 degrees F., with improved mercury filled, strong metal turned point, making good contact with soil and thermometer bulb, standard quality. Each, \$2.25.

Glazing Tools, Materials

PUTTY BULB, SCOLLAY'S

A useful tool similar to the well known Scollay Sprinkler, with a tube instead of spray for applying liquid putty in glazing greenhouses. Each, \$1.50. If by mail (weight under 1 lb.).

PERMANITE GLAZING COMPOUND

Permanite is a glazing compound composed of asbestos fibre and special long life, weather resisting, non-drying oils, which always keep it in elastic condition and never allows it to harden. Little need to be said about the addition of asbestos as the advantage of using this material—its indestructibility and ability to resist heat and cold are too well known.

	Per gal.	Per gal.	
1-gal. can	\$1.90	25-gal. drum	\$1.66
5-gal. can	1.80		

GARLANITE

Semi-Liquid Putty (white). For bedding or running on top. Will not get hard, run in hot nor heave in cold weather. Absolutely the best glazing product ever produced.

	Per gal.
1-gal. can	\$2.75
5-gal. can	2.65
25-gal. can	2.50



GLAZING GUN

For Permanite or Garlanite. Quick and easy to operate. Each, \$5.50.

Greenhouse and Garden Supplies



ELECTRIC NON-KINKABLE GUARANTEED HOSE

A brand of hose, manufactured especially for greenhouse use. The inner tube is made of best quality rubber, very strong; the jacket of canvas or duck is mixed in such a way with the outer cover that it is extremely pliable and will not kink or crack. Comes in bales of 500 feet; order exact number of feet you require. We can cut in any length.

GUARANTEE—We guarantee Electric Hose against all defects in quality or workmanship for the period of one year. This guarantee does not cover improper handling or abuse. We are headquarters and can meet competition.

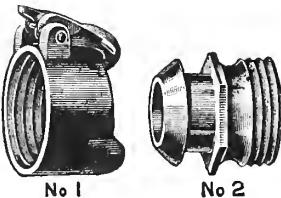
Price, $\frac{3}{4}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$ inch; couplings free; sample mailed free if desired
25 feet Per ft. \$0.27
50 feet Per ft. .26
100 feet Per ft. .24
In bales of 500 ft., 25c per ft.

SPRAY PUMP HOSE

Special high pressure, $\frac{3}{4}$ inch hose for sprayers. Per ft., 20c.

PERFECT CLINCHING HOSE COUPLER

$\frac{3}{4}$ inch. Per pair, 35c; per dozen, \$3.00.



HOSE COUPLER, THE "SNAP"

A new and simple coupling, easy to operate; stationary washer; cannot fall out.

No. 1—Screws onto hydrant or old threaded coupling; use with No. 2 connecting hose. Each, 35c; dozen, \$3.50.

No. 2—Screws into faucet or ground pipe, on which it may be left permanently, and to fit the hose is attached by the lever connection, No. 1. Can also be screwed into old threaded coupling. Each, 35c; dozen, \$3.00.



HOSE MENDER, THE COOPER

It is simple, practical and effective. It does not reduce the diameter of the hose. It will not rust or wear out. It can be used as many times as desired. You need no wires, pliers or mechanical skill to adjust them. Price: for $\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{3}{4}$ inch hose, each, 15c; 4 for 50c; dozen, \$1.25.

HOSE STRAPS

For $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$ and 1 inch hose. Dozen, 45c.

HOSE WASHERS

$\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ inch. Dozen, 10c.

HOSE CLAMPS

With nut and bolt. For $\frac{1}{2}$ inch and $\frac{3}{4}$ inch hose. Each, 5c; dozen, 50c.

BAMBOO EXTENSIONS

Bamboo, brass-lined extensions, with stop cock, 8 ft. each, \$4.00. Bamboo, brass-lined extension, with stop cock, 10 ft. each, \$4.35. Bamboo, brass-lined extension, with stop cock, 20 ft. each, \$6.50.

WATERING POTS

Heavy galvanized oval can, two coppered faced roses, long spouts. 6 quart, \$4.50; 8 quart, \$4.75.

HOSE NOZZLES

"CHICAGO"—Covers more space than any other hand-watering device. Made entirely of aluminum, except removable perforated plate of heavy sheet brass. Two plates, each $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, about 100 very fine holes in each giving both fine and coarse, effective sprays. Price, \$3.50.

"GEM"

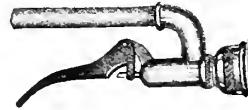
Throwing all variations, from fine spray to stream. Each, \$1.00.

BORDEAUX SPRAY NOZZLE

For spraying insecticides and whitewashing. $\frac{1}{2}$ inch hose. Each, \$1.25; by mail, \$1.30.

VERMOREL SPRAY NOZZLE

For spraying insecticides and whitewashing. For hose. Each, \$1.25; by mail, \$1.30.



460

AUTO POP—Fig. 460

This patented device is a most convenient automatic shut-off attachment. Light pressure on lever turns spray on; releasing pressure shuts it off. Unlike stopcock, can be operated by one hand. Saves solution and reduces labor. It is also used extensively by concrete manufacturers for surfacing cement blocks. Each, \$1.75.



AUTO NOZZLE—Fig. 434

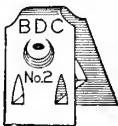
(Fig. 434). This is our patented standard nozzle for use with the Auto-Spray. It is light weight, will throw a very fine spray under low pressure, and is a real clog proof nozzle. Each, 75c.

EXTRA EQUIPMENT

(FOR AUTO SPRAYERS)

2-foot brass extension rod.....	\$0.75
Elbow extension brass .....	.50
Strainer, solid brass	1.50
Two row attachment, brass nozzle	1.75
Stop Cock, brass .....	.60

Greenhouse and Garden Supplies



BULL DOG PAPER CLIP

The Florists' Reliable Clip

Grips from both sides—never becomes unfastened. Adds tone and security to package; does away with use of twine or pins. Saves its cost in time and labor many times over. Packed in boxes of 1,000, \$1.00.

CANE PLANT STAKES

Light, strong cane stakes for supporting flower and vegetable plants. Run from 2 to 8 feet in length. Can be cut in half and used for gladiolus and smaller plants.

BAMBOO CANE PLANT STAKES

	Per Doz	Per 100	Per 500	Per 1000
6-ft. plain	\$0.35	\$2.00	\$7.50	\$14.00
8-ft. extra heavy, plain	.50	4.00		
2-ft. dyed green	.20	1.25	3.75	6.50
3-ft. dyed green	.25	1.50	4.75	8.50



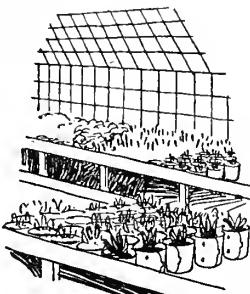
WOOD LABELS—POT AND TREE

TREE LABELS—3½ inches; notched and copper wired. Per 100, 40c; per 1,000, \$2.50.

TREE LABELS—3½ inches, notched and iron wired. Per 100, 35c; per 1,000, \$2.10.



	POT LABELS		Plain		Painted	
	Doz.	100	1000	100	1000	
4-in. Wooden	\$.05	\$.30	\$1.85	\$.40	\$2.25	
5-in. Wooden	.05	.35	2.25	.45	2.75	
6-in. Wooden	.10	.40	3.00	.55	3.50	
10-in. Wooden	.15	1.00	7.75			
12-in. Wooden	.20	1.25	10.00			



WATERPROOF PAPER FLOWER POTS

These pots are nested and packed in cases of 1,000 each except 4, 5, and 6 inch sizes, which are put up in cases of 500 each. Six at dozen rate, 50 at 100 rate.

	Doz.	100	1000
2½ inch	\$.15	\$.85	\$ 5.75
3 inch	.25	1.50	8.00
4 inch	.35	1.60	12.00
6 inch	.60	3.00	23.00

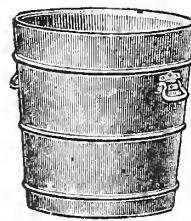
GARDEN STAKES

	Doz.	100
Wooden, ¾-inch wide	\$.30	\$1.50
8-Inch	.40	2.00
10-Inch	.45	2.50

FLOWER POTS (Earthenware)

STANDARD FLOWER POTS

Size of Pots	Each	Pots Dozen	Per 100	Each	Saucers Dozen
2½ inches	\$.04	\$.30	\$ 2.00	....	....
3 inches	.05	.30	2.75	....	....
4 inches	.08	.75	4.50	\$.05	\$.50
5 inches	.12	1.25	6.50	.07	.75
6 inches	.15	1.75	10.00	.10	1.10
7 inches	.25	2.75	16.00	.12	1.30
8 inches	.40	4.50	....	.15	1.65
9 inches	.50	5.50	....	.25	2.75
10 inches	.75	7.00	....	.30	3.30
12 inches	1.25	13.50	....	.60	6.75



FLOWER TUBS, "Richmond Style"

These are made of best seasoned White Virginia Cedar, securely bound with welded wire hoops. They are nicely painted green, paint of best oils. Florists will find them ready sellers where a substantial yet attractive tub of moderate price is required. Stamped steel handles are also supplied at an additional charge as below:

	Inside Top Diameter	Depth	Price, Each
No. 1	6 in.	6 in.	\$1.15
No. 3	8 in.	8 in.	1.35
No. 5	10 in.	9 in.	1.60
No. 7	12 in.	11 in.	2.25
No. 9	14 in.	13 in.	3.00
No. 11	16 in.	15 in.	3.75
No. 13	18 in.	17 in.	4.75
No. 14	19 in.	18 in.	5.50

If Handles are required, add 35c per Tub.



SCOLLAY'S FLORISTS' SPRINKLER

None better for floral work. Made from best quality or rubber and will outwear any other Sprinkler on the market. Large size, plain top, No. 1, 6 in. high, each \$1.50.

GRAFTING WAX

Per ¼-lb. bar, 15c; ½-lb. bar, 30c; 1 lb., 50c.

RAFFIA

The inner skin of a palm found in Madagascar. Raffia is very strong and tough, but soft and flexible, which fact makes it the only practical article for weaving into fancy baskets, boxes and mats. In its natural color it is a light straw. The natural Raffia is also used for tying up plants in field or greenhouse. 1 lb., 50c; 5 lb. lots, per lb., 45c; 10 lb. lots, per lb., 40c.

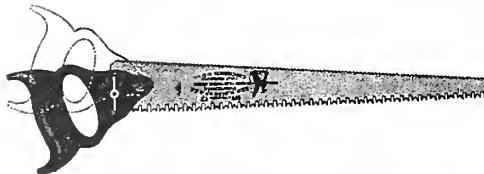
PAPER PLANT BANDS

A square band has twice the root room of round pot, giving a better chance for the plant to develop, still occupying less room in your frames. The ready-to-use feature of "Harris Plant Bands" has made them a decided success. The simplest way to handle plants for transplanting is to put them in plant bands or pots when very small. You get a fine strong plant that will mature ahead of those not so treated by several days or even weeks. Have the earliest vegetables by using these bands. The bands have no bottom. Set bands in a flat or shallow box, fill with good soil. Set one plant in each and you will be more than pleased.

	Size	Depth	Number	One Case	Case lots
1½ B	1 ½ x 1 ½	2 ½	6000	\$15.00	\$3.25
3B	3 x 3	3	2500	10.00	4.75
10E	4 x 4	3	2000	9.50	5.50

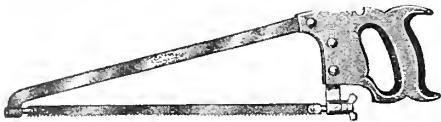
All bands packed 250 to a carton.

Pruning, Garden and Lawn Tools and Supplies



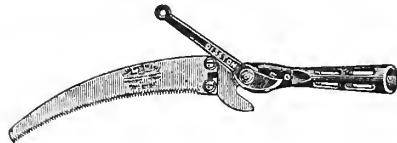
PRUNING SAWS

Double-Edged Pruning, each..... \$2.25



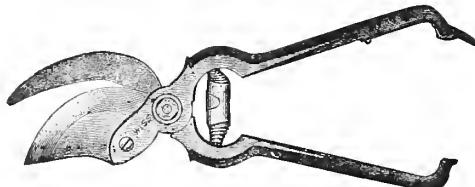
PERFECTION PRUNER SAW

No. 11—Improved Thumb Screw Tightener, blade $\frac{1}{2}$ inch wide, $16\frac{1}{4}$ inches long, is adjustable to three angles. Each, \$2.75.



PRUNING SAW AND HOOK

No. 26—Also $5\frac{1}{2}$ -inch lever Pruning Knife Hook which makes a combined saw and pruner. Made with pole socket for any length pole. Price without pole, each, \$3.50.

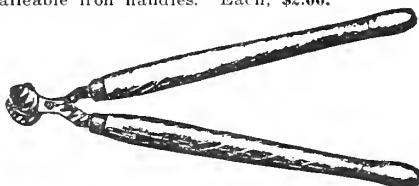


PRUNING SHEARS

No. 10—6-inch malleable handles, pressure spring, steel blades. Each, \$1.25.

No. 30—9-inch California pattern, drop forged handles, crucible steel blades. Each, \$1.75.

No. R55—9-inch extra quality cast steel blade with ratchet lock nut, malleable iron handles. Each, \$2.00.



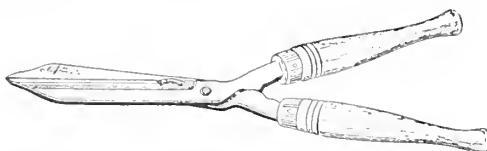
PRUNING SHEARS

Steel blade, 20-inch ash handle. Each, \$2.25.

TREE PRUNERS

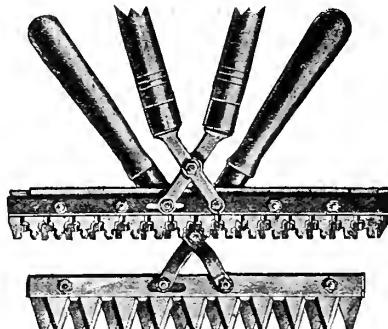
Long handle pruners with steel blade lever action. Extra heavy; will cut up to $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches.

	Each
6 feet.....	\$2.50
8 feet.....	2.50
10 feet.....	2.75
Extra Blades .....	.25



HEDGE SHEAR AND TRIMMERS

No. 101—Hedge Shears, forged solid steel, notched blade, locking spring washer, 8-inch blade. Each, \$2.35; 9-inch blade, each, \$2.50.



SIMPLICITY HEDGE TRIMMER

Cuts both opening and closing. Trimmer, \$4.50; trimmer and pruner, \$6.50.



"LITTLE WONDER" HEDGE TRIMMER

A newly patented machine, cutting on the same plan as a mowing machine, that we are convinced will revolutionize trimming. Cuts from five to ten times as fast as by hand and does better work. Can be adjusted for use by tall or short operators. Especially adapted for cemeteries and large estates, where it will save its cost in a single season. A wonderful time saver for those making a business of hedge trimming. Each, \$27.50, complete.

WISS FLORISTS' SNIP

7 inches overall and made of best steel. Will cut wire or stems. Excellent for all around work. Each, \$1.60.

Garden Supplies RUBBER BANDS

Cheaper and far more handy than twine for Asparagus. No. 8 about 7,000 in lb. Right size for Asparagus. 1 lb., \$1.50.

COTTON TWINE

Much used for ordinary tying, also in greenhouses on carnations, peas, etc.

Price per bag or 5 lbs., 50 balls..... \$3.25

Four-ply cotton, $2\frac{1}{2}$ -lb. cones, per cone..... 2.00

JUTE TWINE

For sewing sacks, also for tying grape vines. Per 5-ft. skein, each, 25c; 10 skeins, \$2.25.

TREE WRAPPERS

Made of wood; used for protecting young fruit trees; come 100 in a bundle. Per 100, \$1.00; per 1,000, \$9.00.

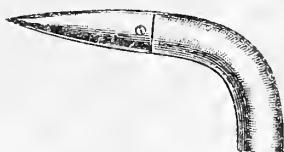
PANSY BASKETS

Neat basket with a green band around the top, hold one dozen pansy plants. Per 100, \$1.50; per 1,000, \$13.50.

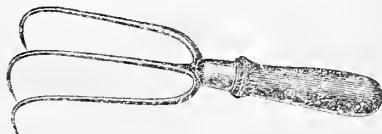
GARDEN AND LAWN TOOLS



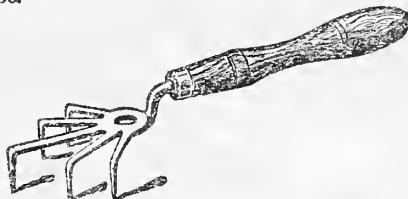
ASPARAGUS KNIFE—Trowel shank, blade 15½ inches long. Each, 60c.



DIBBER—For transplanting vegetables plants; steel point. Each, 35c. (Weight 10 oz.)



WEEDER (Eureka)—The best little hand weeder that we know of for loosening soil around plants. Thin forged steel fingers. Each, 65c.



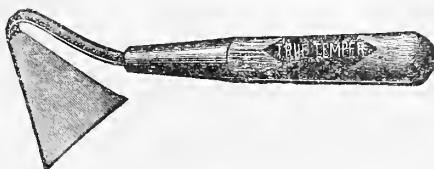
EXCELSIOR HAND WEEDER—Valuable for breaking up crusts and general cultivation of flower beds. Each, 25c.



GRASS SHEARS—Hardened steel blades. Each, 75c; extra heavy, each, \$1.00.



GRASS EDGER—4 ft. handle, steel blade. Each, \$1.50.

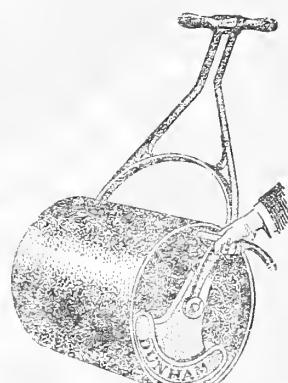


JACKSON ONION HOE—A small hand weeder, particularly adapted for weeding onions. Each, 65c.



LAWN WEEDER, The Cleveland—The curved edge of the blade enters and loosens the soil, pressure on the lever then causes the toothed jaw to grasp the plant, and a slight pull suffices to dislodge it without disturbing the surrounding sod. Each, \$1.50.

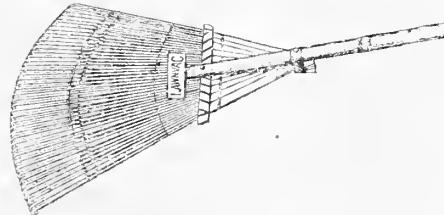
GENUINE DUNHAM WATER-WEIGHT ROLLERS—Water Ballast Rollers, steel handles, roller bearings, acetylene welded drums with anti-turf-tearing tires, positively non-rust shut water entrance. The most efficient and easiest running roller made. Weighs 50% more when filled with sand. Water is more convenient.



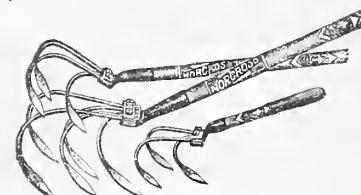
No.	Diam. in.	Length in.	Sec- tions	Wt., empty	Filled water	Price
WB5	18	24	1	85	265	\$18.00
WB7	24	24	1	110	420	21.00



TROWELS—Common, each, 25c; medium weight, 50c; all steel with solid shank, \$1.00 each.



LAWN RAKE (Lawn Vac)—Made of split bamboo. Light and durable. As efficient as a vacuum cleaner for the lawn. Each, 75c.



NORCROSS CULTIVATOR—The well known Norcross cultivators will cultivate closer to plants without injuring them than any other type of implement, leaving the soil level, loose and untrampled. Comes in three sizes: 5-prong, 4-ft. handle, \$1.25 each; 5-prong, 4-ft. handle, \$1.00 each; 3-prong, 9-in. handle, 60c each.



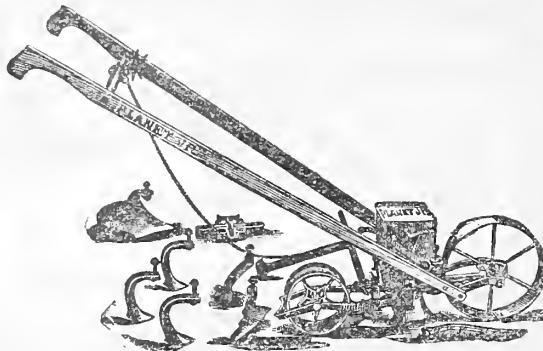
SPADE (Sharp Shooter)—Solid cast steel blade, select handle, 4½ inches wide at point, 14-inch blade. Each, \$1.75. 16-inch blade, each, \$2.00.

SOD LIFTER—Solid steel, 18-inch solid shank, plain ferrule. Each, \$2.75.



WEEDER (Hand) Hazeltine—All steel and the most practical hand tool for cultivating small produce. Each, 75c.

Planet Jr. Seeders and Cultivators



No. 4 PLANET JR.—Combined hill and drill seeder, single wheel hoe, cultivator and plow. This is the ideal machine for the family garden. May be changed from seeder to cultivator in a few minutes. Your boys and girls will enjoy gardening with this tool. Price, \$18.00.

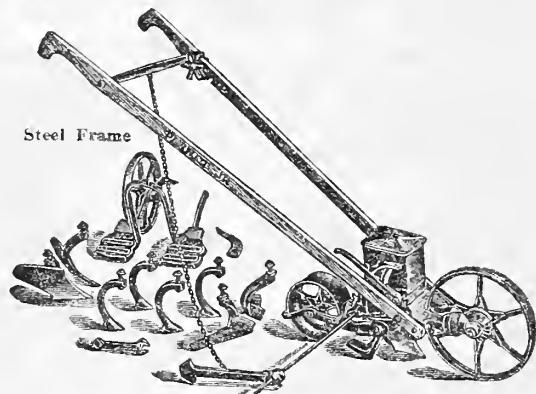
No. 4-D—Price, \$14.25. SEEDER ONLY.

No. 5 PLANET JR. HILL AND DRILL SEEDER—The Market Gardener's Favorite. Sows all vegetable seeds in drills, at the proper depth, thickness, and economically. Gives you a uniform stand, in absolutely straight rows, which saves you time and labor in your cultivating work. Drops in hills 4, 6, 8, 12 or 24 inches apart. Special opening plow and covers furnished for sowing onion seed for sets for the No. 3 Seeder as well as for the No. 4 Combination. Price, \$17.50.

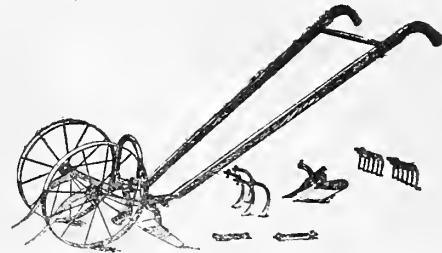
NO. 119 PLANET JR.—A very popular high wheel cultivator, fully equipped as shown in picture. This is a durable all-purpose tool. The No. 35 seeder attachment may be used with tool, and makes an inexpensive combination. Price, \$5.75.

NO. 17—SINGLE WHEEL HOE—One pair of 6-inch hoes, three steel cultivator teeth, one large garden plow. Same as No. 16 except in equipment. Each, \$8.00.

Planet Jr. tools are made to suit every purpose for the convenience of the gardener.



NO. 25 PLANET JR.—Combined hill and drill seeder, double or single wheel hoe, cultivator and plow. This is a larger tool and is used by onion growers, lettuce growers and market gardeners. Also a good size for the large family garden. Price, each, \$21.50.



NO. 12 DOUBLE AND SINGLE WHEEL HOE—One pair of 6-inch hoes, four cultivator teeth, one pair plows, two leaf lifters. The same as No. 11 except that the 4½-inch hoes and the rakes are omitted and the price is correspondingly less. Each, \$10.75.

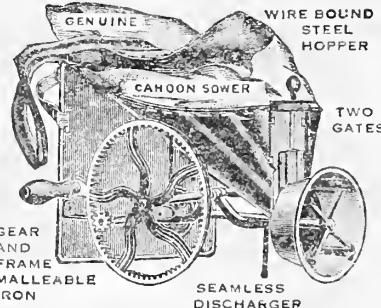
Hand Seed Sowers



CYCLONE SEEDERS—A good seed sower will pay for itself in the sowing of a few acres. Three-fourths of a bushel of seed distributed evenly will give better results than a bushel of seed poorly distributed. The Cyclone Seeder will distribute the seed perfectly even and will not throw it in an upward direction or against the operator, but direct and evenly to the ground. The machine is supplied with a patented interlock, double flange, non-solder tin distributing wheel and an automatic feed adjustment so that the seed can be let or shut off instantly. Three special features of the Cyclone are—Slant Feed Board, Sheet Steel Oscillating Feed Plate, Non-Solder Tin Distributing Wheel. Price, each, \$2.50.



HORN SEED SOWER—This Sower consists of a sack and a sectional tin tube. The sack is made from heavy duck and the sower is operated by a swinging motion of the tube. It will sow the different varieties of farm seed and will do good work. You can get money back if not pleased with it. Full directions for adjusting and operating on each machine. Price, \$1.25.



CAHOON'S SEED SOWER—For sowing alfalfa, wheat, oats, barley, rye, buckwheat, grass seeds, etc. The best machine of the kind in the market. The grain is held in tight sheet iron hopper, surrounded by a bag that will hold a bushel of seed. This is suspended by a strap from the operator's neck and held in position by a strap around the waist. The seed is thrown from eight to twenty feet on each side of the operator, the heaviest seed being, of course, thrown the greatest distance. Price, \$6.00.

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K. C. BRAND
FARM SEEDS

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